

AMUSEMENTS

LOS ANGELES THEATRE
THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
CHARLES L. DOPPER
Direction of Frank McKee. The One Year Fifth Month in New York, One Month in Boston, One Month in Philadelphia, Scenery and Effects. Direct from San Francisco. Seats on 2nd and 3rd Floor.

BURBANK THEATRE
Tonight Benefit of Company A, 7th Regt. N. G. C.
Remainder of Week, with Saturday Matinee. "A FAIR REBEL."
The Greatest War Play Ever Produced. The Liberty Prison Scene. The Blue Ridge Mountains of Virginia. The Great Cinematograph. A. Y. Pearson, Manager. A. 7th Regt. N. G. C. as Comd'g and Union Soldiers. Military Night—Tonight, Feb. 18, benefit for Co. A, 7th Regt. N. G. C. Box office open 9:30 a. m. to 9:30 p. m. Tel. Main 1270.

ORPHEUM
TONIGHT FEBRUARY 18.
Our New Company a grand success. Houses Crowded! Secure Your Seats in Advance—FRANK FARMY—SENIORITA LOMBARA—KEATING AND WALKER—WILSON AND WARRING—BINNS AND BINNS—ALICE CAPITANE—LIEUTENANT NOBEL.
Performance every evening, including Sunday. Prices—Reserved seats, 25c and 50c; Gallery, 10c; Regular Matinee, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday—25c to any part of the house; Children, any seat, 10c. Gallery, 5c. Telephone—Main 1477.

HAZARD'S PAVILION
SATURDAY FEB. 20—MATINEE AND MONDAY, FEB. 22—EVENING.
(WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY)
Advance sale of seats for the 4 concerts at the Blanchard-Fitzgerald Music Co., 113 S. Spring Street.

SOUSA
NOTE—Special Sousa trains over the Southern Pacific and Southern California railways on Monday, February 22, (Washington's Birthday), to Redondo and San Bernardino leaving after the Sousa Concert. One thousand desirable seats will be added in order to accommodate the large number of people wishing to attend the Great Sousa Festival. Order seats by mail or wire to the BLANCHARD-FITZGERALD MUSIC CO., Prices—50c, 25c, 10c.
Sousa's Grand Band—50 pieces. Elizabeth Northrop, Soprano. Martina Johnstone, Violinist. Arthur Pryor, Trombone. Franz Hell, Fluegel Horn.

THE U. S. NAVY
At San Diego.
The Excursion Rate of \$5.00 for the Round Trip, Tickets Good Returning within Ten Days, Made for the Occasion of the WATER CARNIVAL.
will be available only for Friday and Saturday, Feb. 19 and 20. Trains leave at 8:15 a. m. and 2 p. m. Saturday night, only. Parlor cars on all trains. Excursion tickets at \$6.00, good for 4 days, and at \$3.00, good for 2 days.
TICKET OFFICE—200 SPRING ST.

THE LATEST FROM THE HEAVENS
THE CANALS ON MARS, THE LARGE SUN-SPOT VISIBLE A MONTH AGO, AND ALL.
A Grand Illustrated Lecture by W. R. BAUMGARDT, at the Los Angeles Music Hall, 231 S. Spring St., Thursday Evening, February 18, at 8 o'clock.
Admission Fifty Cents.

OSTRICH FARM, SOUTH PASADENA—Open Daily to SIXTY GIGANTIC BIRDS—WICKS' A FEW WEEKS OLD.
The most interesting and peculiar sight in the State. Feather Boas, Capes, Collars, Mitts, Fans and Tip at producer's prices. Appropriate California Souvenirs. Pasadena Electric Cars pass the gate.

MISCELLANEOUS
PHOTOGRAPHS SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES
TWELVE MEDALS
Children's pictures in combination panels and characteristic attitudes.
220 1/2 S. Spring St., opposite Los Angeles Theatre and Hollenbeck.

W. M. T. SMITH & CO.—GOLD AND SILVER REFINERS AND ASSAYERS. Largest and Most Complete Establishment in Southern California and 25 Years' Experience.
Metallurgical Tests Made, including Chlorination, Cyanide and Electro-Cyanide Processes. Mail Test from 25c to 10c. Mining Experts. Consulting Metallurgist and Promoters. San Francisco Prices Paid for Gold and Silver in any form. OFFICE—ROOM 8, 128 N. MAIN ST.

ORNERGAN & CALKINS—GOLD AND SILVER REFINERS AND ASSAYERS—Assaying ores a specialty. This includes all known processes for treating ores of gold, silver, copper, lead, zinc, iron, etc., also old gold and silver in any form. Mines and mine machinery examined and dealt in. 127 W. First Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

ELLSNORE—THE FAIR OF WINTER RESORTS—A Combination of HOT LAKE, MOUNTAIN AND CANYON SCENERY.
The Lake View Hotel has the Finest Hot Mineral Water and Mud Baths to be found in California. Elevation, 1,300 feet.
C. S. TRAPIAGEN, Manager.

REDONDO CARNATIONS—AND CHOICE ROSES, CUT FLOWERS, 160 S. Broadway, same side City Hall, Tel. 113. Flowers packed for shipping.

INGLESIDE FLORAL COMPANY, 140 Spring Street, flowers. Ingleside Carnations—F. Edward Gray. Tel. Red 1072.

BLANCHARD-FITZGERALD MUSIC CO. Everything in Music.

The Morning's News in The Times
IN BRIEF.

The City—Pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12.
Hastings held for murder...Taxation of national bank property...Coming citrus fruit exhibit...Business done by the Supervisors...Proposed issue of bonds for storm-drains...Fire Commissioners' meeting...Home for boys organized...Cotton defeats Jim Burns...Shooter O'Keefe held in \$20,000 bond...Southern California—Page 11.
Importance of protection to Pasadena orange-growers...San Diego's many candidates for Mayor—The ball at Coronado...Young Mott's Santa Ana marriage...Proposed cannery at Redondo...Race programme at Pomona...Governor Easton—Pages 12, 13, 14.
Maj. McKinley takes outside exercise, but is still denied to visitors...Hanna's chances for the Senatorship improving...Immigration Bill goes to the President...Monetary Conference Bill embarrasses some of the Republican Congressmen...Emma Calvé threatened by a crank...A big filibustering expedition leaves Texas for Cuba.
Weather Forecast.
SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.—For Southern California: Scattered showers tonight, probably continuing in the mountain region Thursday; generally cloudy elsewhere; fresh westerly winds.

Volunteers Organizing in Crete.
LONDON, Feb. 17.—A dispatch to the Times from Athens says that several officers have been sent to Crete to organize companies of volunteers under the orders of Col. Vassos. Another battalion has been ordered to hold itself in readiness to proceed to Crete.

Ship Baltimore Foundered.
NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—A dispatch was received at the Maritime Exchange today to the effect that the German ship Baltimore, Capt. Hiltner, from London for New York, had foundered on January 24, and her entire crew, with the exception of one man, perished.

SACRAMENTO.

Money for the State Printing Office.

Both of Dibble's Bills Passed the Assembly.

Republicans See That Printers Get Their Wages.

An Agreement Reached As to the Printing Office Investigation—Ex-Sergeant-at-Arms Parkinson Goes for Duckworth.

[BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.]
SACRAMENTO, Feb. 17.—[Special Dispatch.] The Republicans lined up today and passed Dibble's two bills for the benefit of the printing office, appropriating \$40,000 and \$35,000, respectively. They also passed the concurrent resolution appointing a joint committee of three Senators and three Assemblymen to investigate the affairs of the establishment, substituting Caminetti for McLaren as one of the minority members. The Democrats were defeated at every turn, and though Caminetti and Shanahan fought each step of the proceedings over the first bill, they were out-voted by nearly a strict party vote. The minority gave notice of reconsidering, but the bills will undoubtedly pass again tomorrow and will meet little opposition in the Senate. The outcome of the fight is still problematical, for the Governor yet remains to be reckoned with, and it is believed Caminetti voiced Budd's objections to the bills today.

When the hour, for the special order arrived, Dibble moved to make his bills a case of urgency, and the motion was adopted. Shanahan wanted to substitute the minority bill for Dibble's \$40,000 bill, saying the latter's idea, however it might be disguised, was to validate whatever wrong-doing might have occurred in the printing office up to date. Dibble denied this and said the bill proposed relief for a deficiency created under existing laws. It was not proposed to appropriate a dollar in defiance of the law, and the bills were the only way in which the exigencies of the hour could be met. If the member from Shasta and his associates wanted to refuse to pay the employees of the printing office let them insist on the amendment of Shanahan.

This warning awoke some of the sluggish members to the realization of the situation, and the crowd in the galleries and the lobby looked on in breathless suspense.

Cutter offered a substitute resolution, making Dibble's two bills and Shanahan's bill a case of urgency. The San Francisco member accepted this and it was put in effect, urgency being granted by a vote of 70 to 0, showing that the temper of the House was against any further postponement of discussion.

The three bills were read and concurred in by the committee of the whole.

Shanahan offered an amendment to the \$40,000 bill, providing for amounts over Legislative printing, printing for State officers and to meet the expenses of the printing office for the forty-eight fiscal year, the whole to be under the approval of the State Board of Examiners.

Dibble contended that the amendment was useless, as his bill covered all the suggestions.

Caminetti here opened fire on the majority, claiming that the State had saved millions of dollars by section 5 of the General Appropriation Act, requiring all appropriations to be passed upon by the examiners, and this was the first time that an effort had been made to let down the bars put up years ago.

"But you can stay here until doomsday, you can adjourn sine die tomorrow morning," he said, "but we will not budge from our stand upon the Constitution, knowing the people will be with us."

He paused here in his harangue, but there was no applause. He then took another tack and appealed to the Republicans to hesitate, saying the Democrats would meet them half-way on any just measure.

After some further debate, the committee of the whole rose and reported favorably Dibble's bills, but frowned upon the Shasta sycamore's lone bill.

After recess, the report of the committee of the whole was adopted. Shanahan then moved that his amendment to Dibble's bill be considered. Dibble made a strong speech, saying the amendment was unconstitutional as it contained three separate items. The proposition was adopted, and Shanahan retorted at some length to the effect that "unconstitutionality" was the refuge of a beaten man. Leavitt cleverly turned this point against Caminetti.

Toiland, during the discussion, asked if there was no politics in this question, what was the reason for the majority's continual appeal to labor, and the effort on the part of the minority to refuse wages to the employees of the printing office.

On roll call Shanahan's amendment was lost by 32 yeas to 40 nays.

Caminetti offered an amendment to make the appropriation available only under the direction of the Board of Examiners, and when Dibble remarked that the effect would be to turn every printer out without a dollar the ex-Congressman said if so it would be the fault of the two Republican members of that board. Caminetti's amendment was defeated by a vote of 32 to 40.

At the evening session all the bills on the Senate special file on first reading were read a second time, with the exception of that of Withington, amending the code fixing the fees of notaries public, which was killed. Notice of reconsideration was given.

After recess a report was received from the committee Attached and Employed, naming Albert Seale as

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It is safe to say that the time for seeing the President-elect before he goes to Washington has passed. He will not be able to see people in the way that he has before. He will see no callers this week, and next week only those visitors for whom he sends. He has given his time and strength freely to the public since his election. He has been accessible at all times. The people have been here in large numbers to talk with him. It is estimated that Maj. McKinley has met and talked with 8000 people since the election. Some of them have taken a great deal of his time, but he greeted them all cordially, and his superb patience never failed. His friends feel that he has done his duty by the people, and that his own interest and those of the country demand that he should have a period for rest and reflection before he leaves Canton for Washington.

Maj. McKinley has a great deal to think about besides the distribution of offices. The prosperity of the country and the steps to be taken to hasten the return of that prosperity, give him more concern than any question of a mere partisan nature could.

Mrs. McKinley has been far from well, but she, too, is improving daily, and there is reason to think she will be in a very comfortable state of health before March 1, the time set for leaving Canton.

Mr. Hanna spent the morning at the McKinley residence. He came down to see for himself what the condition of Maj. McKinley's health was, and went back much reassured. He says Maj. McKinley's constitution is one of remarkable vigor, and that he throws off illness with great facility. It is true that Maj. McKinley is stronger than the national chairman, and has resisted the assaults upon his nerves and vital forces for a much longer time than any of those who have been associated with him.

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Col. Dudley left at noon for Washington.

W. C. Morrell of Arkansas is here to see Maj. McKinley. He says the object of his visit is to interest the President-elect in the ex-slave pension movement, as proposed in Senator

RASCAL AND LIAR.

Ex-Sergeant-at-Arms Parkinson Denounces Duckworth.

[BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.]
SACRAMENTO, Feb. 17.—[Special Dispatch.] An alleged letter from ex-Sergeant-at-Arms Parkinson has been published, in which he denounces Clerk Duckworth, and denies that he ever demanded that twenty or more names of attaches should be placed on the temporary roll of the Assembly. Parkinson, according to the letter, says he was requested by Duckworth to furnish a list of ten or eleven names, which he did. The clerk went over the list with him, and the number was reduced to eight. Parkinson says he did not wish to volunteer to testify, but he would have been willing had he been subpoenaed.

According to a published interview, in which he calls Duckworth a rascal and liar, Parkinson admits having written the letter and reiterates the statements contained in it. The Times correspondent has seen the original letter, which is dated at San Francisco, and is addressed to Capt. Jay Cummings of this city. The letter is unmistakably in a woman's handwriting. Duckworth said the publication was a lie, and that he had never received a telegram from Parkinson. The information on which the letter was based was erroneous. The chief clerk could or would not explain why there could be any misimpression as to the statement that Parkinson himself had gone over the list with Duckworth, but said the letter was not worth publishing. He said he understood that threats had been made to Parkinson, and that he had been castigated remarked that there might be other people with records to dig up.

Chairman Breiling of the Temporary Mileage Committee, was somewhat disturbed by the publication, and inquired of the correspondent if it was likely the Duckworth case would be reopened because of it. He said his committee was to blame for not inquiring more carefully into the allegations, which he said he did not think Parkinson was not blameless, as he had appeared before the committee to ask that mileage be given Hocking of San Bernardino, the man who drew down a larger sum than any other.

Assemblyman Bogue admitted to the correspondent that there were many things which the investigating committee, of which he was a member, had not been able to get to the bottom of. He said he was not sure that Parkinson's alleged disclosure would have the effect of causing a new investigation to be made.

OMAHA EXHIBIT.

Ways and Means Committee Reports the Bill Favorably.

[BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.]
SACRAMENTO, Feb. 17.—[Special Dispatch.] The Ways and Means Committee of the Assembly will report back favorably the bill making an appropriation for the display of California products at the Transmississippi Exposition at Omaha.

Commissioner George W. Parsons and Assemblyman Valentine are entitled to great credit for their efforts on behalf of the bill, as the Republicans have been backward in considering this proposition since it was vetoed the Tennessee Exposition Bill.

Mr. Fletcher of the State Board of Trade arrived today and appeared before the committee tonight.

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE.
THIRTY-SECOND SESSION.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
SACRAMENTO, Feb. 17.—SENATE—In the Senate this morning Dwyer was granted permission to reconsider the bill to regulate the erection of buildings by the authorities of cities and counties.

Hall's bill amending the code regulating the hours of employees in bakeries was killed. The Judiciary Committee reported the bill unconstitutional.

The following bills were passed: By Henderson, to provide bond protection for laborers on public work; by Livingston, authorizing certain corporations to loan and invest money; by Aram, providing that persons in certain relations to parties are prohibited from testifying; by Holloway, regulating the wages of tires.

At the evening session all the bills on the Senate special file on first reading were read a second time, with the exception of that of Withington, amending the code fixing the fees of notaries public, which was killed. Notice of reconsideration was given.

After recess a report was received from the committee Attached and Employed, naming Albert Seale as

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[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The international Monetary Conference Bill, which has been passed by the Senate, has developed into a more important issue than was expected. When the House Committee on Coinage took charge of the bill there was thought to be no doubt that it would be reported favorably, which left the President in a quandary. It seems probable that if reported the action will be taken against the wishes of a majority of the Republican members of the committee. All of the Republicans who have spoken on the measure before the committee have argued that it would be an embarrassing thing to the coming administration. On the other hand, Republicans say Senator Carter of Montana, who has had an interview with the President-elect, quotes Mr. McKinley as expressing a wish that the bill should pass. The Republican members of the committee have held a conference on the matter, which left their policy undecided. Further hearing of the bill has been postponed until Friday, and it is doubtful whether a vote on reporting it will be taken Saturday, as the committee had intended. In the mean time many communitarians are protesting against any further steps toward an international conference on the ground that it would tend to disturb business, and being received from business men in the East.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.
THIRTY-SECOND SESSION.

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WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—SENATE—The Immigration Bill now goes to the President, the last legislative step having been taken in the Senate today by an agreement to the conference report on the bill. Strong opposition was made to the report, but on the final vote a small majority of the measure carried, 24 yeas, 31 nays.

The bill, as passed, extends the immigration restriction against "all persons physically capable and over 16 years of age and capable of doing manual work, who are unable to read and write, who are over 50 years of age, and who are the parent or grandparent of a qualified immigrant over 21 years of age and capable of supporting such parent or grandparent, may accompany such immigrant, or such parent or grandparent may be sent for and come to join the husband or wife, or parent similarly qualified and capable."

For the purpose of testing the immigrant's literacy he is compelled to read and write from the Constitution five words of the United States Declaration of Independence. Aside from these provisions of the present law the bill inaugurates a new system of testing immigrants from border countries, and designed to apply principally to immigration from Canada. The provisions are as follows:

"Sec. 4. That it shall hereafter be unlawful for any male alien who has not in his own language a knowledge of the English language, to enter the United States by land or water for the purpose of obtaining any mechanical, trade or manual labor, for wages or salary, returning from time to time to a foreign country."

"Sec. 5. That it shall be unlawful for any person, partnership, company or corporation, knowingly to employ any alien who is unable to read and write in English in violation of the next preceding section of this act. Provided, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to the employment of mechanics, deckhands or other employees of vessels, or railroad train hands, such as conductors, engineers, brakemen, firemen or baggagemen, whose duties require them to pass over the frontier to reach the termini of their runs, or to boatmen or guides on the lakes and rivers of the northern border of the United States."

A violation of these sections is made a misdemeanor, punishable by fine up to \$500, or imprisonment up to one year, or both.

A special provision exempts from the operation of the law persons arriving from Cuba during the continuance of the present revolution there. The law is to take effect July 1, next.

During the morning hour Mr. Allen (Nebraska) spoke on his resolution relating to the disqualification of Bryan pictures. He said the alleged causes of dismissal were utterly untrue. The Senator declared that in the case of two ladies who were discharged, their offense was that of having Mr. Bryan's picture in their windows, but they were not discharged. There were other ladies who played the Bryan pictures did it in honor of a citizen of their own State and yet, Mr. Allen said, this administration had discharged them. The Senator cited other cases of men who had been dismissed, he alleged, because they had spoken for Bryan. Mr. Allen declared that from this it appeared the civil service law was a fraud and delusion, and the Civil Service Commission was using it for most unworthy objects.

Mr. Allen's resolution calling on the Civil Service Commission for full information as to the South Omaha discharges, was adopted.

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CANTON (O.), Feb. 17.—[Special Dispatch.] Maj. McKinley is convalescent and giving heed to the advice of his physicians. He and Mrs. McKinley went out for a drive of half an hour in the warmest and brightest part of the day. The weather has been mild and the sunshine brilliant for several days. Maj. McKinley needs nothing more than a few days of absolute rest to complete his cure. His throat is still somewhat irritated, and it gives him some pain to talk, but he feels that he is getting better, and that he will be restored to his usual robust health within less than a week. His physician enjoins absolute quiet and permits no one to see him.

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It is safe to say that the time for seeing the President-elect before he goes to Washington has passed. He will not be able to see people in the way that he has before. He will see no callers this week, and next week only those visitors for whom he sends. He has given his time and strength freely to the public since his election. He has been accessible at all times. The people have been here in large numbers to talk with him. It is estimated that Maj. McKinley has met and talked with 8000 people since the election. Some of them have taken a great deal of his time, but he greeted them all cordially, and his superb patience never failed. His friends feel that he has done his duty by the people, and that his own interest and those of the country demand that he should have a period for rest and reflection before he leaves Canton for Washington.

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The bill, as passed, extends the immigration restriction against "all persons physically capable and over 16 years of age and capable of doing manual work, who are unable to read and write, who are over 50 years of age, and who are the parent or grandparent of a qualified immigrant over 21 years of age and capable of supporting such parent or grandparent, may accompany such immigrant, or such parent or grandparent may be sent for and come to join the husband or wife, or parent similarly qualified and capable."

For the purpose of testing the immigrant's literacy he is compelled to read and write from the Constitution five words of the United States Declaration of Independence. Aside from these provisions of the present law the bill inaugurates a new system of testing immigrants from border countries, and designed to apply principally to immigration from Canada. The provisions are as follows:

"Sec. 4. That it shall hereafter be unlawful for any male alien who has not in his own language a knowledge of the English language, to enter the United States by land or water for the purpose of obtaining any mechanical, trade or manual labor, for wages or salary, returning from time to time to a foreign country."

"Sec. 5. That it shall be unlawful for any person, partnership, company or corporation, knowingly to employ any alien who is unable to read and write in English in violation of the next preceding section of this act. Provided, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to the employment of mechanics, deckhands or other employees of vessels, or railroad train hands, such as conductors, engineers, brakemen, firemen or baggagemen, whose duties require them to pass over the frontier to reach the termini of their runs, or to boatmen or guides on the lakes and rivers of the northern border of the United States."

A violation of these sections is made a misdemeanor, punishable by fine up to \$500, or imprisonment up to one year, or both.

A special provision exempts from the operation of the law persons arriving from Cuba during the continuance of the present revolution there. The law is to take effect July 1, next.

During the morning hour Mr. Allen (Nebraska) spoke on his resolution relating to the disqualification of Bryan pictures. He said the alleged causes of dismissal were utterly untrue. The Senator declared that in the case of two ladies who were discharged, their offense was that of having Mr. Bryan's picture in their windows, but they were not discharged. There were other ladies who played the Bryan pictures did it in honor of a citizen of their own State and yet, Mr. Allen said, this administration had discharged them. The Senator cited other cases of men who had been dismissed, he alleged, because they had spoken for Bryan. Mr. Allen declared that from this it appeared the civil service law was a fraud and delusion, and the Civil Service Commission was using it for most unworthy objects.

Mr. Allen's resolution calling on the Civil Service Commission for full information as to the South Omaha discharges, was adopted.

Mr. Lodge (Rep.) of Massachusetts

CONVALESCING

Maj. McKinley Able to Be Up Again.

But Politicians are Still Kept at a Distance.

No More Receptions Before the Inauguration.

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then brought forth the conference report on the Immigration Bill. Mr. Lodge explained that the bill as now presented modified the provision of the language in which the immigrant is to read or write the English or some other language. It also overcame the objection that husband and wife might be separated. The committee amendment relative to Canadian border immigration was retained.

Mr. Palmer of Illinois (Dem.) opposed the report. He said he knew of no sentiment for which he had greater detestation than "nationalism." He held the right of migration and expatriation to be essential to the liberty of individuals. This bill was an extension of the same sentiment of nationalism. Mr. Palmer then pointed out defects in various sections. The test of literacy would, he said, operate against a worthy class and not against the dangerous men, the "brawling anarchists" who were able to read and write. He said the restrictions on Canadian border immigration was without a parallel in the legislation of the world. It was a remarkable movement to originate in the "land of the free and the home of the brave."

With the adoption of the bill, the narrow policy our neighbors north and south would be invited to adopt a similar course. It was an outrage, he declared, on the part of nations and the civilization of the age.

Mr. Carter of Montana (Rep.) also opposed the report. He hoped the bill would be re-committed, in order that he might move an amendment providing that the restrictions shall not apply to a resident citizen of any country on this hemisphere. It would, Mr. Carter declared, lead to retaliation by every government on this hemisphere, and thus arraign the United States against its neighbors.

Mr. Caffery of Louisiana (Dem.) spoke against the general principle of restricting immigration. Mr. Chandler interjected the statement that Louisiana had furnished Italian riots, a number of Italians had been killed and the United States had been compelled to indemnify.

The final vote was then taken and the conference report was agreed to, yeas 31, nays 21, as follows:

- YEAS.
- Republicans—Aldrich, Allison, Baker, Brown, Burrows, Cullom, Perkins, Chandler, Davis, Edwards, Elkins, Frye, Gallinger, Gear, McMillan, Morrill, Nelson, Sherman, Thurston, Wetmore—26.
- Democrats—Chilton, Faulkner, Populists—Butler, Sawyer, Silver Republican—Teller, 1 Total—34.
- NAYS.
- Republicans—Carter, Hansbrough, Bacon, Bate, Berry, Blanchard, Caffery, Call, Cockrell, Gibson, Gorman, Gray, Mitchell, Mills, Lindsey, Wisconsin Populists—Stewart—1.
- Silver Republican—Mantle, 1 Total, 31.

A resolution by Mr. Pettigrew was adopted to request the Secretary of State for a copy of any reply that had been received to the letter of Secretary Gresham to Sir Julian Pauncefote, British Minister in January, 1894, calling the attention of the British government to the utter failure to protect the sealers under the award of the Paris court of arbitration.

At 5:15 p.m. the Senate went into executive session and soon thereafter adjourned.

HOUSE.—The House today, after a two hours' debate, passed a bill of considerable importance to the arid regions of the West. It opens up the occupation under the right-of-way, the act of March 3, 1891, all the reservoir sites reserved by the Geological Survey. There are 125 of these sites scattered throughout the arid country, and this act will enable them to be put to practical use by the people of the West. Two amendments were attached to the bill, one of which permits States and Territories in which they are located to fix water rates.

The consideration of the Hopkins-Kendall contested election case from the Tenth Kentucky District was entered upon and a vote will be taken tomorrow. The conference report on the Legislative, Executive and Judiciary Appropriation Bill and the bill to fix the times and places of holding court in Utah was adopted and a bill was passed to remove the political disabilities of Col. William Simms of Kentucky, who was expelled from the thirty-fifth Congress. Mr. Daniel opened the argument in the Hopkins-Kendall contest on behalf of the majority report.

At the conclusion of Mr. Daniel's remarks, the House, at 4:20 p.m., adjourned.

APPROPRIATION BILLS.

An Effort to Include a Donor for the Southern Pacific.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Two appropriation bills only remain to be passed by the House to complete the list for this Congress. They are the Naval and General Deficiency, and both of them will probably be reported to the House tomorrow. There is talk among the House leaders of passing the Deficiency Bill under suspension of the rules, as the Sundry Civil Bill was disposed of, to prevent the House from attaching any amendments to it which would increase the total.

A contest is on in the Appropriations Committee over the proposition to include in the bill an item of \$1,300,000 to pay the Southern Pacific Railroad a judgment of the Court of Claims for services to the government. Payment has been withheld from the Southern Pacific and Central Pacific by which the money due to the former was credited on the latter's debts to the government. The justice of the judgment is doubted by a part of the committee, and other members question the policy of paying it at this time on account of the condition of the treasury.

The total of the Navy Bill is expected to be about \$23,000,000. It will include an appropriation for continuing the improvements at the Mare Island navy yard.

Indiana Protest. WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Senator Bate today introduced into the Senate a remonstrance signed by official representatives of the five civilized tribes of Indians protesting against the passage of legislation for reform in the Indian Territory as proposed in the Indian Appropriation Bill.

Presidential Appointments. WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The President today sent the following nominations to the Senate: Postmaster, L. H. Young, Chicago, Cal.; medical inspector, J. R. Tryon, to be medical director.

TRADE TIDE TURNED.

A REVIVAL OF INDUSTRY ALONG THE LINE.

Business Is Better Ever Since the Collapse of the Steel Rail Combine.

STEEL MARKET STIMULATED.

LARGE ORDERS FOR RAILS PLACED BY WESTERN ROADS.

Another Competitor for the Sugar Trust in the Field—Proposed Ration Combine—Ration Trust. The Cracker War.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

PITTSBURGH (Pa.), Feb. 17.—The steel market shows a better tone as a result of the break in the rail pool. Better time contracts, a number of orders for 25 cents per ton, and is quoted at \$10.77 at Pittsburgh and \$10.10 in the valley. Billets showed a similar advance, and all lines of finished material participated in the general elevation of prices. The rail market is still active. Some large orders are reported.

"We think that the turn in business affairs has come," said an iron and steel manufacturer. "It has been a long time coming, but I think the break in the rail pool was the incident that turned the tide. The drop in the price of rails gave an impetus to all other branches of the iron and steel industry and all took on a new lease of business."

More changes among the officials of the Carnegie Steel Company are announced by Chairman H. C. Frick. George H. Wightman was appointed general sales agent, vice A. Pocock, elected first vice-president. William E. Corey was appointed general superintendent of the Homestead Steel Works, vice C. M. Shaw, elected president. Mr. Corey has been superintendent of the armor-plate department.

ORDERS FOR RAILS.

Iron and Steel Industry Stimulated by Low Prices.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 17.—The collapse of the steel trust and the consequent decline in the prices of steel rails to \$17 per ton, has already begun to exert a stimulating influence on the iron and steel industry. The St. Louis agents of the Carnegie company are keeping the wires hot, and the Carnegie and Texas Railroad Company heads the list with an order for 10,000 tons of steel rails, placed with the Carnegie Company.

This means 100 miles of new track somewhere between here and Galveston, and steady employment for hundreds of men for months to come.

The Frisco also availed itself of the tempting opportunity afforded by the prevailing low price of rails, and placed an order with the Illinois Steel Company for 8,000 tons.

The Missouri Pacific fell into line with an order for 6,000 tons, and news comes from Texas that E. H. R. Green of the Texas Midland has just placed an order for 20,000 tons. There is particular significance in Mr. Green's purchase, as it means not repairs, but extensions.

The greatest part of the Texas Midland track has been recently laid, so that if Mr. Green's new rails are put down anywhere between here and Galveston, to Texas, Mr. Green admitted that he intended to use the rails just ordered in building more track again. The Missouri Pacific is to Dallas and from there southward.

President Conner of the Dallas Terminal Railway arrived in this city yesterday. He is in the market for 30,000 tons of rails. The agents of both the Carnegie Company and the Illinois Steel Company are reticent as to what orders they have placed further than those already noted, but it is known that, together, they have received orders for 30,000 tons to be laid in the vicinity of St. Louis.

WILL REFINER SUGAR.

Another Competitor for the Sugar Trust in the Field.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—For several days reports have been current in Wall Street that another competitor of the Sugar Trust had been organized. This is the Arbuckle Brothers, who are about to spring up in Brooklyn. The capitalist referred to is Claus Doscher, who is reported to be worth \$5,000,000 and was one of the organizers of the Brooklyn Refining Company, who sold out to the American Company at a handsome profit. Mr. Doscher, since that time, has chosen the sugar business, although one of his sons is active in the trade and is a recognized expert.

According to the report, Mr. Doscher wants to put up a business to sell to his sons. He owns two blocks of water-front in Green Point, which is well adapted for refinery purposes.

RATTAN COMBINE.

Parties to it Deny That It is a

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—In regard to the proposed consolidation of the Wakefield Rattan Company and the Heywood Bros. Company, which was mentioned in these dispatches last night, local officers of the above companies were seen, but would not talk of the proposed consolidation beyond stating that there was little question that the new company would be formed. They said that there was any attempt to form a trust, although the local officials admit that the consolidation would be for the purpose of raising the price of rattan goods for the United States. It is stated that the two companies had long been acting in concert and a new company was to be formed simply for the purpose of doing away with duplicate branch houses and manufacturing plants in the larger cities.

BOSTON, Feb. 17.—The stockholders of the Wakefield Rattan Company at a meeting today ratified the plan effecting consolidation with the Heywood Bros. & Co. of Gardner. The new company will have a capital of \$5,000,000 and will be the largest rattan company in the world.

CRACKER WAR.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—A war between the American Biscuit Company and the New York Biscuit Company in which both sides agree in saying that it will be to a finish, was openly inaugurated today by the New York Biscuit

Company's announcement of a cut equivalent to 35 per cent. on the price of the entire product of the concern. Small reductions on particular lines have been made on both sides for the past week or ten days, and culminated today in the New York Biscuit Company's reduction. This move has precipitated by the slashing of prices yesterday by the American Biscuit Company.

A RAISIN TRUST.

A New York Company Going to Control the Trade.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—A company has been organized here the object of which, it is said, is to control the whole raisin trade of California. The capital stock has already been subscribed in Wall Street, with \$500,000 as a starter. The name of the corporation has not even been selected. As practically all the native raisins come from the grape region of California, the new company will make its headquarters at Fresno, and build a large factory, which is expected to absorb all other raisin companies in the country of a novel device for taking the seeds out of grapes.

Alfred Nichols is president of the new corporation.

CAN'T AVOID STEALING.

LIZZIE BORDEN ALLEGED TO BE A KLEPTOMANIAC.

Prosecution of the Notorious Young Woman Stopped, Probably for a Monetary Consideration—The Affair Shrouded in Mystery.

[BY THE TIMES SPECIAL WIRE.]

BOSTON, Feb. 17.—[Special Dispatch.] It is now alleged that Lizzie Borden, the Fall River woman who figured as defendant in a great murder mystery a few years ago, is a kleptomaniac. It has been suggested that the case has features not unlike the celebrated Castle case, Miss Borden, like Mrs. Castle, being independently wealthy. "Love's Dream" is the title of a magnificent painting on porcelain which, it is alleged, now forms one of the decorations of Miss Borden's residence. This painting was missed from the store of the Tilden-Thurber Company in Providence recently. A few minutes after Miss Borden had left the store another painting, also, a warrant was issued charging her with the theft of the paintings. From the reticence of those concerned, and from the fact that the warrant cannot be located, it is declared that a settlement of the matter has already begun. It is, of course, idle to presume that the paintings in question were valued by Miss Borden for their pecuniary worth, as she is a rich woman. In view of the settlement of the case, the firm probably decided that the case would be a scandal, even though there was no record of such a happening and despite the complaint of a clerk to the heads of the company.

A PATRIOTIC PROPOSITION.

Daughters of the Revolution to Erect a Colonial Hall.

[BY THE TIMES SPECIAL WIRE.]

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—[Special Dispatch.] Mr. Henry H. Shepard of this city stands sponsor for a unique scheme to be sprung at the forthcoming Centennial Congress of Daughters of the American Revolution, to be inaugurated at the city of Washington.

As chairman of one of the important national committees, Mrs. Shepard will submit to these descendants of patriotic forefathers a plan for a national capital, under the auspices of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and to be known as the "National Capital." The scheme will be by far the most absorbing topic of the convention. The sentiment in favor of the patriotic idea is universal among the various chapters over the country, and an effort will be made to put the plan on the boom, by preparing a high school course in the District of Columbia on which to erect the hall. The next step, as proposed by the project, is to have the various contributions for a building fund from branch organizations in various States.

NO GROUND FOR ACTION.

Northern Pacific and Manitoba's Settlement with Villard.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The agreement, in pursuance of which the suit of the Northern Pacific and Manitoba Railroad Company against Henry Villard, was dismissed by Judge Lacombe in the United States Circuit Court yesterday, has been the subject of much discussion. The plaintiff company admits that there was no ground for the suit and that the suit was a mere device to harass the defendant.

In turn, Mr. Villard releases the company from all claims in terms, as above.

UTAH'S HERO.

Senator Cannon Would Place Brigham's Statue in the Capitol.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SALT LAKE, Feb. 17.—In the House of Representatives today a communication from Senator Frank J. Cannon was read, supplemented by a letter from Gov. Wells, asking the Legislature to take advantage of the law granting the privilege to every State in the Union to place in the hall of statutory at Washington the statues of two of its honored deceased citizens. It was suggested that the Utah Legislature take the immediate advantage of the law, and place in position the statue of Brigham Young.

CHIEF JUSTICE BEASLEY III.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 17.—Chief Justice Beasley is very ill at his home here, and it is doubtful if he will recover. His illness has developed into a chronic form, and he has been in the hospital for some time.

BRIGHAM'S TALKING TOUR.

JEFFERSON CITY (Mo.), Feb. 17.—William J. Bryan will be in Jefferson City Saturday morning. Mr. Bryan will address the Legislature Saturday morning and then leave for the West. He will be the guest of Gov. Stephens while in the city.

INSPECTOR O'MALLEY DEAD.

DENVER, Feb. 17.—W. P. O'Malley, United States Customs Inspector, died last night of heart disease. He has been instrumental in deporting many Chinese who entered the country illegally.

PEACE AT ANY PRICE.

THE PORTE'S IMPLICIT RELIANCE IN THE POWERS.

It Leaves the Pacification of Crete Entirely to the Nations That Have Intervened.

WILL NOT ANTAGONIZE GREECE.

NEVERTHELESS DEFENSIVE MEASURES WILL BE TAKEN.

Greece Claims That Her Warlike Acts are in the Interest of Peace. Powers Threaten to Blockade Piraeus.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 17.—[Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.] The council of ministers has decided to leave the pacification of Crete to the powers. The council also decided to send Karathodoros Pasha to Crete as imperial high commissioner; to appoint Marshal Edhem Pasha, who directed the operations against the insurgents of Zertoun in 1895, to command the Turkish troops at Ellassoda, and to call out the first reserves of the third army corps, now at Salonica.

Secondly, although Greece, however, are for purely defensive purposes, in order to enable the Turkish government to be prepared for all eventualities.

The Sultan has informed the ambassadors of the powers that, in view of the aggressive attitude of Greece, he has been obliged to adopt measures required by the situation. The Sultan took occasion to express his satisfaction with the handling of detachments of marines at Cana.

In spite of the peaceful outlook it is feared that the debarcation of Greek forces in Crete caused a great sensation at Yildiz Kiosk, and it required the use of much tact on the part of the Sultan to prevent any further action.

Anti-Turkish manifestations are reported to have occurred at Artina and Preveza, and shots have been fired, and a Turkish frontier guard wounded. It is hoped no further trouble will arise. The Greek troops are gathering near the frontier. Placards have been found posted in mosques demanding the death of the Sultan.

A Turkish squadron, consisting of four warships and ten torpedo boats, has been ordered to Crete. It is within a few days that the warships and ten torpedo boats have also been ordered to prepare for active service. The Minister of Marine has asked for a credit of \$2,500,000 to meet naval expenses.

The Sultan seems to be well aware that the Greek fleet is not so powerful as he is, and he has done without having at least one powerful friend behind him, and it is this feature of the commission that the Sultan is so anxious to effect upon the Turks, who also see in the abandonment of Crete to Greece a possible loophole of escape for the Greek fleet.

As chairman of one of the important national committees, Mrs. Shepard will submit to these descendants of patriotic forefathers a plan for a national capital, under the auspices of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and to be known as the "National Capital." The scheme will be by far the most absorbing topic of the convention. The sentiment in favor of the patriotic idea is universal among the various chapters over the country, and an effort will be made to put the plan on the boom, by preparing a high school course in the District of Columbia on which to erect the hall. The next step, as proposed by the project, is to have the various contributions for a building fund from branch organizations in various States.

There was an incident at the Peoples theater in the Stamboul quarter last evening which attracted the attention of many people as being an attempt to provoke another outbreak upon the part of the Mussulmans.

Two Albanian soldiers of the Yildiz palace guard, the most trusted troops of the Sultan, were among the audience. They were among the first to rise and their revolvers in the air, causing a terrible panic. A rough and tumble fight followed, during which a by-stander who had been watching the scene was wounded.

It has been announced in the newspapers here that the Turkish minister of marine has ordered the Greek fleet to leave the harbor of Cana, and that the Greek Minister for Crete has been ordered to leave the harbor of Cana, and that the Greek Minister for Crete has been ordered to leave the harbor of Cana.

In order to avoid the dangers incident to the Greek fleet's stay in Cana, the Sultan went and returned by sea from the palace to the harbor of Cana, the "prophet" man, the singing of the "prophet" man, the singing of the "prophet" man.

Fifty thousand Naval Reserves, including the men on furlough, have been called up.

A SECOND WARNING.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CANEA (Island of Crete), Feb. 17.—[Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.] There was a meeting of the commanders of the foreign fleets today on the Italian flagship. It was resolved to take steps toward bringing about a peaceful state of affairs in Crete. A joint note was drawn up and sent by Admiral Canavaro, the Italian commander, who is in command of the fleet, to the commanders of the other fleets, informing them of the representative of Greece that an attack upon Cana, Retimo, Heraklion or Sitia, would be regarded as an act of war.

The powers in Crete, the foreign powers in Crete, the foreign powers in Crete, the foreign powers in Crete.

AMBASSADORS TO BLAME.

Had They Enforced Turkish Reforms They Would Have Been Well.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—A dispatch to the Herald from St. Petersburg says: The Russian Foreign Office has before it very important reports about Crete from Russian consuls. All agree that Crete is a dangerous place. These agitators are shown up in their true light. Hence Russia and the other powers were unanimous in regard to the course of action to be taken, and it is certain they will act with the firmness which is necessary with such lawless and traditionally turbulent people.

As a diplomatist said today: "In truth the ambassadors in Constantinople are to blame. Five months ago they were given responsibility to execute the reforms the Sultan had granted. They have, up to now, accomplished no practical portion of their mission. The first and most important part of which was to organize a strong police force, with foreign officers, and second, the reorganization of the law courts. Had they organized the police force at once, instead of delaying, the present troubles would not have taken place."

"To show how little Greek alarmist reports, to which even the Greek Minister of Foreign Affairs, lends himself, are credited, the stock market today was buoyant all around."

IN THE INTEREST OF PEACE.

Greece's Warlike Preparations are Entirely Pacific.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

ATHENS, Feb. 17.—The battery of field artillery commanded by Prince Nicholas of Greece started today for Salonica, twenty miles from the Gulf of Salona. The Greek military reserves are still being enrolled. The Greek ironclad Spezia, which arrived here from Toulon yesterday, will be prepared for active service with all possible haste. Reinforcements are being sent to the Greek troops on the island of Crete. Stores, provisions and munitions of war accompany them.

TURKISH TROOPS LEAVE FOR CRETE.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—A dispatch to the Times from Athens says the government has wired fresh instructions to Col. Vassos. Another dispatch to the Times from Athens says that Saadedin Pasha, who was recalled from Crete recently, at the instance of the powers, for presenting pleas for reforms, left Constantinople for Crete yesterday with three battalions.

THE PROPOSED BLOCKADE.

BERLIN, Feb. 17.—A dispatch to the Cologne Gazette from Vienna this evening says that the powers have agreed to Germany's proposal to blockade Piraeus, the port of Athens, in order to curb the warlike impulses of Greece.

DRAWING FINE HAIRS.

THE RUBBER TRUST NOW UNDER INVESTIGATION.

Treasurer Charles B. Flint Proves Himself to Be a Very Vexatious Witness.

HE HAS A FAULTY MEMORY.

SENATOR LEXOW ALMOST LOSES HIS TEMPER.

He Accuses the Witness of Explaining Too Much on Immaterial Points and Quibbling as to Essentials.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Charles B. Flint's examination before the joint Legislative Committee on Trusts was continued today. Flint is treasurer of the United States Rubber Company.

He explained that the capitalization of the companies consolidated by the trust was as follows: Elikan and Canoe Rubber Company of New Haven, \$600,000; Goodyear Metallic Rubber Shoe Company, \$7,000,000; Meyer Rubber Company of New Brunswick, N. J., \$300,000; New Jersey Rubber Company, \$200,000; New Brunswick Rubber Company, \$300,000; American Rubber Company, Cambridge, Mass., \$1,000,000; Boston Rubber Company, \$300,000; Lymington Rubber Company, \$400,000; Rubber Manufacturing Company, \$300,000.

Flint would not admit that he was the head of the rubber combination. He said that when he accepted the office of treasurer he found that certificates were issued in accordance with law, and eminent counsel had been consulted at every move.

Asked if he brought the books of the company and other data called for yesterday, Flint said he telephoned to the office of the company and did every thing possible to procure the desired information, but had not succeeded. He, however, produced the certificate of organization.

"Do you mean to be understood," he was asked, "as saying that as treasurer of the company you never made any effort to discover whether a proper price had been paid for properties for which \$250,000 was issued?"

"The papers were not accessible to me. The Appraising Committee were men of the highest standing. I had the utmost reliance in their report," he replied.

In reply to another question, witness said that the report referred to was stored away in the archives of the company in New York.

Senator Lexow accused Mr. Flint of "drawing fine hairs," and demanded "yes or no" to the question whether H. B. Hollins & Co., bankers, had distributed the stock through the regular channels.

Mr. Flint went into an elaborate explanation, but was brought to a halt by the chairman, who said: "You are explaining too much."

"What complaints were you interested in directly?" asked the chairman.

After more quibbling the witness admitted that he had been interested in the Lymington Rubber Company, but could not recollect to what extent. Senator Lexow continued:

"It is not a fact that the United States Rubber Company paid the bankers a commission of 2 1/2 per cent. for selling the stocks of the various companies?"

The witness hesitated, and Senator Lexow, pounding his desk, said: "Can't you answer yes or no?"

"I can ascertain," said the witness. "Was it not \$500,000?"

"What amount was that amount," the witness replied slowly.

Mr. Flint said he had no knowledge that the president of the New Brunswick Rubber Company received an order

REPORTS AND CAFE.

GRANDEST WINTER RESORT

On the Pacific Slope.

Never Closes. The Arlington Hotel.

The flower festival not being held this spring is drawing a great many people to Santa Barbara during February, one of the best months for bathing and capital driving. Famous Veronica Springs one mile from hotel. Write for particulars. Raymond & Whitcomb coupons accepted. E. P. DUNN.

MAGIC ISLAND—SANTA CATALINA.

Charming climate, wonderful natural attractions, famous fishing and wild-goose shooting. Delightful coast excursions. HOTEL METROPOLE open all the year. Greatly reduced rates for fall and winter. Ideal accommodations for ladies and gentlemen. The same comfortable and reasonable rates for the winter season. Stage leaves for Los Angeles at 9:00 and 9:30 a.m., respectively. Full information and illustrated pamphlets from BANNING CO., 215 South Spring St., Los Angeles.

WILSON'S PEAK—OVER A MILE HIGH.

First-class hotel, accommodations, camp \$2.00 per day. 800 feet up. Tents by the day. Fare round trip, \$2.00. Stage leaves for Los Angeles at 9:00 and 9:30 a.m., respectively. Full information and illustrated pamphlets from BANNING CO., 215 South Spring St., Los Angeles.

HOTEL SAN GABRIEL.

Only 9 miles from Los Angeles on S. P. R. R. Modern appointments, tennis, croquet, bowling, fish, livery, beautiful grounds. Moderate prices. Rates to Raymond & Whitcomb. N. S. MULLAN.

HOTEL SIERRA MADRE—OPEN YEAR ROUND.

Six miles from Pasadena. Buys all trains at Santa Anita station. Address F. R. HASKIN, Pasadena.

HOTEL PAINTER—PASADENA.

Modern appointments, tennis, croquet, bowling, fish, livery, beautiful grounds. Moderate prices. Rates to Raymond & Whitcomb. N. S. MULLAN.

HOTEL LINCOLN—SECOND AND HILL—FAMILY HOTEL.

Modern appointments, tennis, croquet, bowling, fish, livery, beautiful grounds. Moderate prices. Rates to Raymond & Whitcomb. N. S. MULLAN.

HOTEL SANTA MONICA.

Close to R. R. depot. Electric cars to all points. Moderate prices. Rates to Raymond & Whitcomb. N. S. MULLAN.

HOTEL BELLEVUE TERRACE.

Close to R. R. depot. Electric cars to all points. Moderate prices. Rates to Raymond & Whitcomb. N. S. MULLAN.

LA SOLANA.

Advantageous arrangements for families.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO

TIMES ADVERTISERS.

LOCAL RECORDS

A STATE FAIR MOVE

OAKLAND ASKS LEGISLATURE FOR THE INSTITUTION.

Sacramento Will Be Apt to Rue the Day She Asked for Authority to See the Fair Grounds.

PART OF MARIPOSA GRANT SOLD

BONDS FOR A CAPITOL AT PHOENIX VOTED BY ARIZONA ASSEMBLY.

An Indiana Man Who Committed Murder Surrendered Himself at Sacramento—Trial of the Gasettier Forger.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 17.—There is a movement afoot to move the State Fair from Sacramento to Oakland.

E. B. Ruthenberg, a wholesale liquor dealer of Oakland, and Craigie Sharp, secretary of the Oakland Board of Trade, are here to promote the scheme, and Hart North of Alameda will introduce a bill in the Assembly tomorrow or Friday to remove the institution.

Mr. North said tonight that Oakland was ready to pay the expenses of fitting up suitable grounds for the fair, and that as an extra inducement the Oakland Trotting Park would be loaned during the season. The representatives of Sacramento have just been passing giving the city permission to sell the grounds, and the Oakland people will take advantage of the fact.

AN OUTLAWED SCHOONER.

Her Skipper Skipped Without Clearance Papers to Avoid Arrest.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.—Captain Harkins of the schooner "Una," just arrived from Panama, may find himself in a somewhat serious predicament. His vessel has no papers of any description to present to the customs house. The register, crew list and other documents necessary to permit the vessel to enter and pursue the usual formalities are not on board.

The fact is that the "Una," in a sense, is outlawed by the United States. It appears that the Una loaded cedar logs at Panama, the same being purchased from British firms that holds a bill of lading for the cargo, and the balance, although called by the name of the Una, had not arrived when the Una was loaded and ready to sail. The captain of the port at Panama came off to the vessel and told Captain Harkins that if the money due was not paid immediately, the vessel would be seized and he be placed in the United States Consular-General Viquial was seen by Capt. Harkins and, as no clearance from the Colombian customs was in evidence, informed him that he could not deliver up the vessel's papers, advised him to pay the money due and another matter.

According to Harkins, Consul-General Viquial advised him to "clear out." This counsel he obeyed, the Una's anchor was hoisted and she slipped her vessel out to sea, dipping her ensign as she left port.

Just what disposition of the case will be made by Collector Wise is doubtful. Consul-General Viquial has probably forwarded the Una's register and other documents to the Department of State at Washington, together with his report of the case, so that any decision in the matter will be rendered by Federal authorities at the capital.

CRUSHED BY A FALLING TREE.

Almost an Entire Family Killed or Injured.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

VICTORIA (B. C.), Feb. 17.—A very serious accident occurred during Monday night's storm, at the cottage of R. Zelle, living just north of Nanaimo. About 2 o'clock the high wind blowing brought to the ground a tree about twenty inches in diameter at its base. In falling, the tree struck the cottage, and the Zelle family, who were in the house, were killed or injured. Just before the accident, Zelle had left the house, and the Zelle family were working a sewing machine, and there were a number of children playing in the house. The tree fell with terrific force, throwing Mrs. Zelle violently to the floor. Some of the children were also hurt. Herbert Zelle, who was badly injured, died within an hour. Mrs. Zelle received very serious internal and spinal injuries and is in a critical condition. The five-year-old daughter of Mrs. William Taylor of Departure Bay, who was staying with Mrs. Zelle, was also very dangerously hurt in the head, and cannot live.

FROZEN ORANGE TREES.

A Judge's Error Causes Judgment for Damages to Be Set Aside.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.—A technical error on the part of the Judge in overruling an objection prompted the Supreme Court today to set aside the judgment of \$8965 against the Southern Pacific Company, and to order a new trial of the case. The case, in which the Southern Pacific Company shipped two carloads of orange trees from Apopka, Fla., to Riverside, the Southern Pacific Company had been ordered to pay damages for the loss of the trees. The Supreme Court said: "We think the court erred in overruling the objection of the defendant to the proof of the market value of the trees at Riverside, instead of confining the inquiry to the cost of the trees at the point of shipment in Florida, as per contract, with the freight paid, was the true measure of the damages."

ARIZONA LEGISLATURE.

Normal School and Capitol Bond Bills Passed.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

PHOENIX (Ariz.), Feb. 17.—Among the new bills introduced in the Legislature today were the following: Fixing a maximum railroad fare four cents per mile, compelling railroads to transport bicycles as luggage, providing for payment for tuberculosis cattle killed by the Territorial Veterinarian, for a rigid examination of applicants for admission to the bar of Territorial courts, making the students' battalion of the University a part of the National Guard.

The bill making stockholders respon-

sible pro rata for corporation debts was killed.

A bill was passed by the Council directing the County Treasurer of Pima county to destroy \$150,000 illegal bonds of the Tucson and Narrow Gauge Railroad.

The House voted favorably on appropriation bills for the completion of a new Territorial normal school, and for the issuance of \$100,000 in bonds for the construction of a Territorial capital at Phoenix.

Hell Hale, (Rep.), has been declared elected Assemblyman from Yuma county, receiving a majority of seven votes over his opponent, Samuel Purdy. A special election was called to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Murat Masters.

YUMA'S REPRESENTATIVE.

YUMA (Ariz.), Feb. 17.—[Special Dispatch.] The official count of ballots cast at the special election held in Yuma county on Tuesday for the purpose of electing a member of the House of Representatives to succeed Hon. Murat Masters resigned, was closed the election of Hale (Rep.) by a plurality of seven votes over Purdy (Dem.). The result was a surprise, as not until the returns were received from the last three precincts in the county, which have heretofore been Democratic precincts, did it look as though Hale had a fighting chance.

The lower house of the Arizona Legislative Assembly now stands 21 Democrats and 3 Republicans.

GAVE HIMSELF UP.

A Hoosier Murderer Surrendered Himself at Sacramento.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 17.—E. B. Kent, a man who about a week ago walked into the Sheriff's office and declared that he had committed murder in Indiana a few years ago, will be taken back to the scene of his crime to stand trial for his life.

Sheriff Johnson, at the request of Kent, communicated with the authorities of Centerton, Ind., and today received a telegram saying that Kent was called at that place for the murder of Noah King, and that an officer had left there to take him back. Kent, who is evidently demoralized, says the crime was committed on the night of November 5, 1894, on a farm three miles west of Centerton. Both men were intoxicated, and section held in a quarrel, during which Kent stabbed his opponent with a dirk and then fled, not knowing whether or not he had killed King.

THE GAZETTEER FRAUD.

Trial of Dewey for Raising Figures on Contracts.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.—Judge Carroll Cook is engaged in the trial of E. P. Dewey, a young eastern forger, who is regarded by the police as a most dangerous man. Dewey came hither last December as the representative of a publishing concern alleged to be engaged in printing a directory. The newspaper was called the "United States Gazetteer," with headquarters in Chicago. The preliminary work of soliciting subscriptions and advertisements for the Gazetteer had been done by the San Francisco business community about a year previous, and Dewey came to gather in the profits. He presented the San Francisco business community a considerable sum of money, for in each instance, the original contract was made for \$100,000, and he raised to sums ranging from \$4 to \$7.

SALE OF MINERAL LANDS.

An English Company Gets Part of the Mariposa Grant.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.—A sale here of mineral lands with interest in the celebrated Mariposa grant. This is the first transaction of this kind since 1887, when the present owner came into possession by purchase.

The price paid for the interest in the owned by the Mariposa grant was \$166,666 at the rate of \$100,000 for each syndicate.

The purchaser is the California Exploration Company, a London syndicate. The Mariposa grant contains 45,000 acres, including about eight miles of the "mother lode."

CHUN SING HANGED.

A Triple Murder Explained on the

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN QUENTIN PRISON, Feb. 17.—Chun Sing was hanged here at 10:35 a.m. death ensued in twelve minutes. The crime for which Chun was hanged was a triple murder. On Sunday, Monday, the eighteenth month ago, he had quarreled with other Chinese and decided to exterminate his enemies with an ax, killing two women and one man and attempting to kill another.

CRAZY BARNEY.

His Victim Is Dead—Insanity Will Be His Defense.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.—Patrick Dolan, the saloon-keeper who was shot yesterday by Barney Kenney, died this morning. Kenney was arraigned in the Police Court for murder this morning. His brother asked for a continuance, saying he desired to secure counsel, and prepare a defense on the grounds that the murderer is insane. The prisoner says his only regret is that he did not also kill Pat Mehan, whom, with the dead man, he accuses of trying to poison him several years ago.

The Queen's Passengers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.—The following passengers left on the steamer Queen of the South yesterday: Harlan Marshall, Rosie Dewitt, George Leslie, Sadie Langdon, Miss Eileen, Eva McCullough, Annie Brown, Miss Ganah, Mahel Thompson, Mrs. Schofield, Miss Borroughs, Mrs. White, Grace Bennett, Mrs. Swift, Marion Brodie, H. Eversole, Lucille Kikel.

A. Goodhue, Mrs. J. Dubble, Mrs. A. Goodhue, L. Stevens, Mrs. K. King, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Thoms, Mrs. Adams, Miss Smith, Miss Walker, Mrs. Donovan, Miss Bryan, Mrs. Kinsel, A. Post, Mrs. Simpson, John Stratton, Joseph Dubble, Mrs. Douglas, For Santa Barbara: C. Weber, C. Austin, Mrs. Weber, Mrs. J. Austin, Mrs. Stevens, P. Brown, Mrs. Wright, S. Brock, Mrs. Broome, C. Berry, Mrs. Baker.

For San Diego: C. Brandt, G. H. Armstrong, Mrs. Knider, J. Benteen, Miss Trimble, Mrs. J. Benteen, Mrs. Gumble, Mrs. J. Benteen, Mrs. Burnham, M. Squires, Miss Stevenson, E. West, Miss King, J. Ely, J. Mumford, J. Mullen, Mrs. G. Gunn, Mrs. A. Ross, Mrs. B. Gunn, Mrs. A. Ross.

Underwriters Elect Officers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.—The annual session of the Fire Underwriters Association of the Pacific Coast ad-

Journal tonight. The following officers

were elected for the current year: President, Russell W. Osborne; Vice-President, Louis Weinrich; Secretary and Treasurer, Calvert Meade; Executive Committee, F. D. Argall, Edward Niles and R. F. Faby; Election Committee, W. H. Bowdoin, H. A. Grant, F. C. Argall, F. J. Devlin, H. A. Craig, A. R. Grim, George F. Grant, George D. Dorin, R. V. Watt, William Sexton, C. Berthman, C. E. Niles, George E. Bunker and George H. Tyson.

Death of Capt. Perry.

SANTA CRUZ, Feb. 17.—Capt. Alfonso B. Perry, one of the early navigators along the coast, died last night, aged 81 years. He came here when 7 years old. He was master twenty-six years ago of the schooner A. P. Jordan, the first three-masted vessel on this coast. For many years he ran along the northern coast and to the Hawaiian Islands, and is said to have carried the first consignment of lumber to San Diego.

Murderer Klempner's Examination.

STOCKTON, Feb. 17.—The preliminary examination of Charles Klempner, for the murder of C. R. Dodge and Alexander at Stockton, was held this evening at the 2d inst., was commenced this afternoon before Justice Parker. Three witnesses were examined before the case was continued until tomorrow, Judge Swinnerton, for the defendant, is making a close examination of all witnesses.

An Engine Strikes a Deaf Man.

OAKLAND, Feb. 17.—William Jones was struck by a local train today sustaining injuries which may result in deafness. He is 67 years old, deaf and an invalid. He did not hear the approaching engine, and was hurled thirty feet by the engine.

Suffrage Bill Again Brought.

CARSON (Nev.), Feb. 17.—The Woman Suffrage Bill was brought up today for reconsideration, and was again lost in the Assembly, by a vote of 15 to 15.

CALVE MADE A MASH.

DETECTIVES GUARD THE QUEEN OF THE OPERA.

A Crazy Admirer Has Threatened to Kill Her If He Is Not Granted an Interview—The French Star Thoroughly Alarmed.

[BY THE TIMES SPECIAL WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—[Special Dispatch.] While Mme. Calve was singing Marguerite in the United States Metropolitan Opera-house, detectives were guarding the entrance, waiting to arrest a mysterious man, who, an hour earlier, had told the soprano's companion, Mme. Welewski, that if Calve did not accord him an interview after the performance, he would shoot her. The singer, on several occasions, recently has received incoherent letters in terms of endearment, and begging for an interview, but it was not until this evening that the author began to threaten. He attempted to obtain an interview with Calve at her hotel at 6 o'clock, and, failing, left after making a threat to kill her. The man disappeared before he could be pointed out to the police, and to make sure he should have no chance to carry out his threat, special policemen were detailed and every entrance was guarded. It is supposed from the letters Calve received, that this threatening admirer saw her when "Carmen" was sung in New Haven two weeks ago, and his mania dated from her appearance there in her greatest role.

SWEET WEDDING.

NASHVILLE (Tenn.), Feb. 17.—Tonight in the First Presbyterian Church Rev. J. M. D. D., officiating, Miss Elizabeth Brown and Mr. A. J. Brown were married. The church was filled with plants and flowers. The American and British flags were intertwined and a harp of David and roses presented to Lady Aberdeen by the Irish of Nashville, the central figure. The bride is a member of one of the most prominent families in the State. The groom is a member of the same family. The bride is a member of the same family. The groom is a member of the same family.

THE TEXAS GROUNDED.

The Hooded Battleship Stuck in the Mud at Galveston.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 17.—A special to the Republic from Galveston, Texas, said that the battleship Texas got stuck hard and fast in the mud in Bolivar roads yesterday just after crossing the bar, and remained in that condition until 4:30 o'clock this afternoon. This explains the reason why she anchored so far from the city. A lightning crew worked all day and night to get her adrift, and in the accomplishment of the work, it is reported that a dredge boat played an important part. It is thought that as soon as she can be refloated, she will put to sea. Her detention in the roads is still a secret and every effort is being made to guard it.

TURF STARS SOLD.

Good Prices at the Spahn-Newsgrass Horse Sale.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—At the Spahn-Newsgrass horse sale today, the bidding was sharp and competitive. The top price of the day was for the black stallion, Direction, record 2:08 1/4, son of the great Director, W. F. James of Terre Haute, for \$3500.

The next highest price was for Lake Erie, record 2:13 1/4, sold to George Ketcham of Toledo, for \$2500. Lake Erie was one of the greatest campaigners of last season.

Then came one of the big stars down the list, a fast, powerful colt, record 2:15 1/4, by Jay Bird, to J. A. Ogleby, Kansas City, for \$2500.

May Rose, 2:16 1/4, by Anterior, to A. D. Brown of Buffalo, for \$2500. Russell, 2:18 1/4, by Lord Russell, to J. A. Ogleby, Kansas City, for \$2500. Sibley, 2:18 1/4, by Simmons, to James Murphy of Chicago, for \$2500.

BATTLE BY BANTAMS.

Patsy Haley Put Out by Dave Sullivan of Boston.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—One of the hardest and gamiest fights ever seen in a ring took place this evening at the Patsy Haley Club. The contestants were Dave Sullivan of Boston and Patsy Haley of Boston. They met for a twenty-five-round encounter at 115 pounds, and both of them weighed in this afternoon. The fight was a close one, but Sullivan was the winner, and he was only for a brief interval, as Sullivan fought like a bull, and he was a glutton for punishment. His arms worked like flails during the twelfth

REPORTING RECORD.]

HE BETS ON HIMSELF

CORBETT PUTS UP TWO TO ONE THAT HE WINS.

The Champion Does Not Relish the Chilly Weather, but Begins Training.

HOOSIERS WILL BE ON HAND.

A SPECIAL TRAIN OF SPORTS FROM INDIANAPOLIS.

Missouri Legislators Would Like to See the Fight—Two Boston Bantams Fight a Game Battle at Gotham.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CARSON (Nev.), Feb. 17.—When Corbett arose this morning he was surprised to find nearly ten inches of snow on the ground, and while the champion is anxious to be at his quarters at the approaching fight, he will not go out until the weather clears up. In the mean time he has to be content with playing pool and taking dumbell exercises in his room.

Martin Julian, Fitzsimmons's manager, and brother-in-law arrived last evening in search of training quarters for his principal, but up to the present time has found nothing. He stopped off at Steamboat Springs on his way up, but was not satisfied with the place and arranged to secure a quiet spot in the immediate vicinity of Carson. It is understood that he has made partial arrangements with a private family in the outskirts of Carson, and matters are now merely resting until they can be arranged satisfactorily to everyone.

Betting in small amounts has commenced, and is even as a general thing, with the exception of which Jim Delaney, Corbett's principal, has bet \$1000 on himself against \$1000 last evening.

After visiting his training grounds, Corbett spent the afternoon at the hotel, commenced training for an hour or two. First he wrestled with McVey fifty minutes and did some rapid work. Then he wrestled with Billy Woods. He then went to lunch and consumed enough to feed an ordinary man. Corbett and Delaney will be at the Corbett training staff at an early date.

HOOSIERS WILL BE ON HAND.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 17.—Indianapolis, in all probability, will be well represented at the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight, which will take place at Carson March 17. Oille Lanhau, who conducted a large excursion from this city to Carson, is arranging for a special train which will make the round trip in about five days. The train will be made up of the round trip with ten coaches, including a dining car, buffet and baggage car loaded with provisions. An additional car will be taken on at Kansas City and it is expected that the train will arrive in Carson on the morning of March 13, arriving there the day before the fight. The passengers will occupy the train during the trip, and will be at Carson for the fight.

In case two fights should be arranged the train may go through one day earlier, leaving Cincinnati on the morning of March 12.

PROPOSED LEGISLATIVE JUNKET.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 17.—A special to the Republic from Jefferson City, Mo., says Representative Rebo introduced a resolution in the House today calling on the Senate to send a special committee of five to go to Nevada and witness the Corbett fight so as to learn whether it would be a profitable investment for Nevada's example in legalizing pugilistic encounters.

ALL NONSENSE.

Chief Consul Dawson Says the L.A. W. Will Not Split.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

COLORADO SPRINGS, Feb. 17.—In an interview today Chief Consul Dawson of the Colorado Division L.A.W. said:

"This talk of a western split from the L.A.W. is nonsense. The report has come out of the Colorado Division, and the movement, and E. S. Hartwell of Denver is quoted as authority. Mr. Hartwell was appointed vice-consul in order to carry the proxies to Albany, and he is to resign immediately after the assembly. I telegraphed for his resignation and received it today. While waiting that notice, any section of the country should have Sunday racing if it desires it. I consider the whole racing business a minor branch of the law, and I do not intend to resign myself, nor will I tolerate any action detrimental to league interests as the part of any official of this division."

A GEORGIA MOB FOILED.

The Destroyer of the Allen Family Has a Narrow Escape.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

MEMPHIS (Tenn.), Feb. 17.—A special to the Commercial Appeal from Atlanta, Ga., says a determined effort was made in Decatur this evening to lynch Edward Flanagan, the destroyer of the Allen family, the mob being headed by John Stack, a brother of Mass Stack, one of Flanagan's victims. There was a scent of blood early in the day when Judge Candler, who is trying the case, announced that as the colored father of the prisoner was protected, the trend of the evidence was that Flanagan was a victim of paranoia. Just as the prisoner was getting on the train with his guard to return to Atlanta, a mob of 800 men, headed by John Stack, made a dash for him. The train pulled out just in time. Judge Candler tonight called out the Fifth Regiment, which will escort the prisoner and guard to the courtroom.

Business Failures.

DES MOINES (Iowa), Feb. 17.—Annex S. and George S. Redhead assigned today for the benefit of their creditors. The assets are valued at \$250,000 and the liabilities at \$75,000. It has been impossible to convert any of the assets into cash to meet maturing obligations.

Street Railway Strike.

GALVESTON (Tex.), Feb. 17.—The street-railway system of Galveston was tied up tonight when 14 men, nearly all of them colored, went on strike. The company employed thirty men as "extra" and have been paying them 14 cents an hour. The strike followed when notice was given that the pay of these men would be reduced to 13 cents. A proposition by the men to return at the old scale was refused. The city is crowded with visitors and thirteen rounds and Haley was unable to withstand the assaults upon him.

The "unlucky" thirteenth round was the last, and Haley will have good cause to remember it. He went down twice from Sullivan's swings. The first time down he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The second time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The third time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The fourth time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The fifth time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The sixth time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The seventh time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The eighth time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The ninth time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The tenth time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The eleventh time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The twelfth time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The thirteenth time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The fourteenth time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The fifteenth time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The sixteenth time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The seventeenth time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The eighteenth time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The nineteenth time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The twentieth time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The twenty-first time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The twenty-second time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. The twenty-third time he was nearly counted out, but saved himself by a second. 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NONE TO COMPARE WITH

DELICIOUS

RARE BIT

5c CIGAR

DEALERS SUPPLIED BY

KINGSBAKER BROS. & CO.

LOS ANGELES

CONVALESCING.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

will without doubt be taken care of if her politicians will only allow it. If New York is unrepresented in the Cabinet, it will be her own fault. The chances now are bright that the Empire State will get a place. This will leave the Postmaster-Generalship for Mr. Hanna or a Southerner.

The chances are so much against Mr. Hanna taking the place, that the South is very much in the running. There are a number of patriotic Southerners down there who are being considered. H. C. Payne of Wisconsin, who was looked upon as Postmaster-General, if Mr. Hanna did not take the place, is out of consideration. In the first place he is surrounded with Cabinet officials, one in Michigan, one in Iowa and one in Illinois, and there are other reasons.

A Cincinnati special says George B. Cox, the Southern Ohio Republican boss and Foraker's chief supporter, openly declares for Hanna for Senator. This is a big political sensation, and is thought to settle beyond a doubt that Hanna will succeed Sherman.

AMBASSADOR TO FRANCE.

A Nice North Reserved for Gen. Horace Porter.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Among the first nominations that President McKinley will send to the Senate will be that of Gen. Horace Porter to be Ambassador to France. It is reported from the White House that the President is questioning the authority that the President-elect has sent word to that effect to Gen. Porter.

Gen. Porter, when seen, said: "There is nothing to say in the matter. He would not further discuss the subject. William McKinley Osborne, secretary of the Republican National Committee, was closeted for two hours with Gen. Porter. Nothing could be learned of the object of his visit beyond the fact that the inauguration had been discussed."

A MAN OF SENSE.

CIRCULATION.

Sworn Weekly Statement of the
Circulation of the Los
Angeles Times.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS
ANGELES, SS.

Personally appeared before me, Harry
Chandler, superintendent of circulation of the
Times, who being duly sworn, deposes and
says that the daily bona fide circulation of the
Times for each day of the week ended Febru-
ary 12, 1897, was as follows:

Sunday, February 12, 1897, 32,750
Monday, " 13,750
Tuesday, " 13,750
Wednesday, " 13,750
Thursday, " 13,750
Friday, " 13,750
Saturday, " 13,750

Total for the week 123,750
Daily average for the week 17,375

(Signed)
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th
day of February, 1897.

THOMAS L. CHAPIN,
Notary Public in and for the County of Los
Angeles, State of California.

NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper.
The above statement is for the week ended
February 12, 1897. The circulation of the
Times for each day of the week of the past
week would, if apportioned on the basis of a
seven-day average, be as follows:

Sunday, February 12, 1897, 32,750
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LINERS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

\$1.50 PER DOZEN. CALIFORNIA VIEWS,
developing and printing for amateurs; sole
agents for Southern California.

For T. L. L. H. O. S. 3-SEATERS, CAR-
riages, surreys, phaetons, etc., to GRAND-
AVENUE, 514 S. Grand ave. Tel. main 723.

WATER-PUMP AND WELLS. CARPENTERS,
oil and water tanks, steam boilers and general
sheet and plate steel work. THOMPSON &
BOYLE, 210 Broadway, Los Angeles.

WELL-BORERS. INVESTIGATE OUR IM-
proved well pipe; it has no equal. PACIFIC
COAST PIPE CO., opp. Santa Fe passenger
front.

PIANO TUNING & CUT PRICE FOR 30
days. BLOOMFIELD'S piano repair shop,
415 S. Spring. Orders work promptly at-
tended to.

CARPET WEAVING CARE: RUGS MADE
to order at 440 TOWN AVENUE, near 5th. 27

WALL-PAPER, 11 1/2-FT. ROOM: INGRAINS
& borders included. Walter, 218 W. Sixth.

IRON WORKS—BARKER IRON WORKS, 950
to 966 BUENA VISTA ST.

DO YOU KNOW

THAT THE TIMES' RATE
IS ONLY

ONE CENT PER WORD

For "Liner" Advertisements. No Ad-
vertisement taken for less than fifteen cents.

WANTED—

Help, Male.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO.,
EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.

A strictly first-class, reliable agency. All
kinds of help promptly furnished. No
orders solicited.

200-201 W. Second st., basement.
California Bank Building.
Telephone 509.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., ex-
cept Sunday.)

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Ranch hand, housekeeper, \$15.00 day;
ranch hand who can milk, \$20.00; ranch
hand, \$10.00; 2 orchard men and teaming,
\$15.00, call early.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

Two hotel waiters, \$25.00 each; fry cook, \$12
each; 1 colored waiter, \$25.00 each; month;
fare paid; 3 first-class hotel waiters, \$20.00
each.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

Housewife, family, \$20.00; O. K. place;
housewife, 2 persons, \$20.00; Swedish per-
ferred, \$20.00 to \$25.00; country girl to as-
sist, Pasadena, \$12.00 to \$15.00; strong house-
wife, country, \$20.00; employer, see Satur-
day.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

Cook, restaurant, city, \$15.00; cook, coun-
try, fare paid; clerk for bakery, coun-
try, town, \$10.00; American preferred,
\$15.00; 2 waiters, Santa Barbara, \$20.00
each.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO.,
210 W. Second st., basement.

WANTED—BE YOUR OWN BOSS; DO A
business at home; make money, rain or
shine; particulars, send address stamped
reply, LOCK BOX 1085, BOSTON, MA.

WANTED—A MAN WITH \$500 CASH TO
purchase 100 shares of first-class business;
one can become line on Coast, Address 2
box 5, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—SALESMAN, MECHANICAL,
representative, clerical, assorted situations
for men, women and boys. NITTINGER,
215 S. Broadway.

WANTED—STEADY MAN IN COMMISSION
business; must have \$100.00; suitable sal-
ary with \$75.00 month. SEE STRAND, 124 S.
Spring st.

WANTED—BOY, AGED 14, ACQUAINTED
with city, to deliver papers, \$10.00. WIL-
BURGH MFG. CO., 110 W. Second, 18.

WANTED—GENTLEMAN OR LADIES, \$500
per month guaranteed salary. Call at 215
S. GRAND AVE. from 11 A.M. to 5 P.M.

WANTED—Help, Female.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST IN HOUSE-
work night and morning, 125 S. Union st.,
per month; 10 to 4 to herself; references.
Address 2, box 46, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—LADY AND WORKING-GIRL,
roomers, by the day, week or month, 20
per week up; call and investigate, 712 S.
First.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK FOR
boarding-house; one to sleep home; wages
\$20 per month, 1010 S. OLIVE.

WANTED—HOTEL AND BOARDING-
house help at Mrs. SCOTT & MISS M. C. MATHY'S,
107 S. Broadway, Tel. 510.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE-
work, 20 family. Apply in afternoon at
1541 WINFIELD ST.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE TO LEARN
dressmaking, position; 125 S. Union st.,
half day; \$2 per week, 1010 S. OLIVE.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO CHAMBERWORK
half day; \$2 per week, 1010 S. OLIVE.

WANTED—GIRL AT 165 E. 4TH ST. 19

WANTED—Situations, Male.

WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED CARPENTER,
maker and carpenter, steady work in French
style or furniture shop; understands French
polishing. Los Angeles or vicinity. Address
M. TIMES OFFICE, at Pasadena, Cal. 18

WANTED—SITUATION BY MIDDLE-AGED
German about a private undertaking taking
care of horses and garden; best ref-
erences. Please call, 37 E. Fourth st.,
room 5. WINKELMAN.

WANTED—POSITION OF ANY KIND BY
ex-railroad office employee, with first-class
references. Address 2, box 4, TIMES
OFFICE.

WANTED—BY BOOKKEEPER, THOROUGH-
ly experienced, position; best of ref-
erences; in city or country. Address 2, box 4, TIMES
OFFICE.

WANTED—SITUATION BY GERMAN FOR
fruit ranch; understands the care of trees
and good horseman; not afraid of work. Ad-
dress J. G. 241 S. MAIN.

WANTED—A PRACTICAL ALL-AROUND
gardener (German) charge of fruit place,
hotel grounds. Address 123 WILKINSON
ST., room 11.

WANTED—BY JAPANESE BOY, SITU-
ation to do any kind evening work, 125
S. FIRST.

WANTED—

Situations, Male.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHIEF-
maker or butter-maker, 4 years' experience
(Canada). Address STEPHEN THOME,
Redlands.

WANTED—BY SPANISH BOY, 15, TALK-
ing English, thoroughly educated, as
clerk. Address DR. Y., 515 S. LOS ANGELES
ST.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN,
strong and able to work; good reference
furnished. Address 2, box 4, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—POSITION BY A FIRST-CLASS
Japanese cook in family; good reference.
HENRY NAGAI, 391 Commercial st.

WANTED—POSITION WITH SURVEYOR
by middle-aged man; wages no object. Ad-
dress S. box 87, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY A BOY OF 11, PLACE TO
work for board and go to public school, in
or out of city. 732 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOK-KEEPER,
or any office work; best of references. W.
HOLY, 113 W. Second st.

WANTED—Situations, Female.

WANTED—AN ENGLISH LADY OF RE-
finement, pleasant disposition, to assist
lady with children going East, for ex-
penses of trip. Address 2, box 21, TIMES
OFFICE.

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO COOKING
or would do general housework, by com-
petent woman; wages \$25. Call 241 S. MAIN
ST.

WANTED—BY COMPETENT WOMAN, ANY
kind housework; go home nights. Gil-
bert, your clothes get moth-eaten. I pay the
best price in the city. Address MISFIT,
2 E. First st.

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTS, DONT
pay for your clothes get moth-eaten. I pay the
best price in the city. Address MISFIT,
2 E. First st.

WANTED—4000 IRON SAFE, ABOUT 44
inches wide, 70 inches high; must be cheap.
Address P. O. BOX 522, city.

WANTED—A GOOD STAMP COLLECTION
with good old correspondence. Address
LX, box 2, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES
for cash. T. J. WILLIAMS & CO., Hemet, Cal.

WANTED—Rooms and Board.

WANTED—2 OR 3 ROOMS AND GOOD
board in private family by gentleman, wife
and 2 children, aged 12 and 7; not traveling;
references exchanged; state rates and loca-
tion. P. O. BOX 605, city.

WANTED—BY 2 YOUNG MEN, ROOMS
with board in small private family where
there are no other boarders; permanent if
suitable; \$10.00 per month. Address
box 45, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—Rooms.

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Exceeding the net circulation of any other two Los Angeles daily papers.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

BURBANK—A Fair Rebel.
ORPHEUM—Vagabond.

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BAD ROADS AND IDLE MEN.

The much talk that has been indulged in regarding a method of providing work for the destitute unemployed in the city has not yet materialized into anything definite. There are thousands of benevolently-disposed citizens in Los Angeles who are ready to lend financial assistance to any practical scheme that may be devised, but such a scheme has not yet been forthcoming.

It has been suggested that these men should be put to work on the new park. The first thing to do, however, should be to provide a convenient method of reaching the park site, in the shape of a first-class macadamized road. Parks are luxuries, while roads are necessities. For a city which invites health and pleasure-seekers from all over the world, Los Angeles is deplorably behindhand in the matter of public roads. There should be at least half a dozen good, hard highways leading from this city to outside points within the county, such as Glendale, Pasadena, Alhambra, San Gabriel, Downey, San Pedro and Santa Monica. The present dirt roads are not only inadequate, being dusty in summer and muddy in winter, but they are very expensive, as they have to be constantly renewed. The proper material to use on the highways is broken rock, which makes a roadway that does not need to be constantly sprinkled, thus saving a large amount of money. There are millions of tons of rock available within a few miles of this city. There are hundreds of idle men here awaiting employment, and willing to work at a low rate of wages. Why not haul in some of this rock, establish one or more rock piles, and set the men to work?

There are several classes of citizens who are specially interested in such an enterprise and who might be expected to contribute liberally. First, there are the wheelmen; secondly, the liverymen; thirdly, the owners of land along the roads. Then the city would doubtless contribute something toward the carrying out of such work within the city limits, while the Supervisors might turn into such a fund a portion of the road tax that is now expended in a most unsatisfactory manner. Any money received from the county funds could be utilized for the hire of necessary teams.

Besides the classes mentioned as specially interested, every citizen of Los Angeles who drives or rides would take an interest in such a definite system of road improvement, and then, in addition, there is the large class of benevolent citizens who, as above stated, are willing to contribute of their means to assist the unemployed as soon as a practical scheme is adopted. Surely, with all these interested elements, it should be possible to start such an enterprise going. If anything is to be done, however, it should be done at once. Neither talk nor newspaper discussion will improve bad roads or employ idle men.

Reports from the Bradley-Martin hall say that one of the lady guests entered the room in a sedan chair. That is an improvement upon Gothamite methods in general. Some of these would-be aristocracy broke into the Four Hundred with a "jimmy."

New Jersey, which has better roads than any other State in the Union, proposes to spend \$1,000,000 during the coming year to make her roads still better. This is the kind of enterprise that builds up a State.

OUR MODERN ROBESPIERRES.

The conservative press of the country has had a long labor in trying to teach the laboring classes and the wage-working element that their worst enemy is the professional agitator, whose sole motive is to ride into office on their backs. He goes about the country just before election, telling the farmers how the capitalists and bankers are oppressing them; and then he returns to the city to sell out the labor vote as a large-sized "piece club" to whichever candidate will pay the most money for it.

The city of Leadville, in Colorado, has just gone through a long period of strikes, in which industry of every description was paralyzed and old "California Gulch" looked quieter than it was before ever the first vein of argenteiferous galena was opened at that place. The Herald-Democrat thus voices its opinion of the men who precipitate such strikes upon the community:

"Then there is the labor agitator. He is generally a loud, boisterous fellow, who sees the cloven foot of corporations and capital in every movement, no matter what its character. He is the walking delegate in New York, Chicago and Boston, the inflated person who stalks abroad and with a commanding wave of his delicate white hand paralyzes the ambition of enterprise and sends the workers to enforced idleness. He is the autocrat who stamps his heel and weeps imaginary tears of pain over the ill-considered lot of the wage-earners, while often he secretly interviews the master or the contractor and graciously permits his dupes to return to work for so much verbal stipulation, paid in good government money by the employer. He dines off the best and sups luxuriously at the expense of his fellows. When they are compelled to be satisfied with meager fare, his smug visage wears a contented and happy look behind a choice Havana."

That is just about the size of it, and states the question as plainly and neatly as the English language can possibly convey it. The labor agitator is an enemy to good order and social prosperity and never loses a chance to sustain his reputation as an all-around public pest. He wants agitation where everybody else wants peace. Commenting upon this class of men, the Sacramento Bee fully says:

"There is present in all the troubles of a class of men, the breath of whose life is in motion, who are not yet employed men, for starving women and children, so long as they can pose in the full glare of public notoriety. Such leaders have done greater harm to the working classes than all the schemes of grinding capitalists. Labor has not been injured any more by grasping syndicates than it has by its own Robespierres."

This is precisely the ground taken by The Times upon this question, in return for which it has been boycotted and the good Lord alone knows what else. But it has gone along peacefully as was possible under the circumstances and never looked to right or left. Conscious in its knowledge of the right and its advocacy of justice, it has never once faltered while awaiting the dawn of returning reason.

All the methods of the agitator are tricky and underhanded, not to say criminal. The barrier between the laborer and the blackmailer is not so narrow and ill-defined that it is not to tell where one begins and the other leaves off. Sensible people are beginning to find that out, and the labor agitator is rapidly sinking to his proper level in the estimation of the truly industrious and sober workmen of the country.

STREET-RAILWAY FRANCHISES.

There is a bill now pending in the State Legislature which is of great importance, not only to street-railway companies, but to all who are interested in the progress and prosperity of California cities. A delegation of citizens, headed by the Mayor of San Francisco, recently visited Sacramento to argue against the passage of this bill. The object of the bill is to change the present law regarding the granting of franchises to street-railway companies. The present law permits a new company to utilize the tracks of an existing line for five consecutive blocks, upon paying a fair remuneration for the privilege. Under this law, it is easy to see that a new company might come in and operate a long railway system without building much track, by running for five blocks over a existing road, then switching off for a few blocks and running five blocks more. It is true that this would not be good railroad business, because it would be competing over the same territory, but it has happened before, and may happen again, that such franchises are applied for by parties who have no real intention of building and operating a road, but simply intend to hold such a franchise as a club over an existing company, for the purpose of extracting money. As THE TIMES stated some time ago, there is little doubt that the refusal of a South African syndicate to purchase the street-railway systems of Los Angeles was largely due to the fact that under the existing law it is such an easy thing for a corporation to blackmail existing roads in the manner indicated.

On the other hand, the new law proposed by a railroad company applying for a new franchise shall only be permitted to utilize the tracks of an existing street-car system for five blocks altogether. This is going too far in the opposite direction. Such a law would simply have the effect of preventing the ingress to the business center of any new street-railway systems. It is not only the lines in operation that have to be considered, but the franchises that have been platted over many streets for the purpose of keeping other companies out. It is evident that Los Angeles is on the eve of a great development in the building of suburban electric roads. Already a franchise has been applied for by the Terminal Company for the electrifying of its road to Pasadena. Other roads, to Glendale, Whittier, Florence and to Long Beach, have been discussed, and there is little doubt that, providing no obstacle is interposed, there will be within a few years electric lines running from Los Angeles to all those places, and to Redondo, Alhambra and other points in Los Angeles county, or even beyond. To become remunerative investments, however, such roads must be able to obtain access to the business center. This they cannot do if they are not permitted to utilize more than five blocks in all of another street-railway system. The bill referred to would be modified, so as to strike a fair medium between the existing law and the one proposed.

There are other undesirable features about the existing law regarding the granting of franchises to street-railroad companies, and it would be well if they could be changed. It should be made more difficult, on the one hand, for new companies to obtain franchises over parallel routes of existing lines, and on the other hand it should not be so easy for existing companies to acquire franchises for lines which they do not intend to construct, in order to keep out competition. In some eastern cities the city government exercises the power of deciding whether an application for a franchise is in the interest of the public or not, then granting or refusing it as they may see fit. Under such a system, with careful investigation of the rights of the case, no such flagrant instance of "freeze-out" competition would have been permitted as that of the paralleling of the lines of the old cable company by the electric system, which gave Los Angeles a black eye among Chicago investors that will not be forgotten for many a year.

A Pennsylvania judge has sentenced to the penitentiary, for a term of ten years, the defaulting cashier of the Lebanon bank; and, while it is somewhat unusual for defaulting bank officials to be punished in any of the States, yet the sum embezzled was \$100,000, so large that somebody must be a sore sufferer by the defalcation. The law should be amended so as to make the imprisonment five years for any sum of \$50,000 or less, with one year additional for each additional \$10,000 stolen up to \$25,000; and a life sentence for any sum in excess of \$25,000. The temptation is so strong for bank officials to use other people's money in speculations on wheat, pork and other articles outside of the stock market that only some law like that will put a short stop to embezzlement.

The Eternal City is not only the home of "the father, the Pope," but it also seems, of late, to have become the home of "my uncle, the pawnbroker." The official returns of the city government show that, despite the large amounts of money annually expended there by tourists from all parts of the world, there is a steady decline in civic prosperity. The tax collector reports that there are 60,000 families unable to pay taxes on their personal property; and the number of pledges in the pawnbrokers' shops has reached 997,000, on which the yearly interest amounts to 14,000,000 lire, equal to \$2,800,000 of our money. At this rate it is not to be wondered at that Italy should annually turn out enough brigands to steal the whole world poor.

American tin-plate manufacturers are now able to supply the entire home consumption of that commodity, and are practically doing so. This great industry, furnishing employment to between 20,000 and 30,000 men, was created by the McKinley tariff. So firmly has it become established that the McKinley rate of 2.2 cents per pound is no longer needed, and a duty of 1.5 cents per pound has been decided upon by the Ways and Means Committee. This rate is only 3 of a cent higher than the duty imposed by the present law. Prices of tin plates have been reduced since 1890, when the McKinley law was enacted, from \$5.17 per box for Bessemer I. C. 14x20, to \$3.35. This is one of the many beneficial results of "McKinley protection."

The fact that the Russian government experts have reported favorably upon the Harveyley nickel steel made by the Bethlehem Iron Company for the Russian battleship Rostov, is a most satisfactory report to all who are interested in the advancement of American manufactures. The tested plate was one representing 1500 tons of the steel referred to, and its satisfactory test has led up to an order for two propeller shafts to be used on another new Russian vessel. In addition to these the same concern has received a contract from the Japanese government for the shafts and engine forgings for two new cruisers in process of construction near Higo.

The trip to Nevada from Los Angeles, to witness the new world-famous "go" between Pompadour Jeems and Emardated Robert, will be a somewhat costly one by the time the average admirer of "the manly art" gets back home. And that is not the main trouble. Either the boys that put on the gloves in our local gymnasiums are not minding the expense so much as they are afraid of a foul that will prematurely terminate the encounter. The decision of Mr. White Yurup (as one of the lawyers in the replevin suit called him) in the Sharkey-Pittsimons case has made some of our amateur fistifiers just a little bit cautious.

Mr. Dana once alluded to a certain distinguished gentleman who is about to vacate his residence in favor of a party named McKinley, as a "stuffed prophet." The same vigorous press veteran might, with equal propriety refer to Senator Hill as a belated one. The Senator finds a house of refuge in one of the magazines to declare his opinion upon the Democratic party and its future. The members of that party do not want to hear that. There was a time when they wanted to hear from him on its present, but that

present has now become the past, and retrospection lends no vista of enlightenment. In concluding his article, the Senator says: "The Democratic party cannot now consent to become the asylum for all the demagogues and charlatans in the country who, while ostensibly proclaiming their desire to subvert the public good, are really furthering schemes of ambition or private gain or endeavoring to undermine the government and to pull down the pillars of society." If he had talked that way last year, at any time between July and October, the people might have had some regard for him. Just now there seems to be very little future for the Democratic party and still less for Senator Hill.

The admission of Utah into the Union now makes the presence of forty-six Senators necessary to insure a quorum of the Senate. Sixty years ago that number was equal to the entire membership on that floor. No other little circumstance shows more accurately the growth and expansion of the great world's grandest republic.

Observing people might find food for reflection in the fact that the Sugar Trust, which figured so prominently in Congress, is now figuring in the courts with an equal degree of prominence. If the pathway of justice be not impeded by corruption, one of these conditions must inevitably lead up to the other.

The Carlists in Spain are said to be better organized than ever before, and ready to take advantage of any crisis that may occur in the affairs of the government. Between enemies at home and in Cuba the Spanish government is in a rather tight place.

The Bradley-Martin hall may have been a foolish affair, but the interminable gabble about it is infinitely more foolish. Give us a rest.

AT THE PLAYHOUSES.

LOS ANGELES THEATRE. "A Flower Girl of Paris" was given by Fanny Rice and her company at this theatre last night to a fair audience. The piece is a new one in the repertoire of the winsome Fanny, and while it contains the making of a pretty little comedy, much dialogue will have to be eliminated and more music included before all the possibilities of the play are accomplished.

The romantic element is well brought out, and in concluding it is beyond anything that Miss Rice has yet attempted. There are a number of catchy musical numbers scattered throughout the action, but there is also much noisy talk and a lack of action which, as the play stands at present, will prevent its becoming a popular success. Miss Rice has a congenial role as the pert and pliant flower girl, and she is afforded a chance to make a number of handsome stage pictures in the short gown and clustering sabots of the flower girl, to be. Mr. Drew as Francois the baker, and the homely lover of Ninon, was delightfully amusing, and the Chevalier of John S. Terry was made a feature by his sweet singing. Francis Gaillard does a bit of good acting as the senile roe Baron Touloute, and the company throughout is superior to its opportunities.

The next attraction at this house is the renowned "Chimney Fadden," with his wealth of East-side slang, and the other people of Ned Townsend's famous book. BURBANK THEATRE. The house will hold a jolly crowd tonight. The members of Co. A, Seventh Regiment, N.O.C., will enjoy a benefit and this will be a military night. The boxes and loges have been reserved for the officers of the regiment and the orchestra will play a military march. From Pasadena a letter says that the members of Co. I send forty-five men and their ladies, who have secured seats in the center of the house. A regular guard will be mounted in the foyer and military salute and challenge will be one of the features of the evening. Extra drills and maneuvers on the stage by members of Co. A will add to the military effect of the play.

HAWAIIAN ANNEXATION.

A DETERMINED EFFORT MADE TO BRING IT ABOUT.

ATTY-GEN. SMITH, EX-MINISTER THURSTON, and A. S. HARTWELL en Route to Washington to Confer with Minister Hatch.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.—Among the passengers from Honolulu today on the steamer Australia was ATTY-GEN. WILLIAM O. SMITH, who will proceed to Washington to confer with Minister Hatch on annexation matters. His sudden departure was the outcome of a hurried meeting of the Hawaiian cabinet after the arrival of the steamer Gaelic, which took to Honolulu important letters from Minister Hatch regarding annexation.

Lorin A. Thurston, formerly Hawaiian Minister at Washington, and A. S. Hartwell, another Honolulu annexationist, will accompany Mr. Smith to Washington. "I go to Washington in the sole interests of annexation," said ATTY-GEN. SMITH today. "Cable propositions or any other issue will be relegated to the rear. The Cabinet has deemed it necessary, from the recent advice received from Mr. Hatch, to have a representative of the Hawaiian republic in Washington with power to act. Matters which are of vital importance to the Hawaiian republic will be discussed during the fortnight that I will be in Washington, and the authority is vested in me to act for this government. A great deal of valuable time can be saved in this way. It is closer political union with the United States that I shall work for while in Washington."

The statement that Mr. Smith's visit to Washington is for the purpose of concluding dependent on the State. Queen Liliuokalani may be exerting its most emphatic denial. Adjusting Ticket Commissions. CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—The roads of the Western Passenger Association met today for the purpose of equalizing commissions. It was decided to ask the Southern Pacific and other roads that have been paying high commissions, to lessen their rates instead of compelling others to come up to their mark. It is understood that the Southern Pacific will do this, and the rate of commissions throughout the territory of the Western Passenger Association will be thus equalized.

BANK ASSESSMENTS.

QUESTION INVOLVED IN AMENDMENTS OF REVENUE LAWS.

National Banks Might Escape All Taxation Under the Present Constitutional Provisions.

DOUBLE OWNERSHIP OF STOCKS

SOLVENT CREDITS OF A BANK CAN NOT BE ASSESSED.

Stocks and Bonds are Taxed Under Private Ownership—Constitutional Provisions. An Interesting Opinion.

An interesting question is presented in the effort now being made in the Legislature of this State to amend the revenue laws as to provide for the assessment of the property of national banks. The Constitution of the State provides that all property in the State, not exempt under the laws of the United States, shall be taxed in proportion to its value. And the word property is declared to include money, credits, bonds, stocks, dues, franchises and all other matters and things, real, personal and mixed, capable of private ownership.

It is necessary, therefore, under the constitutional provisions, to assess all property which may belong to the bank, to it as a corporation. The Constitution is mandatory to this end. Can the Legislature then make provision for the assessment of the shares of stock held by the stockholders?

The question has been interpreted by the Supreme Court to prohibit double taxation. If the property belonging to the corporation stock be assessed, can the corporate stock be also assessed? It would seem not. Congress has conferred the right to assess the stock of national banks to the holders thereof, but the State Constitution apparently prohibits this. And the Legislature of the State, in the session of 1881, incorporated a new section in the Political Code, expressly excepting all shares of stock in national banks from assessment, on the ground that to assess such shares and the property of the corporation would be double taxation. It is interesting to note in this connection, that only such interests in the property of national banks can be subjected to taxation as Congress shall first, in express terms, authorize. Congress has authorized the taxation of the real estate belonging to the bank and the shares of stock held by the stockholders. But the Constitution of the State and the statutes enacted in pursuance of it prohibit the taxation of the shares of stock. And as Congress has not conferred the right to assess the stock of national banks to the holders thereof, but the State Constitution apparently prohibits this, and the Legislature of the State, in the session of 1881, incorporated a new section in the Political Code, expressly excepting all shares of stock in national banks from assessment, on the ground that to assess such shares and the property of the corporation would be double taxation. It is interesting to note in this connection, that only such interests in the property of national banks can be subjected to taxation as Congress shall first, in express terms, authorize. Congress has authorized the taxation of the real estate belonging to the bank and the shares of stock held by the stockholders. 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THE WEATHER.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Feb. 17.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.04; at 5 p.m., 30.00. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 51 deg. and 55 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 84 per cent.; 5 p.m., 82 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., northeast, velocity 3 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity 6 miles. Maximum temperature, 57 deg.; minimum temperature, 48 deg. Rainfall past twenty-four hours, .06 inch; rainfall for season, 11.48 inches. Character of weather, cloudy. Barometer reduced to sea level.

The Times

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Builders of the proposed Ramona road in San Diego county find that in order to get stock subscriptions they must incorporate under Arizona laws rather than under laws in this state, because the former laws are less rigorous concerning stockholders' liabilities.

Pasadena's orange-growers would do well to wake up and take a hand in the effort to secure from Congress protection for the citrus industry. This is a matter of importance to every shipper of oranges in Southern California and Pasadena makes quite a respectable contribution to the annual output.

An Orange county justice, who does not seem to be animated by a thrifty desire to get his hands into the county treasury after the manner of too many of the tribe of Dogberry, has sent a gang of tramps to jail for thirty days. Usually the county justices and constables work the fee scheme on tramps in five-day shifts, a system that is profitable to the officers, and not obnoxious to the tramps. Thirty days at hard labor is a different proposition.

The Theosophists have discovered that in ages gone by a "high civilization flourished in America," and that Point Loma was the site of a temple wherein were enacted occult monkey-shines that would have made a high priest of Babylon green with envy. They found all these interesting things in "occult records," whatever those may have been, but to be, and they also discovered that the Mahatmas and Yogi and Buddhist monks have protected Point Loma from desecration for ages.

There is some talk among the farmers along a certain portion of the Santa Ana River in Orange county of forming a protection district for the purpose of providing needed protection from the overflow of the river. It is proposed to organize under the State law giving to residents of localities the right to so organize and to impose taxes for the proposed improvement for the general public. The locality to be protected is the section of country near Garden Grove, and it is proposed to place such protection as is necessary at or near the Olive bridge to prevent further overflows at that place.

THE NEW BOARD

Holds its First Meeting in the Chamber of Commerce. Fourteen members of the new board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce met yesterday afternoon for the first time in its existence as a board. President Farnham presiding, the chair was taken by the president.

The Los Angeles Engraving Company was elected to membership. The committee appointed to confer with the Council in the matter of securing employment for people needing work, now in this city, reported that their proposition was under consideration in the Council and would be acted on in a day or two. The committee was granted further time. A communication was read from the National Association of Agricultural Implement Manufacturers, asking the chamber to pass resolutions advocating the placing of the consular service of the United States under civil-service rules. The matter was referred to the Committee on Law and Legislation. A communication was read from J. M. Crawley, who is now in Paris, assuring the chamber of his continued good will, and offering to do anything in his power to disseminate information about his country in Europe. The remainder of the meeting was devoted to the transaction of routine business relative to the affairs of the chamber.

ENGINEERS AND ARCHITECTS.

Annual Meeting of the Association Held Last Evening.

Daniel D. Halladay read an interesting and exhaustive paper upon the present engineering conditions in Guatemala and Honduras at the annual meeting of the Engineers' and Architects' Association held last evening in the Association Hall in the Wilcox Block. Mr. Halladay was formerly the assistant engineer of the Guatemala Northern Railway, and his paper was weighty with the knowledge borne of actual experience.

President Octavius Morgan opened the meeting with a review of the work accomplished by the association during the past year. E. L. Swaine, the incoming president, then outlined the work to be done through the coming year. Mr. Halladay's paper came next, and was followed by the report of the secretary, Frank H. Olmsted.

The officers for the ensuing year are: E. L. Swaine, president; Fred Eaton, first vice-president; A. B. Boston, second vice-president; F. H. Olmsted, secretary. The directors are: J. A. Wallis, S. P. Hunt, H. Hawgood and W. H. Warren.

Thanks to Bishop Newman.

The following resolutions were passed by the Los Angeles Ministerial Union relative to the address delivered by Bishop Newman before that body, at its recent meeting:

"Resolved, that we have listened with great pleasure and profit to the profound, important and spiritual address of Rev. John P. Newman, D.D., LL.D., one of the bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and that the thanks of this body are due and are hereby tendered to him for the courtesy with which he has favored us."

"Resolved, that copies of these resolutions be sent to the city papers; also, a copy to Mrs. J. P. Newman, the honored wife of the distinguished bishop."

Albert E. Fletcher Recovering. A few days ago The Times reprinted from a Milwaukee paper the account of an accident to Albert E. Fletcher and his wife in that city during the first week in February, when an electric car ran into the back in which they were riding. Subsequent information shows that Mrs. Fletcher's injuries were more serious than at first reported. He went to his place of business the first day after the accident, but in a few hours he had to succumb to the orders of physicians and friends. One week after he was enabled to attend to business, though he is still suffering great pain.

WATCHES cleaned, 75c; main-spring, 50c; crystals, 10c. Patton, No. 123 East Broadway.

THREE GOLD MEDALS

TO BE AWARDED TO EXHIBITORS OF CITRUS FRUIT.

Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce Citrus Exhibit to Be Held Next Week—Special Inducements Offered to Districts Not Well Known.

Three gold medals are to be awarded to the fortunate exhibitors of the three best boxes of Washington navel, lemons and oranges of any variety other than Washington navel shown to the Gold Medal Citrus Exhibit which will open at the Chamber of Commerce February 23, and continue for five days.

This exhibit is open to all Southern California growers of citrus fruit, and is designed especially to bring into prominence districts not familiarly known to the general public. Heretofore the gold medal of the Chamber of Commerce Citrus Exhibit has been awarded either to Ontario, Highland, Redlands or Riverside. The managers of the present exhibit wish to give the



less prominent districts the chance to gain a gold medal and the fame that goes with it. The exhibit will be held in the exhibit room of the Chamber of Commerce, Broadway and Fourth streets, and will be free to all visitors, no admission fee being charged at the door. Three competent judges will be selected by the committee, which includes E. F. C. Klokke, J. S. Slauson and Frank Wiggins. No judge may be a competitor. The exhibit is free to the exhibitors, as well as the public, as all fruit for the display will be transported by the railroad companies free of charge, and will be received and placed in position without any expense to the exhibitor.

According to the rules of the exhibit, one box of each variety may be entered by each individual grower. No entry fee will be charged, but all fruit entered becomes the property of the Chamber of Commerce. Entries may be made up to and including February 22. Particular attention is paid to packing, it being the order of the committee that each box must be commercially packed, California or Mexican style, and that all paper wrappers must be perfectly plain; but colored paper may be used. No brand or mark of any description will be allowed on or within the box. A perfect pack entitles the grower to a credit of ten points, so it is well worth striving for. The only mark allowed is the exhibitor's name, postoffice address and variety of fruit, which must be plainly written on a card and attached to each box. A record will be made on a numbered diagram prepared by the superintendent, on which will be noted the name and address. The card will be detached and a number placed thereon instead, so that the judges will have no opportunity of knowing whose fruit they are examining. When the awards are made known, the names will be replaced, and each individual given full credit for his donation.

The California scale for judging citrus fruits adopted by the State Board of Horticulture will be used as far as practicable. Under this scale, fruit larger than three and a quarter inches in diameter, or smaller than two and seven-sixteenths in diameter is subject to discount. A total number of a hundred and ten points will constitute perfection, the extra ten points being added for pack and package.

THE BELGIAN MARKET Very Favorable for California Dried Fruits. In a letter to the Chamber of Commerce Charles J. Murphy, now stationed in Belgium as commissioner for the State of Iowa, and late special representative of the United States Department of Agriculture, states the great demand in European countries for California wines and dried fruits. Mr. Murphy was sent abroad for the purpose of extending the demands and opening up the foreign markets for agricultural and manufactured products of the United States, and he is consequently in a position to speak with authority upon the demand for the products of California.

Mr. Murphy says that, although Belgium occupies but a small space upon the map of Europe, its importance as a distributing center to the larger countries should not be overlooked. It is within a few hours of Paris, London and Amsterdam, and but little farther from Germany.

After the placing of California wines in the Antwerp Exposition, where they were awarded the gold medal, they have been rapidly growing into popularity, and have commanded a good market. The same may be said of dried fruits, and in a far greater degree. So great is the demand that one firm alone in Belgium has 365 branch stores where California dried fruits are now offered for sale.

In view of this large and increasing market, Mr. Murphy strongly urges that an exhibit be sent from California to the Brussels Exposition in 1897, which he believes will far exceed in importance the coming exposition at Hamburg.

HEATING HOUSES, CHURCHES, ETC. With hot air is made a specialty by F. B. Brown, No. 123 East Fourth street.

WATCHES cleaned, 75c; main-spring, 50c; crystals, 10c. Patton, No. 123 East Broadway.

Olives.

Anyone who knows anything about olives knows that they are a paying crop every year. They also know that productive olive land is very scarce and is daily growing scarcer.

We have 1440 acres of the best olive land in California. We are selling it in small tracts on easy payments. This is a good investment. We will send you our book if you are interested. It tells all.

Del Sur Ranch Co.,

338 S. Broadway, Los Angeles. Eastern Office: 289 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

New Books.

"Quo Vadis," by Henryk Sienkiewicz, price...\$2.00

Phroso, by Anthony Hope, price...\$1.50

Two Health Seekers in Southern California, by William A. Edwards, M.D., and Beatrice Harraden, price...\$1.00

FOR SALE BY C. C. Parker, 246 S. Broadway. Near Public Library. The largest, most complete and most varied stock of books on the Pacific Coast.

Any Paint

Has some good point—it wouldn't be a paint unless it had. One is good for filling, another will cover well, another is heavy, but there is none that can be depended upon for every good quality like

Harrison's

P. H. Mathews, 238-240 S. Main St., Middle of Block, Between 24 and 34 streets.

Today's Specials

Children's \$3 Woolen Dresses, \$2.50
Child's \$3 Hose, \$2.00
Ladies' \$4 Wrappers, \$2.74
Ladies' \$2.50 Silk Waists, \$2.00
Infants' \$1.00 Outfit, consisting of 3 pieces at \$1.00

I. Magnin & Co.,

Manufacturers, 237 SOUTH SPRING ST., Mail orders promptly filled. MYER SIEGEL, Manager.

When You Use Tomson's

SOAP

FOAM

Washing Powder

You will use no other.

Comes in 5c, 15c and 25c pkgs.

Los Angeles College

Oldest, Largest, Best, Experienced Teachers, Modern Methods, Thorough Courses of Study including Telegraphy and Accounting. New Illustrated Catalogue sent Free. 212 West Third St.

BUY GLOVES OF A GLOVE MAN

THE UNIQUE

247 South Spring St.

Death to Hair Disease.

Accurate Scalp Treatment Given. SUPERFLUOUS HAIR AND MOLES permanently removed by the Electric Needle process without pain. IMPERIAL HAIR BAZAAR, 224-226 W. Second Street.

For Correct Fitting

and grinding of glasses consult us. Fit and comfort assured. J. G. Marshall, 245 S. Spring St. Established 1885. Optical and Eyeglass Repairing.

DR. JAEGER'S

WOOL UNDERWEAR.

Full Line at

DESMOND'S, No. 141 South Spring St.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

FURNITURE CO. 326-328-330 SOUTH MAIN ST.

BROWN BROS.'

Big Special Overcoat Sale.

249-251 South Spring Street.

BOSTON STORE

Wholesale. Telephone Main 904. Retail.

Collarettes, - Capes, Waists.

Russia Seal Collarettes, silk lined, edged all around with Chinchilla fur; each...\$5.50
Plush Collarettes, trimmed with Chinchilla and Braid; each...\$7.50
Electric Seal Collarettes, silk lined; each...\$10.00
China Seal Collarettes, pointed yokes, silk lined; each...\$12.00
China Seal Collarettes, 13-inch, full sweep, storm collar, satin lined edged with Chinchilla, each...\$13.50
Electric Seal Collarettes, fancy taffeta, silk lined, storm collar, trimmed with tails; each...\$15.00

CAPESES.
Black Beaver Capes, velvet collar and strap, full sweep; each...\$6.50
Tan Melton Capes, silk faced, storm collar; each...\$7.50
Navy Blue Cloth Capes, velvet collar, braid and buttons; each...\$9.00
Navy and Black Beaver Capes, silk serge lined; each...\$10.00
Black Astrakhan Cloth Capes, silk lined, fancy trimmed; each...\$10.00
Black Silk Capes, Rhodames lined, edged with fur; each...\$12.00

WAISTS.
Velvet Shirt Waists, turn-back collars and cuffs, green, red, blue, violet; each...\$5.00
Corduroy Shirt Waists, Bishop sleeves, turn-back collar; black, brown, tan, gray; each...\$5.00
Fancy Taffeta Silk Waists, latest sleeves; each...\$5.00
Black and White Striped Silk Waists, extra; each...\$8.00
Fancy Silk Waists, sleeves and collar trimmed with Chiffon and velvet; each...\$9.00
Navy Blue and White Taffeta Silk Waists, lined all through, Bishop sleeves; each...\$10.00
Fancy Silk Waists, trimmed with silk velvet, silk lined, puffed yoke; each...\$12.00

Pillsbury's Best.

The Mills owned by the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills Co. Ltd., could feed two cities as large as New York.

CROMBIE & CO., Coast Agents, Los Angeles.

H. JEVNE

If You Want Pure Candies

"You're Safe at Jevne's." We have said it before and we want to repeat the message—"Our confectionary department is the most attractive candy place in the city. The candies are fresh, pure and cleanly handled. Lowney's and Mailard's Chocolates are here in abundant assortment. If you want a box of fine candy 'you're safe at Jevne's.'"

208-210 South Spring Street, Wilcox Bldg.

Your Liquors "GENUINE"—Your Wines "PURE."

AT WOOLLACOTT'S

Telephone Main 44. 124-126 N. Spring St.

Highest Quality! Richest Flavor! Full Weight!

RAMONA

FLAVORING EXTRACTS

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THEM. Newmark Brothers, Los Angeles, Cal.

Sale & Son,

Squirrel Poison

Strychnine, per oz., \$1.00

220 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

1897 Keating Bicycle. Rush joints new roller chain, \$100. 1897 Keating Bicycle, outside joints, \$75. HAWLEY, KING & CO., cor. Broadway and Fifth Street. Agents Victor, Keating, World and March Bicycles.

BROWN BROS.' Big Special Overcoat Sale.

249-251 South Spring Street.

J.T. SHEWARD

113-115 N. SPRING ST.

The Small Neat Checks in the

Dress Goods Department

for 50c, 75c and \$1.00 a yard are having a quick response in bringing sales up to the usual standard for spring buying.

Better goods are being sold for 50c a yard this season than were sold for 75c last season. American-made goods are driving the foreign goods out of the market.

Come and See

How splendid the qualities are for 50c, 75c and \$1.00 a yard.

We are daily adding to our stock new and desirable goods for spring.

The March Delineator and patterns are now on sale.

Newberry's.

"Lead in Quality and Quantity." Do you remember those big fat fine Blueberry Pies your mother used to make back east? Do you know you can have nearly as good here if you try. We have a pack of very fine Blueberries, known as the "Monarch Brand." They are extremely fine. Try your hand at pie-making. One can will make 2 to 3 large pies. Sold at 25c can.

216 and 218 S. Spring Street.

BISHOPS.....

RASPBERRY BELMONT'S

Are not as cheap as some cakes, but being Very Rich they go further.

Cad'smurr Store

314 & 316 SOUTH SPRING ST. Hot Air Furnaces.

LOWMAN THE HATTER

THE NEW LIFE-GIVER.

Cures Diseases without Medicine or Electricity. Read what it has done for this party, and it will do the same for you if given a trial:

TESTIMONIAL. "I cheerfully add my testimonial regarding the wonderful curative powers of the Oxydonor. In November, 1896, I was induced to try the instrument for Neuralgia and Rheumatism—the effects of the gripper. My husband, who has been a sufferer for two years, having doctoring with the best known physicians in this city without obtaining permanent relief, at last consented to try the Oxydonor, and in ten days treatment he was enabled to go to work, and has never had a return of the misery. It would take up too much space here to tell how much of health he was when beginning the treatment. I consider the Oxydonor an infallible cure for Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Nervous Prostration, Heart Trouble, Insomnia, Fever, Diphtheria, Croup, Pneumonia, Weakness, Loss of Vigor, Catarrh and all Kidney Troubles. I have treated to a cure over one hundred cases since I purchased my instrument. If I could not get another, I would not take money for it. There is nothing like it for treating children."

MRS. S. P. BEERS, 204 E. Sixth Street. P. S.—Mrs. Beers is the wife of Conductor Beers, on the Main-street car line.

OXYDONORS SOLD AND RENTED.

Southern California Oxydonor Co., 333-334 Wilson Block, S. E. cor. Spring and First sts.

NILES PEASE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

FURNITURE

Carpets....

337-339-341

South Spring St.

SPECIAL LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

BANNING COMPANY.

COAL. COAL. COAL. COAL.

Just received several thousand tons selected S. F. Wellington Coal and are selling at lowest market price. Stock up for the winter.

TELEPHONE, MAIN 36. 222 SOUTH SPRING STREET

THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

NOT DEAD OR ASLEEP

STORM-DRAIN BOND MATTER IS A LIVE ISSUE.

Board of Public Works Co-operating with the City Engineer in Preparing a Report.

THE SCOTT FRANCHISE CASE.

INTERESTING RULING BY SUPERIOR JUDGE CLARK.

Three Damage Suits Progressing. Meeting of the Board of Supervisors—Charged with Obtaining Money Wrongfully.

At the City Hall yesterday the Fire Commission held its regular session. Commissioner Vetter's absence was noticed and commented upon, he having resigned recently. Two firemen were "on the carpet" for offenses reported by the Chief. The City Engineer is working with the Board of Public Works in preparing a recommendation to the Council regarding the construction of a storm-drain system.

THOSE STORM DRAINS.

CITY ENGINEER PREPARING DATA FOR THE COUNCIL'S USE.

Board of Public Works Determined to Bring the Matter Up as Soon as Possible—Probable Cost of the Work.

City Engineer Dockweiler, under the direction of the Board of Public Works, is preparing data in relation to the building of a storm-drain system, to cost about \$100,000, and to be paid for with money obtained from the sale of bonds issued by the city for the purpose.

In the Times of last Saturday it was stated that the Board of Public Works had determined to recommend to the Council that an election be called, when the people might vote on the question of issuing bonds for this purpose. It was not stated that the recommendation would be presented last Monday, although by some it has been assumed that because the matter was not discussed openly during the Council session on that day the idea had been given up by the Board of Public Works.

The board held a lengthy consultation with City Engineer Dockweiler on Monday, and as the result of the meeting, it was decided to allow the engineer a week in which to collate data on the subject, the data to be used by the board in making its report to the Council on the proposition.

Since that time Mr. Dockweiler has not been idle. He is not incurring any expense in his work to be borne by the city, other than the salaries of his regular office force, a portion of whose services he is utilizing in his present task, doing a great deal of valuable work.

It is peculiarly fortunate for the engineer that his past occupancy of the office he holds gave him a knowledge of the city's topography, and an acquaintance with the plans and previous work of the city engineer, and that he was able to prepare the storm-drain system which were prepared by Fred Eaton during the latter's term of office as City Engineer.

What would be an extensive and expensive piece of work without such an acquaintance with the plans and previous work of the city engineer, and that he was able to prepare the storm-drain system which were prepared by Fred Eaton during the latter's term of office as City Engineer.

By making this change the estimates prepared by Mr. Eaton can be scaled down, a good deal, and if the plan is considered a good deal, Mr. Dockweiler calculates that that amount would be saved to the city.

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"That seems like a great big lot of money, doesn't it?" said Mr. Dockweiler yesterday. "But here's another side to it. Sooner or later we've got to have such a system. Every year we spend at least \$10,000 in repairing our graded streets, in purchasing gravel and doing the work necessary. The greater part of this money would be saved with a storm-drain system. That means you, is leaving out of account the comfort and convenience of the people who suffer during every rainstorm because of the condition of the streets. I'm simply talking now about the \$10,000 a year we spend on the streets because we have no storm-drain system.

get in return won't be permanent. Whereas if we build this storm-drain system we put out our money, get a return from it in the shape of the storm drain, make a permanent improvement and give the unemployed work. The project is not only feasible but admirable, and it seems to me should commend itself to all who consider it even casually.

Street Superintendent Drain confirmed the statement made by the City Engineer as to the money spent annually on the streets. He thought the estimate rather low. His force, he declared, had been kept busy since the first of the year repairing the damage done by storm water, which a proper storm-drain system would have obviated almost altogether.

Councilman Blanchard, chairman of the Board of Public Works, is intent upon having the Council call an election for the purpose of issuing bonds, and believes that the time is ripe for such an improvement to be made, considering that the growth of the city and its consequent greater area of graded streets renders it imperative that a storm-drain system be constructed at this time or as soon as possible. The fact that the unemployed would benefit greatly by the carrying out of the enterprise, Councilman Blanchard considers an additional reason why the matter should be pushed forward at this time.

Councilman Ashman, a member of the board, agrees heartily with Mr. Blanchard and believes the bonds would carry at an election. Councilman Matthews, the third member of the board, is disposed to be non-committal in the matter, but will hardly fail of giving his support to the board when it presents its report to the Council.

Mayor Snyder indorses the board's action, declaring that the sooner the project is carried out the better for the city and the people in it. "I am on record," said the Mayor, "as favoring this project, and I hope to see the Council bring it to pass. The people should have a chance to vote on the question, and I don't think there is any doubt as to what their verdict would be. Let the Board of Public Works report in the matter be adopted, providing the bonds are sold, and in line with what is now understood to be their ideas, and then let the election be held at once, the bonds voted, the project put in operation, the city permanently improved, the poor helped, and the question of good streets in Los Angeles settled for many years to come."

FIREMEN ON THE CARPET.

Heavy Fine Imposed on a Derelict Captain.

There was a notable vacancy in the Board of Fire Commissioners at its meeting yesterday afternoon, when, for the first time, in several years, Commissioner Vetter's seat was empty. Mr. Vetter resigned his office last Monday, for reasons which have been given before, these being bound in his connection with the recently-organized Home Telephone Company. There have been very few meetings of the Fire Commission at which Mr. Vetter was not present.

There was no formal action taken yesterday by the Commission, relative to the resignation of the derelict, but his past work in the board were made by the Commissioners, who united in extolling his skill while a member of the board.

Chief Moore in his weekly report yesterday preferred charges against two firemen whose cases were considered by the board.

Because he failed to report to Assistant Chief Smith at a recent fire, James Johnson, captain of Chemical Company No. 1, was fined \$20 by the board.

In addition to the fine, Chief Moore was directed to reprimand the fireman, and notify him that a repetition of the offense would result in his discharge from the department.

Johnson usually passes over with a reprimand. But the fireman, in addition to this blunder, refused, or neglected to report at the fire to Assistant Chief Smith when ordered to do so by the latter. The Commission considered this refusal or neglect to be worthy of a severe rebuke and imposed the fine and reprimand accordingly.

Johnson was not alone on the carpet. C. G. Anderson, driver of cart No. 2, was also reprimanded for neglecting to report to the Commission yesterday, and reprimanded for his dereliction.

Chief Moore asked for, and was granted more time in which to handle the case of the Chinese laundry at 7th and San.

The Chief recommended the placing of a fire alarm box near the Los Angeles Soap Company's factory, and the Commission usually passes over with a reprimand. But the fireman, in addition to this blunder, refused, or neglected to report at the fire to Assistant Chief Smith when ordered to do so by the latter. The Commission considered this refusal or neglect to be worthy of a severe rebuke and imposed the fine and reprimand accordingly.

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Lighting Company, but that this should not be construed as a ruling that the defendants cannot be permitted to show in defense that a judgment excluding them from the exercise of the franchise would work a public injury, and for that reason should not have been made.

The question whether the Council could or the Court can investigate and adjudicate that the Spruance bid was not made bona fide, and whether the Council could take into consideration the offer to furnish lights for the City Hall, Judge Clark holds are all questions of importance raised by the pleadings.

"But, he concludes, 'if the purpose of the counsel was to bring them before the court by the offer of proof on the motion for a continuance, that purpose has not been attained. The objections to the offer as made are sustained. The case will, upon stipulation or motion, be set for trial.'

DAMAGES WANTED.

The Danerli Suit, the Welsh Suit, and the Spreckels Suit.

The Danerli suit for \$6000 damages against the Southern California Railway Company was on trial again yesterday before Judge Van Dyke and a jury in Department Four. The prosecution produced a number of witnesses who lived property in the vicinity to that over which the litigation was brought. The principal trend of the testimony was that the land in question was a valuable one, and that it was at the present time comparatively valueless, some of the witnesses stating its value at from \$10 to \$25 per acre.

The evidence further showed that the property in question was covered with fine, rich soil and that the storm-drain system constructed, the better for the city and the people in it. "I am on record," said the Mayor, "as favoring this project, and I hope to see the Council bring it to pass. The people should have a chance to vote on the question, and I don't think there is any doubt as to what their verdict would be. Let the Board of Public Works report in the matter be adopted, providing the bonds are sold, and in line with what is now understood to be their ideas, and then let the election be held at once, the bonds voted, the project put in operation, the city permanently improved, the poor helped, and the question of good streets in Los Angeles settled for many years to come."

In the damage suit for \$20,000 brought by Thomas Welsh against the Los Angeles Railway Company for the loss of a foot and other injuries, which was on trial before Judge York and a jury yesterday, the defense employed the day in an endeavor to prove negligence on the part of the street railway employees. The motorman who was in charge of the car which it is supposed caused the accident, testified to having seen a man lying by the side of the street in front of the car. He stopped the car as soon as he could, and when he went back to where the man lay, he found him unconscious. He placed a discharged or former employee of the company on the stand, and endeavored to prove that the motorman was negligent in not stopping the car sooner than he did.

The damage suit for \$5000 in which M. J. Speckens was the plaintiff, and Joseph H. Steck the defendant, was argued and submitted to the jury before Judge York yesterday. The jury were out some time and finally rendered a verdict for the defendant.

ONLY TWENTY MINUTES.

Deputy Sheriff White Locates a Man in Short Order.

A letter was received by Sheriff Burr Tuesday evening from Sheriff B. C. Agee of Douglas county, Oregon, concerning a man by the name of B. F. Hollis, who was wanted in Oregon for forgery. Hollis was indicted December 11, 1894, for forging certain notes for \$100,000, of which the 14th inst. was a considerable sum of money and was recently located in Los Angeles.

The letter from Oregon gave Hollis's description, and stated that part of three left by his brother, who had been taken off by a sloping cut. Hollis formerly worked for the Singer Sewing Machine Company.

Deputy Sheriff Will A. White was sent out to find the man, and thought he had done so before he had been hardly twenty minutes on the trail. White found Hollis in a saloon, and he was taken off by a sloping cut. Hollis formerly worked for the Singer Sewing Machine Company.

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Judge York in Department Three, and was ordered discharged from custody.

BELL NATURALIZED. Judge Shaw examined Wilbert A. Bell, a native of Canada, yesterday in Department Five, and admitted him to citizenship.

MAGGIORA RELEASED. In the case of Maggiora vs. Maggiora, the defendant was released from custody by Judge Shaw yesterday. Maggiora's wife procured a divorce recently, and instead of paying the alimony as ordered by the court, Maggiora skipped to Mexico. When he came back he was placed in jail for contempt, and has been there for thirty days, but he has been unable to get any money.

TITLE QUIETED. In the suit to quiet title brought by Tanza against the City of Los Angeles, Judge Allen rendered a decision yesterday in favor of the plaintiff.

RUBENS VS. ROSE. In the case of Rubens vs. Rose, et al., which came up before Judge Allen yesterday, six yesterday, there was a substitution of counsel for the plaintiff and the case continued until March 8 at 2 o'clock.

PETITION FOR INSOLVENCY. D. C. McArthur, a boot and shoe merchant, filed a petition of insolvency yesterday, stating his liabilities at \$5539.16, and his assets at \$5109.

SUIT ON A NOTE. M. J. F. Brown filed a suit yesterday against Frederick Stock for judgment of \$550, due on a promissory note.

FOR LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION. Harry F. McCullum filed a petition yesterday for letters of administration to the estate of John G. McCullum, deceased, of real estate valued at \$30,250, and consists of personal and real estate property, and bank stock.

NOTE AND MORTGAGE. The Security and Trust Company of Southern California, et al., asks for a judgment of \$150, due on a note, and for mortgage foreclosure, concerning the same on lot 5, block E, of the Morris Vinyard subdivision.

DECREE OF DIVORCE. Judge Allen granted a decree of divorce yesterday to Minerva Atkinson from George L. Atkinson, on ground of failure to provide. Alimony of \$10 per month was also awarded the plaintiff.

PLEADED GUILTY. The men who were arrested in Glendora by Detective Frank Greenleaf, et al., yesterday, and taken to Tulare county, recently for trial, have pleaded guilty to the charge in their preliminary examination.

SUIT TO QUIET TITLE. A suit to quiet title was filed yesterday by William A. Knighton and A. M. Hough against Maria S. de Sanchez and William H. Clark et al. to quiet title to the land in the block of the First street, which are now occupied by the Grace Methodist Episcopal Church.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Business Transacted by the Board Yesterday.

The Board of Supervisors met yesterday and transacted the routine business. On motion of Supervisor Wiersch, the action of the board in revocation of the saloon license of William Mohring was rescinded.

The petition of property-owners for the opening and continuation of Roll street in the Rosemead road district, was taken under advisement.

The application of Gustav Allgren for a license to conduct a saloon at Santa Monica Cañon was granted, and his bond applied for.

The bid of J. A. Blumve & Co. to put in a latrine for a cell in the County Jail for \$69, and the bid of the Baker Iron Works to furnish a boiler-iron wash-room for the same building for \$275, were taken under advisement.

The application for a saloon license at San Gabriel by R. J. Bayly was granted.

The petition of property-holders for the closing of certain streets and avenues in the city of Los Angeles was granted.

The petition of the restaurant license at Santa Monica Cañon, was granted.

In the matter of the petition for the revocation of the restaurant license at Santa Monica Cañon, was granted.

The application of T. T. Rowland, Jr., for a saloon license for a saloon to be conducted at Covina was continued for hearing until February 23.

The petition in regard to the vacation of Evergreen avenue in the San José road district was granted.

A petition was granted that attorneys be authorized to collect all money that has been paid to the clerk in satisfaction of judgments, was referred to the District Attorney for his opinion on the subject.

On motion of Hanley the bid of A. B. Hagan in the sum of \$1888 for grading the road in the Santa Monica road district through Cahuenga Pass was accepted and a bond of \$1000 filed. The work is to be completed within thirty working days.

In the matter of the petition for the opening of the Rancho and El Monte streets, the bid of J. M. McElroy and County Surveyor Wright were appointed as viewers.

On motion of Field the County Clerk was authorized to purchase a new typewriter for his office for the sum of \$100, and the old machine to be turned in at a valuation of \$35, making cost of the new machine \$65.

On motion of Wiersch the resolution adopted December 22, 1896, in the matter of the vacation of certain streets for expenses incurred by county officers was rescinded.

The application of Mrs. H. S. Wilson for a license to conduct a hotel in the Farmdale Precinct was approved.

The petition in the matter of the vacation of the street and avenue and the restoration to the government of subdivisions of the east half of section 32, township 8 north, range 15 west, San Bernardino county, was granted.

LAT THE U. S. BUILDING.

JANES TRIED AGAIN.

Two More Indictments Against the Defendant.

"Capt." J. F. Janes, the alleged editor, whose exceedingly spicy articles in the Non-Partisan have more than once brought him into collision with the United States postal authorities, is again on trial for having sent obnoxious matter through the mails. Two indictments were found against Janes for this offense by the present United States grand jury, and he is now on trial for the first of them. He was indicted by a former grand jury on account of the indecent publications in his paper, in the present case it is by no means a novelty in the United States District Court.

Moreno Declared Guilty.

José Maria Moreno, lately on trial in Judge Wellborn's court, was yesterday declared guilty of having defrauded the government by personating a dead Mexican soldier and so obtaining a pension due the latter during his lifetime.

HE BLEW THE TRUMP.

Congregation Thought It Was Gabriel's and There Was Trouble.

[New York Sun.] Will A. Couchman, a famous character in Clark county, Kentucky, died recently. He was one of the keenest sportsmen in eastern Kentucky, and his death recalls a memorable incident in one of his hunting trips.

Couchman had been out all day, and after nightfall was tramping back home with two companions. Their way led by a church where there was a revival meeting going on. A powerful exhorter was in charge, and the mourners' bench was crowded. Excitement was running high in the congregation, and people were standing on the benches listening to the shouters. Couchman had forced his way up to the balcony where the old woman came up the aisle clapping her hands and shouting at the top of her voice. When she reached Couchman she threw her arms around his neck, exhorting him to be saved.

Couchman was embarrassed, and became a good deal more so, when, in the swaying, she knocked out of his pocket a flask in which there was a little whisky. The old woman was an ardent advocate of temperance, and Mr. Couchman's reputation was well known, so she at once began screaming that he had brought whisky to the meeting to aid the devil in his work. Angered and mortified, Couchman and his friends withdrew from the auditorium. They were unwilling to leave the place altogether, however, as the exhorters were loud and busy. The church had a second story, which could be reached from the outside by a ladder. One of the men proposed that they go up to the loft, and this they did without disturbing the excited throng below. The planks were loosely laid on the floor, and it was easy to see and hear. Several were shouting, and the old woman who had tackled Couchman was particularly active. The preacher stood at the foot of his pulpit and exhorted all to flee the wrath to come. He was ready to die himself; he was prepared to meet his Maker when the world came to an end. Signs showed that the judgment day was not far off. "Praise the Lord, I am glad of it," he shouted. "I wish it was here now. I wish Gabriel would blow his horn this minute. Oh, Gabriel, we're a-waiting!"

The suggestion was more than Couchman could stand. He had his hunting-horn with him, and, putting it to his lips, blew three or three times, and a noise like the wailing of a mournful noise seemed to the excited preacher and mourners a direct response from above, and a narrow escape followed. Couchman walked or ran out of the church over the heads of the congregation. He did not take long to empty the meeting-house, and the woods were filled with fugitives. Some got home and others hid until the next day, expecting every minute to see a rain of fire and brimstone.

The story soon got out, and it caused intense indignation. Couchman was indicted by the grand jury for disturbing public worship. He left the county. It was years before he dared return, and still longer before he was forgiven.

No Lesson Met. [New York Journal.] "Dog," said the cannibal king, in his anger tearing up a palm tree and furiously fanning his features with one of the leaves. "What have you today with which to appease my appetite?"

The chief stood silent.

"Speak!" thundered the king. "Have you no tongue, you villainous knave?"

"Sire," answered the chief, cringing as low as good form and his balance would permit, "I have a tongue but the majesty of your imperial presence palsied its powers for the nonce. For meat we have a possum, and for drink a bowl of rice."

"Slave!" again thundered his royal nity, "you may—"

The chief stood actively engaged in cringing.

"Bring me a small piece of the lean, if you can find any."

With a sad smile the chief left on his impossible quest.

NOWADAYS, when women are trying to do everything it is not strange that many things are overdone. It is not strange that there are all kinds of physical and mental disturbances. If the woman who is a doctor, or a lawyer, or a journalist, or in business would not try to be a society woman too it might be different; but the woman who knows the law of the land, and a day's work has yet to be born. Usually a woman's way is to keep doing until she drops.

Working in this way, a woman has manifold evils. As an old colored Aunt used to say: "There's always something the matter. If it's one thing it's two. The most common trouble resulting from over-exertion, either mentally or physically, is indigestion of the bowels, with all its attendant horrors.

There is no human ailment that so saps the energies, so deadens the ambitions, as coming from the bowels forgetting their vocation, or the liver only working about eight hours out of the twenty-four.

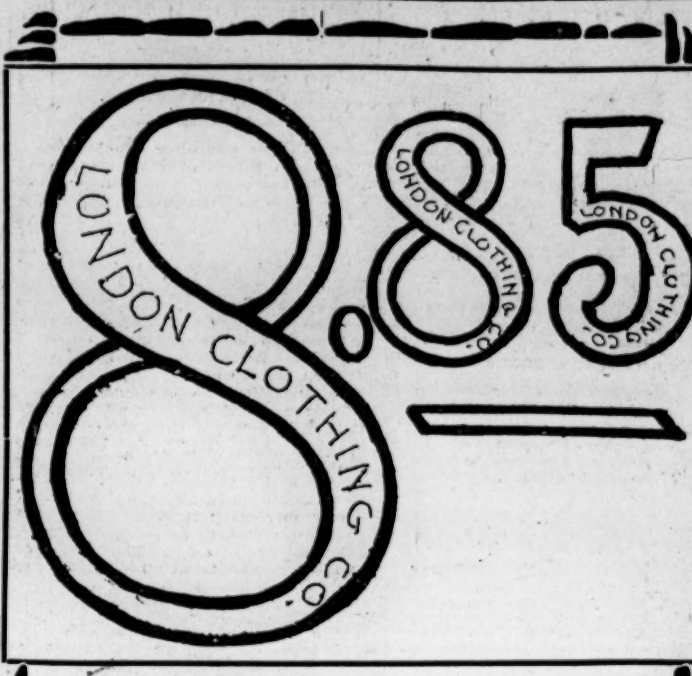
Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the most effective remedy in the market. They work upon the system easily, naturally. There is no unpleasant nausea after taking them. No griping—no pain—no discomfort. They are composed of materials that go through the system gradually, collecting all impurities and like the good little servants that they are, disposing of them effectively.

MRS. ROSANNA M. BLISS, of Colusa, Colusa County, New York, says: "I had suffered much with indigestion, sometimes faintness from too much mental work. Overcoming this I began taking Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They gave temporary relief. Two years ago I began using Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. I have at intervals used three bottles, and I am now enjoying unbroken good health.

Yours truly, Rosanna M. Bliss.

On motion of Field, Wiersch will accompany Field on his visit to the Cahuenga and Laurel road districts on February 18.

The board then adjourned until next Tuesday morning at 10:30 o'clock.



THE LAST CALL.—For the balance of the week we have laid out one hundred and forty-five suits, which we shall sell at \$8.85 a suit. These suits are really extraordinary value, and not to be compared in fit, finish and fashion to the clothing usually sold about town for this price. We are beginning to show a great many of the new spring fashions, and ladies are especially invited to visit the boys' department, where we are showing a selection of the latest spring novelties for boys' wear.

Special attention is called to a line of boys' suits in drab and brown corduroy, extra well made, and a splendid value at \$5.00 a suit. Today will be a good day at our store.



Gloves....

With prices way down. Nice new Kid Gloves, all the colors and styles that are usually looked for in a dollar-and-a-half article. We have a quantity of fine hook and button, in tans, modes, slates, browns and black, fine quality that sell over our counter at \$1 and \$1.25 pair; we will sell them

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY Say 25 Doz. Kid Gloves, 75¢ at, per Pair.....

Handkerchiefs

At manufacturer's prices. Never such another exhibition of handkerchief loveliness, and the prices are, oh! my! so very low. Our Eastern buyer sent us a line of 40c and 50c handsome Swiss embroidered ladies' handkerchiefs, exquisite designs, very fine material, the very poorest is worth 40c, all go at the one price, Say 100 Doz. Handkerchiefs, at 25¢ each.....

Hosiery....

The greatest value in Ladies' Fine Black Hose ever brought to the city. Our seven stores bought the whole output of a certain mill on this particular line of hose; they are worth wholesale more than the price asked; perfectly seamless, fast black, shaped ankles, double sole and heel. We have secured as our share

250 Doz. Hosiery at, 12¢ per pair..... SEE WINDOW FOR ABOVE ITEMS.

RECREANT BARR.

BROKE HIS TROTH AND STOLE THE LADY'S TRUNK.

He Played a Confidence Game on a Widow from Cripple Creek and Jilted Her.

HER DIAMONDS ARE MISSING.

SHE THINKS HE OFFERED THEM TO ANOTHER WOMAN.

Now That Barr Has Disappeared, Mrs. Read Recalls Several Transactions Which Indicate That He Laid a Plot.

Mrs. Jane Read is a widow well past middle age. Nevertheless her tall, erect figure and stylish attire command attention wherever she moves. Her sharp blue eye and intelligent face reveal a knowledge of the world and of men which has been acquired in the long years throughout which she has been dependent solely upon her own resources for her livelihood.

Mrs. Read was angry yesterday, very angry. It is possible she felt some inward grudge against herself for her own ingenuous trustfulness, but she vented her spite outwardly upon the absent head of one Mr. Barr.

Last Monday Mr. Barr, who to all appearances is a prosperous business man, applied at a family hotel on West 8th street for a room for a lady who accompanied him. He was asked if his companion was his wife, and in reply he stated that he was a widower and that the lady was his daughter. He was asked if he was a lawyer, and he replied that he was a widower and that the lady was his daughter.

The same evening he called for his prospective bride and took her out to supper, and the next day he was again in hand to invite her to lunch with him. At that pleasant hour of association it was arranged between the two lovers that they should be married that same evening in Mrs. Read's room at the hotel. Mr. Barr promised to bring a clergyman at the appointed hour and was to invite his brother-in-law to attend the ceremony as witness. This brother, he had represented to Mrs. Read, was engaged in the wholesale liquor business in this city.

Mr. Read made all due preparation for the happy hour and sat down to wait for the arrival of the bridegroom. The hour chosen for the marriage passed, and several others followed, in close order, but no bridegroom came. Mrs. Read grew angry, and her tongue loosed. When the first flush of indignity had subsided, her suspicions were aroused, and she began to analyze the conduct of Mr. Barr in the short acquaintance of six months duration.

She remembered with alarm that she had arrived in Los Angeles a few days ago in company with two other ladies, Barr had retained possession of some of the baggage checks and had suggested that certain of her trunks and packages be left at the hotel, and that they should be sent to her by express. She had agreed to this, and she had been called for that very day. Her fur cape and umbrella had gone with the same.

At that time the scales had fallen from her eyes. She saw Barr in the full light of his recreancy and rascality, and she felt incensed that the affections of a woman of her years and experience should have been betrayed and her property stolen. She tended confidence which she had reposed in Barr's honest heart and smooth-shaven face was rudely shattered. The high color of his flushed cheek appeared to her as the mottled flush that betokens a defective circulation of the blood, and she was in the full light of her former admiration for the rickety crimp of a doubtful origin.

Mrs. Read arose early yesterday morning and started out on the errand of detecting her faithless suitor. First of all she visited the two ladies, who had been the traveling companions of Barr, and herself on their westward trip. To them she unburdened herself of her grief and her troubles, and she went away with like confidence on her part.

One of the young ladies related to her the anxious search for Barr on the evening of his marriage to Mrs. Read, and she had called on her and declared his love. He pressed his suit ardently and urged immediate marriage. His love would brook no delay. As a testimonial of his affection he presented her with a young lady's pair of diamond earrings, which he said Mrs. Barr had once given him. But his wooing was easily received and he was sent away detected and crestfallen.

This further revelation of her faithless lover's fickleness stimulated Mrs. Read's temper and excited her to utter fresh accusations against Barr. She recalled at once how, in far away Cripple Creek, in the dining room, she had conducted a boarding-house, and had nursed a sick stranger back to robust health, and as a token of gratitude for her watchful interest in the invalid's welfare, had been presented with a pair of diamond earrings of rare value.

Her awakened recollections reviewed another incident, and this time it was the other actor. At her boarding-house in Cripple Creek Barr had enjoyed certain favors from her. One day he came into her room and asked for some letter paper, and she handed him her box of stationery. Barr wrote his letter as he sat on a trunk and then left the room. An hour later he returned and laughingly rebuked her for her carelessness in leaving her jewelry in exposed corners. "I want to teach you a lesson," he said. "I saw your diamonds in the box of stationery and took them out just to play you a trick. Here they are," he added, and reached over as if to take them from under the covers of the bed. At the same time he rose and walked toward her. "This is the safest place for your diamonds," he said, tenderly pressing the little sleepers into Mrs. Read's ears. She had never looked at them and from that time she wore them constantly night and day.

The story of Barr's offer of a pair of diamond earrings to the young lady friend came like a flash to Mrs. Read. She was at once convinced that in that interval of time between Barr's leaving her room and his return, he had substituted paste stones for her valuable diamonds. Her next errand was to visit a jeweler to have the brilliant in her earrings tested.

Still another suspicious circumstance was brought to Mrs. Read's alert mind. Before leaving Cripple Creek she had given Barr \$325 in money with which to buy her a bill of exchange on Los Angeles. He had returned her a draft which looked regular on its face, but she was in such a frame of mind yesterday as to view with alarm all transactions in her past life in which Barr had figured. The injury to her slighted affections inspired her to harbor another

ing but distrust toward the man who had so cruelly abused her loving regard.

One of these delicate attentions which Barr had shown her in those sacred days, which ought now to be known as pre-marital, was to make over to her by deed a home at Santa Barbara, to which in fond anticipation of the happy days to come, she had already invited some of her newly-formed acquaintances here, who had manifested a sympathetic interest in her matrimonial affairs. In the deep spirit of her bitterness which overcame her yesterday, she questioned whether Barr had even owned such place as he had made over to her out of affection and regard.

Her whole manner was that of anger yesterday. She was more incensed apparently at the infidelity of Barr and his failure to keep his appointment at the marriage hour than discomfited at the loss of her property. The heart's trick of the jilt affected her more visibly than the adroit tricks of the confidence man. The stolen property, in her eyes, was of more worth as an instrument for the detection of Barr in person than for any intrinsic value. Detective Hawley is said to be working on the case.

MINING NOTES.

The Calaveras Chronicle says a twenty-days' run at the Infernal gravel mine at Chilli Gulch, Calaveras county, owned by Anthony & Cope, yielded \$1200.

The Morning Star gravel mine of Placer county, which is becoming famous as a dividend proposition, declared its seventy-fourth dividend on the last inst., at \$4 a share.

Notwithstanding the political troubles of the year, the output of gold from the Witwatersrand district for 1896 is the same as 1895, about 2,080,000 ounces.

Deep development mining is meeting gratifying results in Amador county. At the Orinda mine the shaft has reached a depth of 600 feet, and the longest steam-hoisting works in the State has been erected.

N. Borwick, a rich English manufacturer, who owned the largest amount of stock in the Golden Feather mine and the Banner quartz mine, died recently in Oroville. The body will be shipped to England for burial.

The Oroville Register says the Golden Plume mine, an Oakland enterprise is doing first-rate and running night and day. Good building have been erected and it looks as if the company was permanently located.

The gravel being extracted from the Glen Consolidated mine, Upper Fort Hill Divide, is yielding from \$4.50 to \$5 per car, and the gold is very coarse, and it is a common thing for the workers to pick out nuggets from the breast weighing \$5 and over.

The new owners of the Edna mine were put in possession of the mine on the 25th of January and they immediately put men at work cleaning out the shaft, preparatory to starting sinking. Ten men were at work at the mine by the first of the month.

The Ranchita mine in the Jullar district, continues to produce good ore, and is more promising than ever. A crushing of thirty tons of rock the other day produced seventy-five ounces of gold, or about \$1200. The five-stamp mill at the mine is entirely too small to do the work required.

The statement that the Thistle Shaft Company had commenced the work of pumping out their mine was premature. The pumps were started up on the 10th inst., but they have not yet begun to pump. The water level is not yet determined whether the water could be perceptibly lowered or not.

The task of driving the big tunnel of the Eureka drift mine is drawing to a close. Only about twenty feet more remains to be run to finish the hole to the 100-foot mark. Mr. Chappell intends to make the upraise at that point. He has been only a little over a year in driving this tunnel.

At the Amador Queen mine a new record for sinking has been made. Sam Harvey, the well-known miner, is the contractor and has been sinking the mine for some time. He has been sinking the mine for some time. He has been sinking the mine for some time.

The Anita mine is giving promise of great things. The so-called Bright chimney of ore has been drifted through and is found to be 200 feet in length, at the 500 level, and ranges from three to seven feet in thickness. This ore is of the same quality as that so valuable in the Kennedy mine, being so pronounced by the best experts in this section.

Recently a body of fine ore was opened up in the 600-foot level of the Pittsburgh mine, near Grass Valley. The ore has been running for some time. The ore has been running for some time. The ore has been running for some time.

[Redding Free Press:] Charles L. Butters, the world-renowned metallurgist, who recently returned from South America and resided in Oakland, was passenger on the south-bound overland train Sunday night. He was en route home after a two days' visit to the property of the Iron Mountain Company, which was sold to the Iron Mountain Investment Company. The amount of money paid in the transfer was not known to the public, but the property has been under bond to the purchasers for several months past for \$5000.

[Redding Free Press:] On February 2 the Hidden Treasure mine in Slick Rock Creek, together with the mill and water right appurtenant thereto the property of the Iron Mountain Company, was sold to the Iron Mountain Investment Company. The amount of money paid in the transfer was not known to the public, but the property has been under bond to the purchasers for several months past for \$5000.

On Monday, the 1st inst., a five-foot vein of very rich ore was uncovered in the Norwegian mine on the south side of the Stanislaus River near Robinson's Ferry. The mine was recently purchased from the Lawsons, whom it has made independently rich. The ore is of a fine quality, and carries a high grade of sulphur. It is estimated that the ore already extracted will yield \$10,000 in free gold, and the end is not yet.

The Allison Ranch mine is to be reopened and worked to its fullest capacity. The Allison Ranch mine has been under bond to the purchasers for several months past for \$5000. The mine was recently purchased from the Lawsons, whom it has made independently rich. The ore is of a fine quality, and carries a high grade of sulphur. It is estimated that the ore already extracted will yield \$10,000 in free gold, and the end is not yet.

The final clean-up of a crushing of 500 tons of ore from the Argonaut mine, was made at the Zeila mill last week, says the Amador Ledger, and it has made very stockholders of the Argonaut and will prove a genuine bonanza. The ore crushed was a fair test of the mine, and the result was a poor. The clean-up in free gold was \$3.25, and \$1.61 in sulphur per ton. The round table was effectively decorated with red carnations and maidenhair ferns. Those present were: Messrs. Loomis, Spencer, Hubbell, of New York; Josephine Campbell, Church of New York; J. M. Elliott, Hannon, McCallan, S. C. Hubbell and A. L. Lankershim.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Philip Erie entertained at dinner Tuesday at their residence in Hollenbeck Park West, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Albers of St. Louis. The table and dining-room were decorated with quantities of La



DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT.

This is the remedy. The animal magnetism which it generates into the parts affected arouses them; the nerves are saturated with electricity by it—the body is converted into a galvanic battery, and generates its own force, bringing every vital part to life and action.

Over 100 of the most prominent business men of this city have been cured by this simple appliance. The following is from a well-known merchant who has been in business in San Francisco for twenty years: "After a good deal of experience with cheap electric belts and drugs I have at last found a cure for my rheumatism. I am 75 years old. I had an amazingly good effect that way. I had also been suffering ever since I was in the Mexican war from a pain in my back, cold feet, and a poor circulation. I now feel warm as long as I wear the belt, and I have not had the pain in my back since I got the belt. My general health is much improved, and I feel good. My wife is nearly cured of her rheumatism, and she is proud of her Sanden Belt. I can tell you, I will be glad to vouch for it to anybody." Says John Fair, Green Meadows, Los Angeles county, Cal., Feb. 10, 1897.

Many will not permit their names to appear in an advertisement, but all can be approached personally and will give their evidence for the benefit of those who can appreciate such proof. Their names can be had from Dr. Sanden.

"Three Classes of Men" is interesting to any intelligent man who wishes to inform himself on this subject. It describes the condition, its cause and cure. Free, sealed, by mail, or at office.

DR. A. T. SANDEN,
294 South Broadway, Corner Second, Los Angeles, Cal.
Office hours—8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Evenings 7 to 8. Sundays 10 to 1.

SOCIETY.

Mrs. Charles Silen's second reception, yesterday afternoon, to introduce her daughter, Miss Florence Silen, was a largely-attended and very smart affair, the lowering weather making the splendidly-decorated rooms seem doubly attractive. Mmes. O. W. Childs, Ed. Silen, Frank Thomas, the Misses Shankland, Garmey, Gooding and George Knight assisted in receiving. Mrs. John Foster and Miss Froelich presided in the punchroom, and Mrs. Dan McFarland and Mrs. Granville MacGowan in the dining-room, assisted by the Misses Spruance, Gay, Devereux, Marion Jones, Carrol, Caswell and George McFarland. The decorations, which were under the direction of Mrs. Annie Bancroft, were exceptionally artistic.

In the reception-room quantities of wild yellow roses, and carnations, which were under the direction of Mrs. Annie Bancroft, were exceptionally artistic. In the reception-room quantities of wild yellow roses, and carnations, which were under the direction of Mrs. Annie Bancroft, were exceptionally artistic.

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LOST Vital Force.

Many Business Men Notice Their Failure in This Most Precious Element of Manly Vigor.

THE Business Man who has led an active life, devoted to the race for wealth and pleasure, will find as the years grow upon him a weakness in the vital or nerve force upon which depends his enjoyment of the pleasures of life. There is a sort of lassitude, poor circulation, dormant action of the vital parts; in fact, he is not the man he once was. He can give no reason for this condition, as his health otherwise is unusually good, and why should his vitality be dormant? It is easily explained, every man mentally, close application to business or perhaps a habit of overwork, or a care that overtaxes the vital powers, and they need some stimulation; they are dormant, sluggish, weak. They need

DR. A. T. SANDEN,
294 South Broadway, Corner Second, Los Angeles, Cal.
Office hours—8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Evenings 7 to 8. Sundays 10 to 1.

France roses and the other rooms with potted palms and bigonias. Besides the guests of honor, there were present Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Davis of St. Louis, Mo.; George and Miss John Carr of Finley, O.; Miss Maude Albers and W. H. Carroll. The dinner was followed by a dancing party, at which there were present Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Donagan, the Misses Anna, Genevieve and Nell Reardon, Miss Stella Donagan, Messrs. R. H. Myers, P. M. McCabe, T. M. Fairbourne, Allen Hancock and Jack Reardon.

Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Williamson entertained a few friends Tuesday evening at their home on Vermont street in honor of their guest, Miss Alice Budge of Canada. Miss Washburn and Miss Mosher played several piano solos and songs were rendered by Miss Breslau of Boston. Prof. Chambers gave selections on the violin and zither and several flute solos were given by August Leroy. Those present besides the guest of honor were:

Messrs.—

R. B. Williamson, E. J. Soper, Bresslau, Boston.

J. Spence, Pettigrew, Misses

James Washburn, Mosher, Nora Miller, Myers, Bresslau.

Messrs.—

R. B. Williamson, Frank Washburn, Roy Williamson, J. Spence, Pettigrew, Holby Myers, Montgomery, Leroy.

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This is Men's Furnishings Day

At the Great Green Tag Sale

And we mean to make the values even more attractive than those of a week ago. We have added a beautiful line of Men's Fancy Spring Vests and made prices on them that are sure to cause a sensation amongst the best dressed men in town.

VESTS.	OTHER BARGAINS.
Men's Fine \$3.50 Corduroy Vests, Green Tagged to.... \$2.50	Men's Fine Merino Half Hose, Green Tagged to..... 9c
Men's Elegant \$5 Corduroy Vests, Green Tagged to.... \$3.25	Men's Best 25c British Half Hose, Green Tagged to..... 16 3/4c
Men's Stylish \$5 Corduroy Vests, Green Tagged to.... \$3.50	Men's \$1.50 All-wool Underwear, Green Tagged to..... 75c
Men's \$3.50 Corduroy Vests, Green Tagged to..... \$2.00	Men's 50c Derby Ribbed Underwear, Green Tagged to.... 36c
Men's Doe Skin Vests, Green Tagged to..... \$3.00	Men's 25c Suspenders, Green Tagged to..... 11c
Men's Fine Plush Vests, Green Tagged to..... \$2.50	Men's Brown Cotton Half Hose, Green Tagged to..... 3c
Men's \$6 Silk and Wool Vests, Green Tagged to.... \$4.00	Men's Fine Half Hose in brown and black, Green Tagged to.... 7c

Notice: We are still giving FREE tickets to the Orpheum Theater with all purchases of \$1 or over in Children's Department.

JACOBY BROS.

ESTABLISHED 1867. Write for Catalogue. NO BRANCH STORES.

128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138 N. Spring St.

O'KEEFE ARRAIGNED.

THE BAIL FIXED AT TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Both of the Wounded Men are Doing Well—Gebhardt Taken to His Home and Anderson to the Sisters' Hospital.

William O'Keefe, known more commonly as Charlie Keith, who shot two men Tuesday night in the Elite saloon on Spring street, was arraigned yesterday afternoon before Justice Rossier. Two distinct charges of assault with intent to commit murder were lodged against him by Detective Steele.

At the time of his appearance in court he had not yet secured an attorney, although he explained that he was taking steps to be represented by counsel. His bail was fixed at \$10,000 in each case, for assault upon Harry Anderson, and upon David M. Gebhardt. O'Keefe's examination was set for this afternoon at 2 o'clock to be reset. It is probable that considerable delay will be incurred in these cases, owing to the condition of the men who were shot preventing their appearance in court.

O'Keefe's face showed the effects of the battering which he is said to have received at the hands of the wounded man, the brother of the wounded man, and the shooting. His face was slightly cut in several places, and his left eye was very much bloodshot and discolored. He seemed perfectly self-possessed, and did not shrink in any way from the staring crowd that was in attendance.

Gebhardt, who was shot in the back and had a narrow escape from death, owing to the interposition of a rib, was taken in a hack from the Receiving Hospital to his home yesterday morning. His wound is not considered very serious, and his condition up to this morning showed every favorable aspect that could be anticipated.

Anderson, the other wounded man, seemed to suffer great pain yesterday, and was kept more or less under the influence of opiates all the time. In the afternoon his brother, Bob Anderson, called at the Receiving Hospital with an ambulance and removed the wounded man to the Sisters' Hospital. There have been no new dangerous developments in his case.

The Mountain Development work is being steadily prosecuted in Slug Canyon by Mr. Copeland, twenty men of the South Spring street, and lately started to tap the old works in the Van Cliff ledge had to be abandoned temporarily on account of the heavy flow of water which was coming through the broken ground, but Mr. Copeland expects to resume work there again in a few days. The five-stamp mill which was lately constructed near Logansville by Mr. Copeland, is running day and night, with several men at work extracting ore from the Bolivia mine.

There is said to be a little shop hard by Piccadilly, London, fitted up especially for lady smokers.

Liebig COMPANY'S Extract of Beef

but it would be true enough of any of the delicious soups, minces or made dishes in which this famous product is used.

DR. WHITEHILL RUPTURE. 101 1/2 South Spring St. Guarantees a safe, speedy and permanent cure, without detention from business. No knife used. No blood drawn. No pay until cured. Consultation free.

The Sparkling Specific.

Tarrant's Effervescent Seltzer Aperient assists nature to restore regular action of the stomach and bowels. He aids digestion, removes accumulations, prevents and cures headaches, makes the breath sweet and the blood pure. The most delicious of saline draught

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.

Los Angeles, Feb. 17, 1897.

THE BANK OF FRANCE. The charter of the Bank of France expires next year, and the bank officials have been in negotiation with the government for some time to arrange for its renewal, which is a renewal of the charter will be granted. The Bank of France has always been exceptionally strong, having accumulated the largest amount of currency, both gold and silver, of any of the European national banks. The charter of the bank is to be renewed, and extended, under the agreement just reached, for twenty-three years, but with some changes. The limit of the note issue is raised from \$4,000,000 to \$5,000,000, and \$1,000,000 of new bonds, however, and new services are imposed. The bank is to advance to the government \$4,000,000 free of interest, and to renounce interest on loans made to the government in 1887 and 1878, aggregating \$1,400,000. About \$7,000,000 of the bank's notes are supposed to have been destroyed, having been out for a long time and never presented for redemption. The bank is not to gain by this loss of the note-holders. The government takes the \$4,000,000 and assumes the responsibility of redeeming the notes if they are ever presented.

COMMERCIAL.

IMPORTING HOPS. Maler & Zohlein, the Los Angeles brewers, recently imported some German hops. This looked very much like carrying coals to Newcastle, as the Pacific Coast is noted for its hops, which are selling at a very low level and are largely exported to Europe, where they are held in high esteem. Inquiry brought out the explanation that Pacific Coast hops while excellent every way for the manufacture of ale and porter, are not so well adapted to be used exclusively in the manufacture of lager beer, as they possess certain qualities which need to be toned down by the admixture of European hops.

CONSUMPTION OF BEER. The consumption of beer in the United States is steadily increasing, as may be seen from the following comparative statement of the consumption of barrels in various cities for the past two years, which is given by the Wine and Spirit Merchants' Gazette:

	Consumption 1895.	Consumption 1896.
New York	4,111,113	4,918,808
Chicago	2,648,335	3,128,222
Milwaukee	2,077,024	2,222,818
St. Louis	1,819,113	1,996,712
Philadelphia	1,819,113	1,996,712
Brooklyn	1,819,113	1,996,712
Cincinnati	1,819,113	1,996,712
Newark	1,819,113	1,996,712
Boston	1,819,113	1,996,712
Baltimore	1,819,113	1,996,712
New Orleans	1,819,113	1,996,712

Thus it appears that while New York heads the list as by far the greatest consumer, Chicago's increase of consumption is much greater, showing that the Windy City is making desperate efforts to catch up. Both Cincinnati and New Orleans show a small decrease in consumption. Milwaukee stands next to New York in the matter of increased consumption, and Newark consumes more per capita than any other city.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK IN THE EAST. One of the most encouraging features of the present business outlook in the East is that nobody is trying to create a fictitious boom. There has, in fact, been very little development of the speculative in business. Commenting upon this phase of the business outlook the United States Investor says:

"We do not know when a more conservative spirit has governed the business community. The cause is probably to be found in the fact that the experience of the last few years has taught merchants and manufacturers that there is many a slip betwixt the cup and the lip. So many projects regarding whose soundness theoretically there could be no question have come to grief, that the most astute of our business men are modest in their plans for the future. It is from such a sobering of affairs as this that industrial activity is most likely to spring. Good times are almost certain to come upon us like a thief in the night. Nature looks upon such matters, and the most that man can do is to throw no obstacles in her way. Human attempts to make business active almost invariably result in producing the opposite of the desired end."

For some weeks past we have been of the opinion that affairs were quietly shaping themselves for a more active business. One factor after another of man's making has intervened since 1893 to keep the country from getting on its feet again. Today there is a noteworthy willingness to let things take their natural course, and many are beginning to despair, or it may find its origin in a growing wisdom on the part of the people of the United States. From whatever cause, the result is certain to be improvement in business. The improvement will probably not come to all classes at an equal pace. We have a noteworthy instance of this fact in the woolen-manufacturing industry. A few large manufacturers, with abundant means, have recently bought at abnormally low prices, even wool to last them six months of a year, they being practically free of the market. The result is likely to be that when the other people come in to buy prices will be higher. The big mills, having the cheapest raw material, will be in a position to make the lowest prices and to obtain an abnormally large percentage of the orders for the finished product.

"However, the improvement in the condition of one class is bound to be followed by improvement in another. The present season in many lines of goods is a poor one, but we shall be somewhat surprised if the continued abstention from the market by the people generally does not come to an end in the not remote future. The working off of overstocks has been going on so long that it is hardly too much to say that the present dull season is witnessing the conclusion of our misery. This, of course, is uttered with the proviso that Congress conducts itself with a medium of good sense, and refrains from utterances calculated to destroy confidence."

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

THE GUATEMALA EXPOSITION. While we are figuring on the Omaha Exposition for next year, Southern California should not lose sight of the exposition that is to open in Guatemala on the 15th of March. The State Legislature has appropriated \$10,000 to be used in getting up a California exhibit. This money will be applied for the transportation of the exhibit and the cost of putting it in place and maintaining it in Guatemala. The Times has frequently called attention to the desirability of making a determined effort to develop trade relations between Los Angeles and the Central American States. The coming exposition in Guatemala offers an excellent opportunity to make the resources of this section better known to the people of Central America, and it should not be lost sight of.

Cheese.

Cheese. Local, large, 11; Young America, 12; hand cheese, 13; Swiss, imported, 25; American, 14; Limburger, 12.15.

Honey and Beeswax.

Honey and Beeswax. Honey—Comb, white, 11; white, 11; Beeswax—Per lb., 2.02.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

Wholesale Quotations Revised Daily.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 17, 1897.

The local produce market is generally firm, with a renewal of strength in butter, but decline in some other lines.

Provisions.

Hams—Per lb., 12c; 11c; 10c; 9c; 8c; 7c; 6c; 5c; 4c; 3c; 2c; 1c; 1/2c; 1/4c; 1/8c; 1/16c; 1/32c; 1/64c; 1/128c; 1/256c; 1/512c; 1/1024c; 1/2048c; 1/4096c; 1/8192c; 1/16384c; 1/32768c; 1/65536c; 1/131072c; 1/262144c; 1/524288c; 1/1048576c; 1/2097152c; 1/4194304c; 1/8388608c; 1/16777216c; 1/33554432c; 1/67108864c; 1/134217728c; 1/268435456c; 1/536870912c; 1/1073741824c; 1/2147483648c; 1/4294967296c; 1/8589934592c; 1/17179869184c; 1/34359738368c; 1/68719476736c; 1/137438953472c; 1/274877906944c; 1/549755813888c; 1/1099511627776c; 1/2199023255552c; 1/4398046511104c; 1/8796093022208c; 1/17592186044416c; 1/35184372088832c; 1/70368744177664c; 1/140737488355328c; 1/281474976710656c; 1/562949953421312c; 1/1125899906842624c; 1/2251799813685248c; 1/4503599627370496c; 1/9007199254740992c; 1/18014398509481984c; 1/36028797018963968c; 1/72057594037927936c; 1/144115188075855872c; 1/288230376151711744c; 1/576460752303423488c; 1/1152921504606846976c; 1/2305843009213693952c; 1/4611686018427387904c; 1/9223372036854775808c; 1/18446744073709551616c; 1/36893488147419103232c; 1/73786976294838206464c; 1/147573952489676412928c; 1/295147904979352825856c; 1/590295809958705651712c; 1/1180591619917411303424c; 1/2361183239834822606848c; 1/4722366479669645213696c; 1/9444732959339290427392c; 1/18889465918678580854784c; 1/37778931837357161709568c; 1/75557863674714323419136c; 1/151115727349428646838272c; 1/302231454698857293676544c; 1/604462909397714587353088c; 1/1208925818795429174706176c; 1/2417851637590858349412352c; 1/4835703275181716698824704c; 1/9671406550363433397649408c; 1/19342813100726866795298816c; 1/38685626201453733590597632c; 1/77371252402907467181195264c; 1/15474250480581493436230528c; 1/30948500961162986872460544c; 1/61897001922325973744821088c; 1/123794003844651947489642176c; 1/247588007689303894979284352c; 1/495176015378607789958568704c; 1/990352030757215579917137408c; 1/1980704061514431159834268816c; 1/3961408123028862319668537632c; 1/7922816246057724639337075264c; 1/15845632492115449278674150528c; 1/31691264984230898557348301056c; 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CALIFORNIA NEWS

PASADENA.

IMPORTANCE OF PROTECTION TO LOCAL ORANGE-GROWERS.

Statistics Concerning the Industry Presented at the Meeting of the Evening-Real Estate Notes-A Petty Prosecution-News Notes and Personalities.

PASADENA, Feb. 17.—[Regular Correspondence.] The citrus fruit-growers of Pasadena appear to be singularly blind to their own interests, and to the injury inflicted upon the citrus industry by foreign competition. A good attendance was expected at the meeting in the Board of Trade rooms this evening, but a mere handful were present. The object of the meeting was to cooperate with the California Citrus Growers' Tariff Committee in securing at the coming session of Congress adequate protection for the citrus fruits of this State. Nothing could be of greater importance to those engaged in this industry, and it was therefore hoped that the meeting would be a representative one. The threatening clouds have been partly responsible for the small attendance, but it was felt by those present that the importance of the object in view should have brought out every orange-grower and lemon-grower in the city.

It is estimated that the oranges and lemons shipped from Pasadena alone yield to the growers not less than \$45,000 annually, and this sum would be largely increased if an adequate protective tariff should be established. Self-interest would therefore dictate an active cooperation with the Tariff Committee, and the growers should be made to secure the desired legislation by Congress.

Owing to the small attendance, the meeting was an informal one. George F. Kernaghan gave some interesting statistics concerning the orange production of Southern California. The annual crop may be conservatively estimated at 80,000 carloads. At a freight rate of 90 cents per box, the railroads receive annually over \$2,000,000 for transporting the fruit to eastern consumers. Orange-growers receive on an average not less than \$11 per box, which means a yearly return of \$2,400,000. If by a higher tariff the growers' profit can be increased 50 per cent., the annual return to Southern California would be at least \$3,600,000. Mr. Kernaghan stated that his estimate of 80,000 carloads as the annual product was a low one. For the coming season the crop will be about 13,000 carloads.

Mr. Kernaghan then read a brief statement prepared by F. Q. Story, the member from Los Angeles county of the Citrus Growers' Tariff Committee, in substance it was as follows:

The purpose of the committee is to send to Washington two practical energetic orange-growers, qualified to make suitable showing before the Ways and Means Committee, and one or two ex-members of Congress, whose experience would be useful in urging upon Senators and Representatives the need of protection for the citrus industry. Several gentlemen have voluntarily offered their services, and the committee feels that its representatives should be paid for their services and expenses. The committee is under the direction of the constituents for whom they are to appear. The cost of sending three representatives will probably be about \$10,000, and may have to remain in Washington eighteen weeks. Eastern importers of foreign-grown oranges are preparing to fight any increase in the tariff. It is necessary, therefore, to demonstrate California's great need of protection. Her people must wish to be met on an equality with growers at Mediterranean ports. These foreign competitors pay a freight of 10 cents, while California growers pay 90 cents. Labor here commands \$1.50 per day, while at Mediterranean ports it receives less than 20 cents per day. The present tariff is 14 cents a box. To successfully meet foreign competition it should be 70 cents a box. The protection as this California's production would increase from 300 to 500 per cent., and the volume of business should be so great that a reduction in freight rates would be assured.

The committee has issued subscription lists to donors, and the responses are being sent to Washington. Growers will be asked to contribute upon the basis of 20 cents per acre and one-third of 1 cent per box of the crop of 1896.

After some informal discussion it was agreed that a vigorous effort should be made by those present to arouse general interest in the undertaking, and to procure subscriptions from the orange-growers of the city.

REAL ESTATE NEWS.
A small sale on the southwest corner of Pasadena avenue and Grove street was effected today by Henry Pinck. The lot was owned by Dr. John McCoy of Los Angeles, and later purchased by W. G. Ladd of Morristown, N. J., who has been in Pasadena for the past two months. The lot has a frontage of 100 feet on Pasadena avenue and is 183 feet deep. The price paid was \$700. Mr. Ladd expects to improve the property at once.

Several deals of importance are pending, and real estate agents expect a period of considerable activity. Many inquiries for desirable investments are being made by eastern visitors.

A HEINOUS CRIME.
A McDonald of Lamanda Park has filed a complaint against James J. McKenna and has caused his arrest, alleging that on March 1, 1896, nearly a year ago, McKenna, "by false promises and representations," obtained from the complainant the sum of \$2,500. The complaint recites that McDonald bought from McKenna 1400 apricot trees at 4 cents apiece, and that McKenna, "wilfully, unlawfully, feloniously, knowingly and designedly," obtained therefor the sum of \$2,500, representing that the trees were budded and of the variety known as "Royal apricots." These representations, it is alleged, were untrue. Inasmuch therefore, as the defendant had acted "contrary to the form of the statute in such case made and provided," and against the peace and dignity of the State of California," he was haled into court to answer for his heinous offense. The case has not yet been tried, and meantime McKenna is out upon his own recognizance.

PASADENA BREVITIES.
Dr. Richard Edwards, the father of President Edwards of Throop, will address the regular monthly meeting of the teachers of the Institute next Saturday morning at 10:30 o'clock. An invitation has been extended to the friends of Dr. Edwards and of Throop to be present.

The Misses Margie and Hannah Williams, sisters of Prof. T. J. Williams, who have been visiting in Pasadena for the past four weeks, returned to their home in Dodgeville, Wis., today.

Dr. G. S. Hull will lecture on physiology tomorrow (Thursday) morning at 9 o'clock in Assembly Hall, Throop Institute. The lecture is open to the public.

Washington's birthday will be celebrated by a baseball game between teams selected from the Sons of Veterans and John F. Godfrey Post, G.A.R.

W. A. Hutchinson, a well-known newspaper man of Chicago, is visiting friends in Pasadena.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

LARGE CROP OF CANDIDATES FOR MAYOR OF SAN DIEGO.

Ramon Railroad Subscriptions-Jamacha Irrigation Affairs-Speak Roost on Point Loma-Carnival Notes-San Diego Brevities.

REDONDO.

Fair Prospect of a New Fish-canning Plant.

REDONDO, Feb. 17.—[Regular Correspondence.] There is a fair prospect that a fish canning plant will be established at this port. Persons interested in the project have asked an experienced eastern fish packer to make an estimate of the cost of a plant capable of providing for the business at the start. He has investigated, and according to his figures such a plant may be placed here for about \$3000. This would include apparatus such as vats and other things for catching the fish. As the business grows the capacity of the plant may be increased. The waters off shore here abound in fish, and the establishment would also with profit dispose of the great quantities of surplus yellow-tail and other fish caught here during the summer months.

REDONDO BREVITIES.

The steamer Mexico brought 150 tons of freight from the North to this port today. She took on fifty tons of freight for the North this morning. It consisted largely of oranges.

A moderately strong wind is blowing from off shore today, and the sea is decidedly choppy.

The management of the Redondo Hotel changed hands Monday, and E. J. Schiefel is in charge. He and Charles L. Schiefel, who is associated with him, were formerly in charge of the Pico, St. Elmo and National hotels in Los Angeles. Mr. Schiefel has taken the hotel for a year.

Among the guests recently registered at the hotel are: Miss M. S. Miller and Miss Wilkie, Minneapolis; M. Traver, Decatur, Ill.; John F. Francis and F. P. Rees, Los Angeles; Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McShay and wife, San Francisco; F. Michaux and wife, Houston, Tex.; R. J. Peque and J. H. Kelf, Davenport, Iowa; S. W. Anderson, Frederick, Md.; and Mrs. F. Urban, Los Angeles.

The stockholders of the Los Angeles and Redondo Beach Company, the Redondo Hotel Company will have their annual meeting Saturday evening. Various matters for the coming year will be discussed, and the affairs of the companies are heard. Among these are one about a prospective hotel to be built on a railway company's line to San Pedro.

The Midwinter Times, 48 pages and colored cover, 18 illustrations; full of interesting matter. For sale by local agents; price, 10 cents.

RIVERSIDE.

Creamery Plant Sold-Water Rates to Be Made.

RIVERSIDE, Feb. 17.—[Regular Correspondence.] The building and plant of the Riverside Creamery were sold to the Sheriff Monday to satisfy various claims against it. The outfit is one of a number put in by a Chicago company in Southern California in 1894. The machinery was sold by J. W. Chase of Arlington. Several other parties in that section are interested with him, and the outfit will be moved there. The affairs of the company are mainly in that part of the settlement. The matter is being handled by a creamery manager by practical people there there is good money in dairy farms.

TO FIX WATER RATES.

The City Trustees have so much routine business on Thursday that they have decided to hold a special meeting Friday and devote it entirely to the consideration of water rates. Trustee Morse is back from Sacramento and Trustees Kingman and La Rue, who have been sick, are out again, so that the full board will probably be present. The Trustees have given consideration of what they think to do, and there is likely to be some talk taking down both pro and con on the subject.

GOOD PROGRAMME OF SPORTS.

Washington's birthday will be celebrated in Riverside with a varied programme of sports. In the forenoon there will be a baseball game between the Riverside high school and Riverdale and Corona, and a road race in the afternoon the great polo game between the Riverside and Burlingame polo teams. The latter has a frontage of 100 feet on Pasadena avenue and is 183 feet deep. The price paid was \$700. Mr. Ladd expects to improve the property at once.

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

The light rain of Wednesday interfered with orange picking, but was received with much favor by the grain ranchers.

T. Stalke of the St. Charles Hotel, San Bernardino, was married here Wednesday to Miss Mary Finn.

The Odd Fellows have decided to put election night throughout their block on Main street.

POMONA.

Races Announced-Dr. Smith's Case Before a Jury.

POMONA, Feb. 17.—[Regular Correspondence.] Several interesting races are announced to take place at the new Fifth-avenue Park on the 22d inst. There will be a half-mile race between Fugate Tom of Pomona and Lipson's Mare of Cucamonga, for \$100 a side; a 30-yard dash between a pair of Lordburg and Fuqua of Pomona; also a half-mile pacing or trotting race, best two out of three. It is thought that other races will be provided.

Andrew J. Wintermute died in this city of consumption Tuesday.

Nellie, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Trotter, died of the family residence on Holt avenue Tuesday.

The case against Dr. Smith, accused of the alleged sale of liquor, was being tried before Recorder Youngs and a jury of nine men today. The case was submitted to the jury at 5:30, but a verdict had not yet been reached.

The Board of Trustees of the city

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEES ON THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

City Treasurer and the Busted Bank-Production of "Emmanuel"-Legal Points of Interest. Baseball Challenges Coming In.

SAN BERNARDINO, Feb. 17.—[Regular Correspondence.]

The Republican City Committee met last evening to hear the report of legal committee as to the number of members of the Board of Education to be elected this spring, and adopted the advice that there must be five-three for four years and two for two years, as the present board is an illegal one, owing to informality in ordering the election two years ago by the City Trustees.

Then came the discussion as to the feasibility of holding a conference with the Board of Education. This met with most opposition, and the main idea seemed to be to have no coalition with fusion, but it was finally voted to appoint a committee to report to the Central Committee Thursday.

The committee consists of John E. Light, Leonard A. D. Dameron, A. Horowitz, Dr. Hurley, J. N. Victor and James Fleming. The ward caucuses were appointed for Friday night and the primaries, Saturday, the convention to be held the following Saturday.

LOOKING AFTER CITY MONEY.

When the First National Bank closed its doors two years ago, last November, it contained several thousand dollars of the money belonging to the city, placed there for safe-keeping by the treasurer, and when the bank failed, the city was left with a large deficit.

Last night the Board of Trustees passed a resolution that the money in the treasury be counted, the deficit was there, it amounts to about \$2300 at present, with doubtful prospects as to final payment from the bank.

COMING MUSICAL EVENT.

The Haydn Choral Society, which has the oratorio of "Emmanuel" in rehearsal, proposes to give it Monday, March 1, when they will have the assistance of eight soloists and a chorus of forty voices.

LEGAL MATTERS.

The case of Prof. T. H. Kirk to secure the salary due for seven months, caused by the refusal of the president of the University to pay him, is now on for trial.

F. P. Morrison of Redlands filed complaint against George H. Crafts, his wife, C. J. Crafts, and the Savings Bank of Los Angeles, for the collection of \$1866.64 on a note for \$5000 given April 15, 1893, to Mrs. R. B. Smith, and indorsed by Mr. Morrison.

The U. S. Adams sailed for San Francisco on Monday to arrive here in time for the carnival.

After the carnival, the Philadelphia will sail for San José de Guatemala, probably on March 2, to participate at the opening of the Central American Exposition.

SAN DIEGO BREVITIES.

H. C. Bush, general freight agent of the Atlantic and Pacific, F. S. Burbury, Iowa; Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Miller, Red Hook, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. G. M. King, Montclair, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Scofield, Wallace, Idaho, are at the Hotel.

The bodies of Munn Davis and J. L. Stearns, prospectors recently murdered by a crazy Indian near Rioville, on the Colorado River, will arrive tonight for interment at National City.

The fair of the Roman Catholic Church was opened successfully at Hawkins Hall last night. Maj. Sweeney is president of the fair.

A resolution has been passed by the Aldermen ordering the payment of the taxes due the Linda Vista irrigation district.

Blacksmith Herbert Gray narrowly escaped death yesterday by a kick on the side of the head from a fractious horse.

The Aldermen have adopted a resolution for the procuring of a \$3000 chemical fire engine for Florence Heights.

The wedding of Miss Betty Moser and Frank N. Yike will take place at the home of the bride's parents tonight.

The appropriation of \$50,000 by the Assembly for a Normal School here causes general satisfaction.

The annual masquerade ball of the Sons of Hermann occurred at Naval Reserve Hall last night.

Gus Anderson, aged 35, a Hotel Bremer waiter, died at St. Joseph's Hospital on Tuesday.

Mexican swindlers are selling worthless cigars at \$6 for 250.

CORONADO BEACH.

CORONADO BEACH, February 17.—[Regular Correspondence.]

On both sides of the bay is all agog today over the Coronado library ball at the Hotel del Coronado tonight. The decorations are splendid, and the orchestra of seventy-five pieces.

Residents of Montecito are circulating a petition to the Southern Pacific for the appointment of an agent and the construction of siding at that point.

The Southern Pacific Company is improving its service to the coast.

Rev. and Mrs. Alexander Grant are in Los Angeles.

Jose Mascarell of Los Angeles has sold to Max Goldschmidt of the city the Hotel Mascarell property of this city. The deed was filed today.

CHECK YOUR BAGGAGE.

The Los Angeles Transit Company will call at your hotel or residence and check your baggage at any point. Tel. main 549. Main office, No. 215 West First street.

ORANGE COUNTY.

YOUNG MOTT'S MARRIAGE MAY CAUSE HIM TROUBLE.

Death of Tom Raymond the Owner of Klamath-Five Lusty Vagabonds Dine on Chicken and Go to Jail-Brief Notes of News.

SANTA ANA, Feb. 17.—[Regular Correspondence.] If the report made in Los Angeles in reference to the age of Stephen D. Mott, the young man who figures in an elopement and subsequent marriage a few days ago, prove true, it is likely that the love-lorn youth's trouble has only just begun.

Mr. Mott took oath before the County Clerk that he was 21 years of age, and as his appearance did not belie this statement, the clerk did not hesitate in giving him the document he so much coveted. It transpires now that the clerk was wrong. The young man says he is only 19 years old. County Clerk Brock was out of the city today and consequently could not be seen in reference to the matter, but it was the opinion of the chief deputy that the matter will not rest where it is now if it be ascertained that the young man is really under age.

TOM RAYMOND DEAD.

The news of Tom Raymond's death was received in Santa Ana at an early hour Wednesday morning from Los Angeles, and in a few moments it spread to his many friends all over the city. Mr. Raymond had gone to Los Angeles about a week ago for treatment. For the past several months, in fact, ever since the death of his wife, in the East, he has been gradually growing weaker. His remains will be laid to rest in the cemetery in this city, Messrs. C. C. Parker and "Gibb" Judd having gone to Los Angeles on the first train this morning to arrange for the funeral services, which will be held on Friday at 2 p.m. Mrs. Raymond was buried in the Santa Ana Cemetery about a month ago.

CAUSE FOR COMPLAINT.

There seems to be just cause for complaint for the manner in which the tramps are treated by some of the outlying justices of the peace in different portions of the country. The tramps are arrested and taken before the local justices on the charge of vagrancy, and are given five days in the County Jail. In most instances this is just what the hobos want, and as soon as his short term expires, he goes on to the next town where the same dose is repeated. These short sentences are no punishment for the tramps, and they each cost the county from \$5 to \$8 every time they are sent up. Not infrequently they are brought up a second time by the same officers and given brief sentences. The present system that seems to have been adopted by some of the justices simply furnishes comfortable lodging for the weary vagabonds while they are tramping around over the country, and the county pays the expense.

THIRTY DAYS AT HARD LABOR.

Thirty days at hard labor was the verdict of Justice of the Peace Huntington this afternoon in the examination of five large, lusty vagabonds who were arrested by Marshal Curtice and brought down from the creek bed, near the Santa Fé Railroad, where they had been eating neighbors' chickens and drinking wine, until the residents of the community came to town to have them arrested. The whole gang had only just arrived from the State Prison, and they immediately proceeded to the jail without giving them much time to talk back to the Judge. All five of the fellows are over six feet in height, and their weight will range from 175 to 225 pounds. They gave the names of William Higgins, James Marsh, John Martin, Tom McPherson and John Mitchell.

ORANGE COUNTY BREVITIES.

Lorenza D. Gowan, the old gentleman at Tustin who had the misfortune to break one of his legs Tuesday, is rapidly recovering from his injury, notwithstanding his extreme age. Although 73 years old, Mr. Gowan had just chopped down a large tree before the accident befell him. As the tree fell he bounded to one side, striking the old gentleman on the leg before he could get away.

Judgment was rendered Wednesday by Justice of the Peace Huntington in the case of Susan Mellie Finley vs. J. A. McGuirk, executor of the estate of Malvina McGuirk, deceased. The court ruled that the plaintiff was entitled to the amount was allowed for bills that had been paid by the plaintiff for Mrs. McGuirk, and the care of her during her illness.

According to the present schedule of trains from Tustin the residents of that ballfield cannot get a letter to Los Angeles and return inside of three days. This condition of affairs is anything but pleasant to the business men, and they are beginning to make a roar that will probably be heard at the head of the postal department before it stops.

Corias Aguilar, the San Salvadorian who is charged with assault with a deadly weapon upon Fred Franke, with intent to commit murder, has been bound over to the Superior Court in the sum of \$100.

S. H. Finley of Santa Ana has gone on the desert in the capacity of engineer for a large mining company. His absence from the city has necessitated the appointment of a deputy city engineer.

August Berkman, aged 25 years, of Orange, died Tuesday of this week of typhoid fever. Funeral services will be held at the German church in Orange Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Jesus Aguilar has petitioned the Superior Court for letters of administration in the estate of Antonio G. Aguilar, deceased. The property consists of two lots in Castaneda valued at \$1400.

It is rumored that the Puente Ole Company will put in a pipe line from its wells back of Fullerton to the site of the new sugar factory at Alhambra.

The Midwinter Times, 48 pages and colored cover, 18 illustrations; full of interesting matter. For sale by local agents; price, 10 cents.

Emma Huntington vs. I. R. Brunn, an action to quiet title on six lots in the Spoerl tract, Anaheim, has been filed with the County Clerk.

Capt. S. W. Smith has returned to Santa Ana from a prospecting trip to Randaburg.

RIALTO.
RIALTO, Feb. 17.—[Regular Correspondence.] After talking for two or three years of turning the great Rialto tract into a canyone bed, work was begun this (Wednesday) morning, paying 2500 acres for planting canyons. This is the direct outcome of the recent sale of the land to a British syndicate.

TEA, COFFEE

...AND... SPICE BUYERS

GIVEN FREE THIS WEEK

EXTRA BIG PRESENTS!

WITH EACH 50c Purchase TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES WITH EACH \$1.00 Purchase TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES

FREE Any of the following Articles.

FREE Any of the following Articles.

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 3 Plates, Decorated. | 3 Dinner Plates. |
| 1 White Cups and Saucers. | 1 Majolica Cuspidor. |
| 1 Plate Set, Decorated. | 2 Napkin Rings. |
| 1 Oyster Bowl, Decorated. | 1 Rose Bowl, Fancy. |
| 1 Ice Cream Set. | 1 Cake Plate, Fancy. |
| 1 Pitcher, Majolica. | 1 Cake Stand, on Foot. |
| 1 Berry Dish. | 1 Butter Dish, Large. |
| 1 Butter Dish. | 1 Fruit Bowl, on Foot. |
| 1 Oatmeal Set. | 1 Candy or Nut Dish. |
| 1 Cake Plate, Fancy. | 6 Table Tumblers. |
| 1 Sugar Pitcher, Fancy. | 1 Celery Stand. |
| 1 Bohemian Flower Holder. | 1 Pair Bouquet Holders, Fancy. |
| 1 China Preserve Dish. | 1 Bohemian Fern Vase. |
| 1 Fancy Cup and Saucer. | 2 Fruit Plates, Fancy. |
| 3 Wine Glasses. | 6 Egg Cups, Fancy. |
| 3 Table Forks. | 1 Oat Meal Set, Fancy. |
| 1 Yellow Mixing Bowl. | 1 Sugar and Cream Set, Fancy. |
| 2 Fancy Mugs. | 1 Fancy Shaving Mug. |
| 1 Colored Vase. | 1 Milk Pitcher, Decorated. |
| 3 Table Knives. | 3 Cups and Saucers, Decorated. |
| 1 Yellow Baking Dish. | 1 Child's Cake Set. |
| 1 Sugar Bowl. | 1 Breakfast Plates. |
| 3 Table Tumblers. | 1 Salad Bowl, Footed. |
| 1 Rose Bowl. | 1 Water Pitcher. |
| 1 Preserve Bowl. | 1 Fancy Cup, Saucer and Plate. |
| 3 Egg Cups. | 1 Rebecca Tea Pot. |
| 1 Table Fork. | 1 Salad Bowl, Fancy. |
| 2 Water Goblets. | 1 Sugar Bowl. |
| 3 Sauce Dishes. | 5 Dessert Dishes. |
| 1 Tea Cup, Decorated. | 1 Berry Set. |
| 1 Coffee Cup, Decorated. | 1 Sugar Sifter. |
| 1 Pudding Pan. | 1 Pudding Set, 2 Pieces. |
| 1 Covered Saucepan. | 1 Fancy Cup and Saucer. |
| 1 Frying Pan. | 1 Salad Bowl, Square. |
| 1 Flour Sifter. | 6 Table Knives. |
| 1 Roast Pan. | 6 Table Forks. |
| 1 Dairy Pan. | 1 Chamber Pail. |
| 1 Bread Pan. | |
| 1 Cuspidor. | |
| 1 Wash Basin, Large. | |
| 1 Coffee Pot. | |

TEAS—20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c per pound.

COFFEES—15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c per pound.

SPICES—10c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 40c per can.

Our Aim Is to Give

Our Customers . . . Best Quality,

Lowest Prices,

Handsome Presents.

OPERATING

100 STORES

Enables Us to Treat Our Customers

With Extra Liberality.

GREAT AMERICAN IMPORTING TEA CO.

MONEY SAVING STORES.

135 N. MAIN ST. - Los Angeles - - - 351 S. SPRING ST.

PASADENA - - - 34 N. Fair Oaks Ave. REDLANDS - - - 18 E. State St.
RIVERSIDE - - - 931 Main St. SANTA BARBARA - - - 225 E. State St.
SANTA ANA - - - 311 E. Fourth St. POMONA - - - Cor. Second and Gordon Sts.
SAN BERNARDINO - - - 41 Third St.

Colt's

Better than

lard. Cheaper

than butter.

Two-thirds as much will do

the work of either.

Genuine Coltonene is sold everywhere with trade marks "Coltonene" and

steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin.

A hand-colored illustrated Kitchen Calendar of unique design, for 1897, containing Three

Hundred and Sixty-five Selected Recipes by the best known chefs and expert writers on

cooking. Will be sent on receipt of this advertisement and six cents in stamps.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

DR. LIEBIG & CO.

The old reliable, never-failing Specialist, established

in 1840, in the city of Los Angeles, California, has

123 South Main Street.

Trall private diseases of Men

Not a Dollar Need Be Paid Until Cured

CATARH a specialty. We cure the worst cases in two

to three months.

Discharges of years' standing cured promptly. Wasting

drains of all kinds in man or woman speedily stopped.

Examination, including Analysis, Free

No matter what your trouble is, nor who has failed, come and see us. We will not

regret it. In Nature's laboratory there is a remedy for every disease. We have it

only for you. Come and get it. The poor treated free on Fridays from 10 to 12

123 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

CITY BRIEFS.

A convention to organize an Anti-Saloon League, Southern Christian, auxiliary to the American Anti-Saloon League, will meet in Temperance Temple, Monday, February 22, at 1:30 p.m. Addresses by Rev. W. W. Thurston, stock list, Pasadena, and Warren F. Day, D.D. Short speeches by prominent business men. All interested in temperance reform are invited.

Attend auction sale today: 433 South Spring; Fine millinery goods; 10 and 2 p.m. Mrs. F. W. Thurston; stock list, Pasadena, and Warren F. Day, D.D. Short speeches by prominent business men. All interested in temperance reform are invited.

Dr. Cowles removed to Wilcox Block. X rays at Y.M.C.A., tonight; 25 cents. Van Storage Co. Tel. Main 1140.

The preliminary examination of Peck Tia for assault to kill was set yesterday by Justice Morrison for February 24.

Wong Gong was fined \$10 yesterday by Justice Morrison for selling Chinese lottery tickets. He paid the fine promptly.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph Office for Lee Stanchfield, L. G. Gross, W. C. Shattuck, W. A. Washer, Samuel Beach and Rosa Garcia.

There will be a called meeting of the News and Workingmen's Home Society, at the home of the president, Mrs. E. C. Bosty, 1125 Ingraham street, at 1 p.m. today.

Gus Johnson, a hack employé, applied at the Receiving Hospital for treatment last night. He had been kicked on the shin by a horse, but no bones were broken, though the flesh was much discolored and slightly lacerated. He was later removed to his home.

PERSONALS.

F. L. Goodwin of Kansas City is staying at the Nadeau.

J. J. Pfister of San Francisco is registered at the Hollenbeck.

H. O. Wilbur and family of Philadelphia are at the Hollenbeck.

J. W. Abbott and wife of Westford, Mass., are at the Hollenbeck.

D. P. Hale, a real estate dealer of San Diego, is staying at the Hollenbeck.

L. H. Toftree, a well-known hotel man of Colorado, is staying at the Nadeau.

O. H. Harrison, from the City of Mexico, is registered at the Westminster.

J. Eppinger, a wheat broker of San Francisco, is registered at the Van Nuys.

George A. Lawrence, a leading lawyer of Galesburg, Ill., is staying at the Westminster.

A. T. Lipman, a wealthy business man of San Francisco, is registered at the Hollenbeck.

Alex Sharp, U.S.A., and wife, and Miss Sharp of Duluth are among the arrivals at the Lillie.

Mrs. C. A. Keeler and daughter and Mrs. Julian A. Keeler of Denver are guests at the Hollenbeck.

John Denair, superintendent at the Needles of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, has arrived in this city.

Don A. Sweet, general passenger agent of the Atlantic and Pacific road at Albuquerque, is now in Los Angeles.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Harrison, W. T. Harrison, Jr., with nurse and infant, from Schenectady, N. Y., are staying at the Van Nuys.

W. M. House of St. Louis, the president of the Globe-Democrat Publishing Company, with his wife and child, are staying at the Van Nuys.

Stephen C. Miller, one of the leading lawyers of Birmingham, N. Y., with his wife and Mr. and Mrs. Norman B. Millard are registered at the Westminster.

J. A. Munro of Omaha, one of the guiding spirits of the Union Pacific, with Mrs. Munro, Miss Munroe and Mr. and Mrs. K. M. Schumacher of San Francisco, are at the Nadeau.

A DEAD HORSE.

Ornaments a Spring-Struck Sidewalk for Six Hours.

Many a wrathful were the inquiries yesterday for the Health Officer, the garbage contractor, or any other official whose business it is to remove the dead horse from the city streets, for the busy corner of Fourth and Spring streets was blocked with the carcass of a dead horse for fully six hours of the day.

About 10 a.m. a body of horse, attached to a farm wagon broke loose from a hitching post at the corner of Fourth and Main streets and dashed wildly up Fourth towards Spring, scattering pedestrians and narrowly missing other vehicles. At the corner of Fourth and Spring the maddened horse crashed into a telephone pole. One of the poor beasts escaped with comparatively slight injury, but the other was fearfully mangled and the nearest policeman was asked to end its sufferings. He put a couple of shots into its head and that ended the matter so far as he was concerned. The crowd was dispersed and the dead horse remained on the sidewalk in a pool of blood.

Passers-by averted their faces in horror and disgust when the sickening spectacle was forced upon them, and indignant citizens protested hotly against the outrageous neglect which allowed the great mass of bloody flesh to lie there, directly in the path of travel, until after 4 p.m., when it was finally removed.

Death of Mrs. A. M. Seitz.

The death of Mrs. Annie M. Seitz occurred at her residence on South Hill street Tuesday morning. Mrs. Seitz was apparently perfectly well until early on Tuesday morning, when she was seized with a severe attack of indigestion. Her niece, Mrs. L. C. Black, left the room for a moment, and upon her return found her aunt had breathed her last.

The Fleeta Races.

Preparations are going briskly forward for the races among leading Los Angeles business men that are to serve as an introduction to the gayeties of La Fleeta. T. T. Williams, president of the Pacific Jockey Club, has donated the use of the Agricultural Park race track and stables for the benefit of the carnival. The list of sports will include every variety from foot races to four-in-hand tally-hos.

IDEAL CHAMPAGNE.

With due deference to the well-known fashionable proclivities of California champagne consumers, Messrs. Most & Chandon, who, as is well known, are the largest vineyard owners in the Champagne, have concluded to ship henceforth their renowned "White Seal Grande Cuvée" to this coast. This brand is celebrated as a great favorite among the select circles in London and other large cities in Europe, it being a clean and deliciously dry wine, and the "White Seal Grande Cuvée" is also bound to enjoy popularity here with people of a discriminating palate.

DELIGHTFUL TRIP FOR TOURISTS.

Around the Kite-shaped track. Tickets permit stop-overs at pleasure. Observation buffet car leaves Los Angeles 8 a.m., Pasadena 8:27 a.m., returning at 6:05 p.m. Stops are made at Redlands and Riverside for sight-seeing. Round trip, \$4.10. Descriptive pamphlets at Santa Fe ticket offices.

TO REACH RANDSBERG GOLD FIELDS Take Santa Fe route. Shortest stage trip. Leave Los Angeles 10:15 a.m., arrive Randsburg 9:30 p.m. Through tickets, \$6.75.

HOME FOR BOYS.

A notable and most praiseworthy charity has just been organized in connection with the Good Samaritan Mission by Dr. Yocum, Mrs. H. A. Ledlie, Rev. William C. Stevens and the members of the Christian Alliance congregation. It is a faith home for worthy homeless boys who have been making their headquarters at the Good Samaritan Mission. Many of them have employment at small wages, but have no home save that at the mission. Dr. Yocum and the Christian Alliance people now propose to establish a separate home for the boys, send all those to school who are not employed, see to their spiritual and temporal welfare generally, and establish a permanent abiding place where good influence will be thrown around them.

Quite a collection was taken up at the meeting of the Christian Alliance yesterday for the purpose, and twenty-two worthy boys are already enrolled upon the list. It is to be a faith home in every sense of the word, and should be gladly sustained by the charitable citizens of Los Angeles regardless of denomination. Capt. Frazier of the mission and all connected with it are heart and soul in the work, and great results for good can be looked for in rescuing and encouraging boys from discouragement and downward influences and in starting them out eventually in life to rescue others. For the present the boys will remain at the mission until a suitable building can be found and other arrangements made. In the mean time the boys now employed by the mission day schools, while those employed will go to night school.

TWO THIEVES CAPTURED.

Boyle Heights Furnishes Two Inmates for the City Jail.

Officers Arguello and Woodworth had been warned by Chief Kelly to look out for thieves in the direction of their beats, and yesterday morning, on Boyle avenue, about six o'clock Arguello and Woodworth, and looked them for petty larceny.

Arguello was on his last round when he saw these two men in a wagon. They stopped and got out, and the officer saw one of them lean a shotgun against the side of a house, and then turned back to the rear of the yard. The other man was in front, and as Arguello approached, he drew a gun. The officer promptly covered him, and the man dropped the gun. Arguello handcuffed him. As the second man emerged, he also was secured, and both were taken to the Police Station, and charged with the theft of some farming implements. At the station they gave the names of Ed Martin and Robert Diamond, and were booked on a charge of petty larceny.

A RECKLESS YOUTH.

A Small Boy Who Had His Own Idea of Fun.

Willie Melville, who lives on Birch street, is a small boy who enjoys life and likes to make it pleasant for everybody. Lately, however, he has been possessed of some 25-caliber cartridges, and a wild desire to arouse the neighborhood. Not having a gun Willie decided to put the cartridges on a gun. He took them to the rear of his yard, and from his place of concealment chucked in his innocent glee as the first cartridge went off with a report like a cannon.

When all grew quiet again, little Willie crept forth to repeat the experiment when Detective Goodman placed a fatherly hand upon him and halted him up to the station, where Willie found himself charged with malicious mischief. After spending an hour in the jail Willie was allowed to go.

Declined to Move Out.

J. T. Sipes, the Merchant-street hotel-keeper, who forcibly ejected an old man named Fuller from his premises was arrested yesterday at 1 o'clock by Officer Richardson on a warrant sworn to by Fuller.

Sipes runs a lodging-house on Merchant street, and says Fuller moved a lot of goods in during the absence of the proprietor, and later refused to move them out. Not being able to remove the goods, Sipes thought at least that he would remove the owner; hence the ejection.

Fuller was not satisfied with the manner in which the affair was done, he having received sundry bruises during his exit, and swore out a warrant for battery.

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SUNDAY SCHOOL WORK.

International Field Worker Coming to Southern California. The officers of the Southern California Sunday-school association have perfected arrangements with the International Executive Committee for a tour of Southern California by Prof. H. M. Hamill, who will visit the following counties, holding institutes in each, viz.: San Bernardino, Riverside, Orange, San Diego, Los Angeles, Ventura, Santa Barbara, and Kern. Prof. Hamill will spend about ten days or two weeks in Southern California, beginning probably March 17 next at San Bernardino, and at the close of his work in the counties named will proceed to the northern part of the State.

Licensed to Wed.

A. Milton Garriott, aged 24, and C. Edith Luck, aged 21, both natives of Indiana and residents of Pomona. Thomas R. Manning, a native of Arkansas, aged 38, and Katie Dauer, a native of Illinois, aged 21, both residents of Downey. E. L. Haney, a native of Pennsylvania, aged 28, and Louise B. Harris, a native of Iowa, aged 22, both residents of Pasadena. John Calvin Bentz, a native of New York, aged 29, and Louise B. Harris, a native of Alabama, aged 21, both residents of Pasadena. Willard C. Lusk, a native of Illinois, aged 27, and Alma V. Davies, a native of New York, and a resident of Claremont, aged 27. Charles W. Canby, a native of Georgia, aged 25, and Frances del Valle, a native of California, aged 23, both residents of Los Angeles.

Richard C. Canby, a native of Nebraska, aged 28, and Barbara Frick, a native of Indiana, aged 21, both residents of Los Angeles. William Wilson Sands, a native of California, aged 29, and Bessie Kelly, a native of Nevada, aged 23, both residents of Los Angeles.

Louis N. Meyer, a native of Ohio and a resident of Los Angeles, aged 23, and Rena Bamberger, a native of California and a resident of Riverside, aged 18.

BIRTH RECORD.

HAMBER—On 16th inst., to the wife of Claude S. F. Hamber of Boyle Heights, a son.

DEATH RECORD.

LLOYD—In this city, February 16, John H. Lloyd, aged 24 years. Funeral Thursday, February 18, 2 o'clock, from his brother's residence, No. 648 West Sixteenth street. Interment at Roseale Cemetery. Friends invited.

SEITZ—At her late home, No. 1011 South Hill street, Mrs. Annie M. Seitz, aged 73 years, beloved aunt of Mrs. Lizzie C. Black. Funeral from residence, No. 1011 South Hill street, Thursday, February 18, 1897, at 2 o'clock. Burial at the cemetery of the Caledonian Society of this city.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

Members of Court Los Angeles No. 422, I.O.F., are hereby ordered to report at I.O.F. Temple, No. 1294 West First street, Thursday, February 18, 1897, to attend the funeral of our late brother, John H. Lloyd. By order of R. E. WIRSCHING, C. R. O. H. NUNALEY, R. Sec.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE TO RANDSBERG. On the Southern Pacific. Leave Arcade Depot 11 a.m., through without stop, arrive Randsburg same day. Leave 8:50 p.m., through without stop. Through ticket, \$6.75.

Another BIG CUT Before I Go to Randsburg. Today's Phenomenal Bargains WILL BE—The Best Coin Silver Plated No. 12 Dinner Knives or Forks, at a Special Price of set, 65c. Usual price \$1.50 set.

The Balance of Our Silver-Plated Ware: Cake Baskets, Berry Dishes, Trays or Waiters, Pickle Castors, Table Castors, Sugar Bowls, Spoon Holders, Cream Pitchers.

All quadruple silver, plate and gold lined, worth from \$2.75 to \$7.50; will be cleaned out.

Today at \$1.00. Nerves just as surely come from the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla as does the cure of scrofula, salt rheum, or other so-called blood diseases. This is simply because the blood affects the condition of all the bones, muscles and tissues. If it is impure it cannot properly sustain these parts. If made pure, rich, red and vitalized by Hood's Sarsaparilla, it carries the blood instead of disease, and repairs the worn, nervous system as nothing else can do. Thus nervous prostration, hysteria, neuralgia, heart palpitation, are cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla. Because it is the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion, etc.

TODAY'S THE DAY Tomorrow's Another. Today you can get the Towels at 4c and..... 7c The Outing Flannel..... 5c The Serge..... 21c

Greatest values you ever saw, nothing like them. Come early though.

N. Strauss & Co., The New Dry Goods Store, 425-427 S. Spring Street. Bet. 4th and 5th Streets.

THEY ARRIVE. Daily and are being opened and placed on sale as fast as they come. New Millinery. Novelties right from where all swell millinery things are made. No display we have ever made can compare with this. The wonderful new colors, the dainty shapes and beautiful flowers and ornaments and ribbons are beckoning you to come.

MARVEL Cut Rate MILLINERY CO., 241-243 S. Broadway, Double Store.

"Cleaning Up" Linens and other goods

The largest selling is one of the wonders of the store. The great sale of Crystal Ware is also one of the features of the day. The great offerings in Men's Shoes at \$3.45 a pair are without a doubt wonderful bargains. If only the men would read advertising how much better off they would be.

For our new department. Ladies' Serge finished coats with military collar, regular \$5.00 kind; Cleaning them up at..... \$1.69

Ladies' Serge and fancy Check Rain Coats with military cape, worth \$3.25; Cleaning Up at..... \$1.95

Ladies' Navy Serge Rain Coats made with navy and black Serge finished goods, double texture, single and double, worth \$3.00; Cleaning Up at..... \$2.50

Ladies' Rain Coats made of navy and black Serge finished goods, double texture, single and double, worth \$3.00; Cleaning Up at..... \$3.95

Ladies' Rain Coats, gray and tan Serge, single detachable collar, velvet, real \$7.50 garment; Cleaning Up at..... \$4.95

Ladies' Tan Rain Coats, serge finish, detachable cape and velvet finish collar; \$6.00 kind for \$3.00; Cleaning Up at..... \$5.95

Watch for our new department. Ladies' Underwear. Silk Vests in pink, blue, black cream and lavender, fine Swiss ribbed, fancy shoulder, regular \$2.00; Cleaning Up at..... 35c

Ladies' Rubber Union Suits, medium weight for spring wear, fleeced and well shaped, natural gray, worth \$1.00; Cleaning Up at..... 59c

Children's Swiss Ribbed Union Suits in ecru, warm and heavily fleeced, well shaped and worth \$1.00; Cleaning Up at..... 35c

Watch for our new department. Stationery. 1 dozen good, medium envelopes, worth 10c; Cleaning Up at..... 5c

1 dozen good, medium envelopes, worth 10c; Cleaning Up at..... 10c

1 package containing a full pound of ruled note paper, worth 10c; Cleaning Up at..... 10c

1 box 24 sheets note paper and 24 envelopes, worth 10c; Cleaning Up at..... 5c

Lead pencil sharpeners, capable of sharpening all kinds of pencils, worth 5c; Cleaning Up at..... 5c

Watch for our new department. Lace Curtains. 37 yards long, 36 inches wide, handsome design, worth \$2.00; Cleaning Up at..... 49c

LACE CURTAINS—38x3 yards long, extra wide border, lead rich effect, worth every cent of \$1; for this sale, pair, 59c

LACE CURTAINS—40 inches wide, 3 yards long, scroll pattern and worth \$1.25; for this sale, pair, 69c

LACE CURTAINS—40 inches by 3 yards long, wide border, set pattern, extra quality, well bound and excellent value at \$1.25; this sale, pair, 79c

Watch for our new department. Crystal Ware Sale. 10 Bells Good Fine Polished Water Tumblers, bought very low, below market price; only 1 doz. to a customer, set, 29c

Crystal Table Sets, 4 pieces, pretty pressed designs, worth at least 40c; only 1 set to a customer, set, 23c

X Ray Crystal Water Pitcher, 14-gallon size, worth \$1.00; Cleaning Up at..... 15c

Crystal Ice Cream or Berry Sauces, 4-in. size, set of 6..... 10c

Blown Crystal Finger Bowls, very thing like new, handsomely engraved, set of 6..... \$1.48

Plain polished Crystal, Celery Stands, 8-inch tall, worth 50c; During the sale, set of 6..... 10c

Colored and gold enamel Syrup Jugs, nickel spring top, worth 25c; During the sale, set of 6..... 25c

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IN OUR HAIRDRESSING DEPARTMENT

We will sell as a special inducement genuine Ideal Hair Brushes for..... 85c

Watch for our new department. A Drive in Silks. 10 pieces of heavy Black Taffeta Silks with two-toned stripes, 20 inches wide and extra long, worth \$1.00; Cleaning Up price..... 59c

1000 yards of Black Brocade Satin in 2 very handsome scroll patterns, just received and bought to sell at \$1 a yard; special for today at..... 79c

Watch for our new department. Black Dress Goods. 10-inch Black Gros Grain Sicilian with elegant luster, also 38-inch Storm Serge with dust proof finish, regular \$2.00 quality; for today..... 35c

23 pieces of All-wool Black Mohair and Silk Novelties, in handsome designs and good value at 75c a yard; final Cleaning Up price..... 59c

Watch for our new department. Colored Dress Goods. 50 pieces of All-wool Mixed Serges, Jamestown Fancy Checks and two-toned Novelty Suiting, every yard worth 50c; final Cleaning Up price..... 35c

25 pieces of All-wool Scotch Mixtures, in all the new shades, and All-wool diamond cut Checks others say cheap at 60c a yard; Cleaning Up price..... 45c

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